"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Unsettled, probably showers, rising temperature to-day; unsettled to-morrow.
For full weather report see Page 13.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,478. * * * * * NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, MAY 24, 1911.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Elsewhere, Jersey City, and Newark. TWO CENTS.

GAYNOR CALLED INTERBOROUGH ALLY

Sent Envoy to Him Proposing Compromise on Subways, Asserts B. R. T. Head.

HIS WHOLE COURSE ATTACKED

Col. Williams Says He Rejected Division Proposal in Plain Language—No Like Suggestion to McAneny.

Col. T. S. Williams, President of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, replying to an inquiry by William G. Morrissey, President of the Brooklyn Board of Real Estate Brokers, sent to Mr. Morrissey yesterday a letter declaring that Kingsley Martin, Mayor Gaynor's Bridge Commissioner, on behalf of the Mayor, had approached him on the matter of compromising the B. R. T. and Interborough subway offers. This proposed compromise, Col. Williams said, had, according to the information he received from Mr. Martin, been prepared after conferences the Mayor had with officials of the Interborough Company.

Col. Williams's letter follows:

BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY.
May 23, 1911.

William G. Morrissey, Esq., President Brooklyn Board of Real Estate Brokers.

Dear Sir—I have your inquiry, based upon recent newspaper reports of a compromise in the Subway situation, as to what I meant in my remarks at the Academy of Music meeting last week when I stated that the talk of compromise seemed to emanate from "the branch office of the Interborough Company further up Broadway" and located the source of such compromise rumors in the City Hall Park.

I have no hesitation in replying frankly that in this reference I had in mind Mayor Gaynor.

I had been visited that day, (or the preceeding day,) by a gentleman, who told me that I could speak to him as if he were the Mayor, and who brought to me a plan of division of Subway territory, which had been prepared after conference with the Mayor and the officials of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company. For the gentleman who brought this proposed compromise I have the highest respect. He is the Mayor's Commissioner of Bridges, and in ability, sound judgment, and integrity, I know of no public official who is his superior. We constantly have official relations with him and I have not the slightest doubt of the sincerity of his motives in assisting the Mayor in transit matters, but I told him frankly that we could not consider the subject of compromise. We had worked out with the city officials a plan which we believed to be best for the city's interests, and, even though some other plan might give us more immediate financial return, we could not in justice to ourselves or to the city consent to any belittling of that plan by way of compromise. I told him further that although I had no doubt of his motives and sincerity, I did believe that the talk of compromise was put forth with the idea of injecting delay and confusion into the situation and that we would not be a party to it.

I do not mind saying to you that from the time last Spring when the Mayor took the subway matter out of the hands of the Public Service Commission and began negotiations directly with Mr. Shonts leading up to the offer of Mr. Shonts to the Mayor on July 5, 1910, the Mayor has constantly and consistently advocated conditions of rapid transit development which were consistent with no proposal before the city authorities or suggested to them except the proposal of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company in the shape in which it may have stood from time to time. In his minority report to the Board of Estimate dated Jan. 11 last he submitted arguments, which if they had prevailed, would have allowed no solution except the adoption of the Interborough offer of Dec. 5, 1910. This proposal is now regarded as so unfair to the city and so impossible of adoption by the city that it has been deemed wise by the company itself to enlarge it, although not changing its essentially wrong features.

The Mayor opposed the McAdoo proposal as a competitive system with the Interborough and is opposing the Brooklyn Rapid Transit proposal.

I dislike to speak of these matters, but inasmuch as the Brooklyn Rapid Transit proposal in its present shape realizes, far beyond any apparent possibility three months ago, the Mayor's expressed hope of a unified city transportation system, I must believe that his present attitude is based upon insufficient information and knowledge of our proposal. Otherwise, he would not be urging a compromise which, more than anything else that has been suggested, makes impossible of realization a one-fare city system and establishes for an indefinite period in the future a two-fare system.

I am conscious in making these statements to you, (which you are at liberty to use if you desire,) that I am subjecting the corporation which I represent to the possible hostility of the Mayor, not only in the immediate matter now pending before the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, but in other matters which may affect the relations of the city toward the company. But we have started out in this campaign in a frank, open way. We have conducted our negotiations in the same spirit, and we have sought to accomplish our purpose only by a direct plea to the intelligence and fairness of the public, and, to the extent that the Mayor or any other official seeks to prevent the adoption of what we believe all fair-minded and disinterested men will unhesitatingly assert is the best transportation plan now before the public, we feel compelled by the same spirit of frankness to point out the source and the dangers of compromise suggestions which can only mean delay and confusion.

We welcome open argument and criticism, but in justice to ourselves and to the hundreds of thousands of people whose hopes of transit relief have been raised by our proposal, we feel that all suggestions tending to influence the result should be made in the daylight of public discussion, so that the people, as well as their representative officials, may be able to pass intelligent judgment upon the question.

We cannot and will not put ourselves before the public as advocating openly a comprehensive plan of transportation relief and at the same time be negotiating privately for the adoption of a lesser and more selfish plan. Very truly yours,

T. S. WILLIAMS, President.

At the Bar Association last night, the city's transit conferees met with Col. Williams and Walter G. Oakman of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit to discuss various points regarding that company's offer. Mr. McAneny came out of the conference room and, after reading Col. Williams's letter, said that no such compromise proposal had been made directly or indirectly to his committeee; also, that no member of the joint conference had made suggestions looking to that end. The session lasted until a late hour. Mr. McAneny would not say whether or not the Brooklyn Rapid Transit officials would be called in again.

To-day the city's conferrees will meet with the Interborough representatives, and as matters stood last night, no certain prediction is possible, as to when the report of Mr. McAneny's committee will be made to the Board of Estimate.

Try a high ball with Antediluvian Whiskey. It pleases many thousands of good judges of whiskey. Luyties Brothers, N. Y. —Adv.

ENJOYS TAXICAB STRIKE.

Paris Likes the Absence of Dust, Smoke, and Street Danger.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 23.—Paris to-day experienced a return to the conditions of several years ago, before automobiles came into general use.

Owing to the increase in the octroi duty on petrol, the taxicab drivers went on strike for twenty-four hours, hoping that the lack of quick transportation would cause public opinion to turn in favor of their cause.

The result of the experiment, however, was quite the reverse, as the old-fashioned horse-drawn cabs proved quite sufficient, and the absence of dust, smoke, and road-crossing dangers so pleased the public that to-night it was generally acknowledged that Paris could easily do without the modern noisy conveyances. Business went on as usual without noticeable delay.

In order to spite the professional drivers some youthful sportsmen stationed themselves outside the big hotels and placed their own automobiles and services at the disposal of foreigners. Several parties of Americans thus drove about all day without knowing that their chauffeurs were well-known members of the Automobile Club.

The taxicabs will resume to-morrow.

FELL FROM ELEVATED TRAIN

But Boy of 3 Landed Safe on Boardwalk Between two Island Stations.

Women in a southbound Sixth Avenue elevated train, which pulled into the 125th Street station about 6:30 o'clock last night, first sat, too frightened to cry out, and then screamed in horror, as they saw a small boy topple out of an open window from one of the cross seats. The cries of the other women startled Miss Barbara Kloss of 2,480 Eighth Avenue, who had been so busily engaged in conversation with a woman friend that she had not seen her nephew, 3-year-old Paul Kloss, fall from the window.

When Miss Kloss realized what had happened she became almost frantic with terror. Her cries and those of other women put the car in an uproar. Policeman Trainor of the West Forty-seventh Street station, a passenger, had seen the child fall, and had seen the boy land on the board walk between the island stations of the Sixth and Ninth Avenue trains. Trainor saw the youngster pick himself up and walk toward the station. The policeman swung himself off the train, picked the youngster up, and walked to the station with him, while the passengers, who were crowded at the windows, cheered him.

Miss Kloss wept over the boy when Trainor put him in her arms, but the youngster seemed to be unhurt and was not even frightened. He laughed as women crowded around him, and finally Miss Kloss was persuaded that he had not been injured. The rest of the way downtown, whither she had started to call on friends, Miss Kloss held the youngster in her lap.

FLY TO SAN SEBASTIAN.

Vedrine Arrives First on Second Stage of Paris-Madrid Race.

ANGOULEME, May 23.—Before an animated crowd the Angoulême—San Sebastian stage of the Paris-Madrid aviation race was inaugurated here this morning.

Three of the aviators, Vedrine, Gibert, and Garros, had succeeded in covering the first stage, a distance of 270 miles, by yesterday afternoon. Frey got as far as Etampes, where his machine was damaged in a squall.

Garros left Angoulême at 5:13 this morning and disappeared Southward on his flight to San Sebastian. He was followed six minutes later by Gibert. The constantly thickening haze induced Vedrine to postpone his start, but at 6:55 he soared up to a great height to test the atmosphere, and then, descending, crossed the official line at 7:10.

SAN SEBASTIAN, May 23.—Vedrine arrived here at 10:59 A. M., having successfully covered the second stage of the Paris-to-Madrid flight. He made a superb piane toward the earth, and on landing was enthusiastically acclaimed by a large crowd.

Vedrine said he had not stopped once after leaving Angoulême. He almost met with a catastrophe near the Spanish town of Fuenterrabia, where one of the wings of his machine grazed the peak of a huge rock. Although the plane was slightly bent, Vedrine continued his flight, and reached the Spanish coast without difficulty.

Garros successfully crossed the bay, and arrived here at 11:40 A. M. He was forced to make a stop of two hours near Fuenterrabia for fuel.

Gibert, after leaving Angoulême, lost his way in a fog, and after flying over water for two hours was forced to land at Biarritz to take on fuel. His departure from there was delayed because of a defective magneto, but his motor was repaired and he arrived here at 6:52 P. M.

PARIS, May 23.—A bulletin issued to-night concerning the condition of Premier Monis, who narrowly escaped death at the opening of the Paris to Madrid aviation race on Sunday, when M. Train's monoplane dashed into a group of official spectators, killing M. Berteaux, the Minister of War, announced that his improvement continued and that he had been able to take increased nourishment.

SEAMEN AWAIT STRIKE ORDER

Notices Posted at English Ports—Date for Signal Not Stated.

LONDON, May 23.—Notices were posted to-day at the ports throughout the United Kingdom warning the seamen and firemen to be ready to strike on the receipt of a signal to that effect.

The date on which the signal is to be given is not divulged.

While the representatives in this city of the Sailors and Firemen's Union of Great Britain said yesterday that the order for the threatened world-wide strike of the seamen on British ships is expected any day, the representatives of the transatlantic steamship companies appeared to be very much in doubt as to whether a strike will actually take place. All the companies have received a notification of the strike threat.

John H. Thomas, General Manager of the International Mercantile Marine Company, said he personally did not believe that there would be a strike, but that was only his own opinion. He could conceive no logical reason for a strike.

Matthew Tearle, the American representative of the Sailors and Firemen's Union of Great Britain, reaffirmed his previous statements that the strike order was expected at any time and that the strike would undoubtedly take place unless the Shipping Federation of Great Britain suddenly changed its attitude and granted the demands of the seamen.

Latest Shipping.

Arrived—SS Rotterdam, Rotterdam, May 10.

Aplanstic invisible Bisight eyeglasses for near and distant vision. Spencer's 209 Fulton Eyes. —Adv.

LAURIER AMAZED AT ENGLISH FEARS

At Dinner to Colonial Premiers in London He Declares Canada Will Remain Loyal.

DREAMS OF AN ALLIANCE

"Of All Lands Springing from England's Loins"—Speech of Canadian Premier Makes a Sensation.

LONDON, May 23.—The dinner of the Pilgrims Society to-night in honor of the Colonial Premiers was historic because of unexpected and noteworthy plain speaking by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Premier of Canada.

Sir Wilfrid, addressing an audience composed of many of the great men of England, handled the annexation question without gloves. He began by expressing amazement that during his three days' stay in England he had heard so many persons of standing voicing their doubts concerning the designs of the United States regarding Canada. He scoffed at the idea of the possibility of annexation being seriously considered on either side of the border. He expressed in warm terms his admiration for the people of the United States, but declared that, much as he loved the American people, he loved Great Britain better.

Canada, in sharing the North American continent with the United States, he said, had a double interest in the treaty of arbitration between the United States and the United Kingdom, and he exclaimed, dramatically:

"I thank God that the relations between the two peoples never were so good as they are to-day."

The Dominion Premier aroused enthusiasm when he declared that Canada and the United States proposed to continue to show to the world two nations with the longest boundary extending from ocean to ocean living in peace and mutual respect, without a fortress, a soldier, or a gun on either side of that boundary.

Sir Wilfrid spoke at length on the immigration of Americans into Canada and the apprehensions he had heard expressed that they might threaten the integrity of the Dominion. He said that the majority of them took the oath of allegiance to King George V. It was natural for men coming from a country where they had been raised in the traditions of English institutions to return to allegiance to the British King. They found in Canada the same opportunity and the same freedom under the laws which they had on the other side of the border. Moreover, they found that democracy under the British monarchy was not less than under a republic. He would not say that some Americans did not covet the fair acres of Canada; but they would not be human if they did not.

If the United States attempted to annex Canada, continued the Premier, it would not be by force of arms, but by seduction. In that event Canada would reply as Diogenes did to Alexander: "Stand out of my sun." There was sun enough for both.

The last words of the Canadian Premier were almost drowned in applause. "We believe," he said, "that the day will come of an alliance of all lands springing from England's loins, ensuring the peace of the world forever."

The dinner was in contrast to a similar event on the occasion of a former imperial conference, because that was of purely British imperialistic tone, while Anglo-American relations were almost the sole topic to-night.

Lord Roberts presided and welcomed the Premiers. Lord Halsbury followed him with a warm expression of cordial greeting to the guests. Sir Edward Grey, the Foreign Secretary, proposed "Anglo-American arbitration," without adding anything significant to his former utterances on this subject. He expressed pleasure at the arrival of the draft of the treaty from Washington. The negotiations, he said, would enter the domain of practical politics, and he sincerely hoped that the treaty would be concluded.

Sir Edward declared that the British Government indorsed the Monroe Doctrine. "The United States has said that the United States has no intention of absorbing any existing British possessions," he continued. "There is no conflict of national policy between us and the United States. We have confidence in each other's good will."

Defining the Monroe Doctrine as meaning that no European nation should acquire more territory on the American continent, he added: "Our policy is in full accord with that doctrine."

The American Consul General here, John L. Griffiths, responded. He said it was a matter of gratification and pride to the American people when President Taft struck the highest moral note of his generation, and he recalled with what sense of exaltation they received Sir Edward Grey's reply.

"This is the first time since that historic declaration," said the Consul General, "that the representatives of all the English-speaking countries have been gathered together, forming a sort of informal social Anglo-Saxon Parliament, and have had the opportunity of expressing their complete approval of those memorable words. As a great scientific discovery is sometimes made simultaneously in two different lands, so we find the same lofty moral ambition in two great statesmen dwelling far apart, and the suggestion of the one and the response of the other constitute the appeal of the twentieth century to the conscience of mankind.

"The imagination is profoundly stirred as we try to anticipate the beneficent results which will follow if England and America enter into a covenant of peace, which will govern the mutual relations of more than 500,000,000 people. In the long interval since the clash of arms was heard on the island England has had the opportunity to develop her conceptions of law, order, and power. So she has been able to impress her lofty ideals of government on a larger aggregate of people than any empire in the history of the world."

The speaker ridiculed the suggestion that without periodical strife men became weak. "If the proposed treaty is concluded," he said, "we can see in vision nation after nation animated by the same high purpose."

Among the 300 persons who attended the banquet were Augustin Birrell, Chief Secretary for Ireland; Lord Alverstone, the Lord Chief Justice of England; Lewis Harcourt, Secretary of State for the Colonies; the Dukes of Wellington, Devonshire, and Marlborough, Sir Ernest Shackleton, and Sir Arthur Conan Doyle.

A message was sent to the King and the Secretary of the society, Harry Britain, read the reply, which was as follows:

The King thanks the Pilgrims for their kind congratulations on his approaching coronation. He earnestly hopes that the high ideals which the society have in view may be completely realized. KNOLLYS.

Of the speakers, the Canadian Premier was the most impressive, partly because the subject of his address had previously aroused vast interest here. He was a theatrical figure as, standing with outstretched arm, the ribbon of the British Order of St. Michael and St. George across his breast, he assured the English nobles, covered with bejeweled orders, with eagerly upturned faces, before him, and his seven colleagues, the heads of the greatest British colonies, that he, a British subject of French blood, yielded to none in loyalty to the Crown.

At soda fountains ask for ANGOSTURA BITTERS in your drinks. It makes them delicious.—Adv.

GARIBALDI,

Picturesque soldier of fortune in Mexico, is the grandson of the famous Italian liberator. He talks interestingly of his adventures in

Next Sunday's Times.

NEGRO KILLS JUDGE; MOB LYNCHES HIM

Colored ex-Convict Shoots Colored Cook After Murdering Her Employer.

LAWYERS PLEAD IN VAIN

Attorney General of Tennessee and County Judge Unable to Restrain Mob Bent on Vengeance.

Special to The New York Times.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 23.—Coming to his door in his night clothing to answer the cries for help from his negro cook, Judge David Barry of Gallatin, thirty miles from here, was shot and killed early this morning by a negro ex-convict, known as Jim Sweat, who directly afterward shot and killed the cook. Posses were soon organized at Gallatin composed of the leading citizens of the town, who found the murderer in an old barn, from which they dragged him after four of the besiegers had been wounded.

Silently the enraged whites stamped the negro almost to death in a cornfield, and then strung him to the limb of a tree.

Judge W. L. Cook of the Criminal Court, who is now holding court in Gallatin, adjourned it to go with the Attorney General to prevent mob violence, but their efforts were unavailing. There were no witnesses to the murder of Judge Barry, but the circumstantial evidence was conclusive enough to the citizens to lead them to take the law into their own hands.

Last night Sweat visited the negro cook, Minnie Draper, at Judge Barry's house, and threatened her life after he had renewed an old quarrel.

Judge Barry ordered Sweat from his house, and the woman, fearing the negro, asked permission to spend the night in her employer's home. This permission was granted, and Sweat left the house.

At 4 o'clock this morning, when the cook went to the kitchen, she saw Sweat on the porch with a single-barrel shotgun in his hands. He pointed the gun at the woman, who screamed and ran toward Judge Barry's room. Thereupon Judge Barry, unarmed and in his night clothes, stepped out on the porch, and as he did so Sweat fired at him at close range.

The shot struck Judge Barry in the pit of his stomach, killing him instantly. Sweat then reloaded his gun, and putting it against the cook's chest, fired and she fell dead. After committing the double murder, Sweat walked to the home of his father near by, obtained a Swiss army rifle, and a supply of ammunition, and left without saying a word about the double murder. Thus armed the murderer crossed over some fields and took refuge in a barn not far from the scene of the killing.

News of the murders spread rapidly and posses were at once organized and went in search of Sweat. He was found in the barn, and when the pursuers appeared he opened fire on them, slightly wounding four.

Sweat held the crowd off for more than two hours before he was captured. After it was thought that he had exhausted his ammunition, two Deputy Sheriffs entered the barn and dragged the negro out into the open. He was at once set upon by the mob and stamped about in the dust until he was almost dead, he was then hung.

Sweat was a mulatto, 24 years old. Some three years ago he was sentenced to the State penitentiary on a murder charge, but after serving for a while was pardoned by Gov. Patterson upon the recommendation of many prominent citizens at Gallatin, among whom was Judge Barry.

Judge Barry was 56 years old. He was one of the foremost men in Sumner County. He was a son of D. F. Barry, excashier of the First National Bank of Gallatin. He leaves a wife, who was Miss Adelaide Wynne of Dayton, Ala., a granddaughter of the late Col. Alfred R. Wynne of Castalian Springs, and two children.

The shooting for which Sweat served a term in the penitentiary occurred two years ago. At that time he went to Net Turner's home in Gallatin and asked one of Mr. Turner's servants to go to a dance with him.

Because she refused, he shot her. She eventually died from her wounds. Many prominent men in Gallatin testified that Sweat had a good character. As a result of their testimony he was sentenced to only a year in the penitentiary, and was afterward pardoned by Gov. Patterson.

CENTRAL HUDSON A WRECK.

Has Sprung a Leak and There Seems Little Hope of Saving the Boat.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBURG, N. Y., May 23.—It is feared that the steamer Central Hudson, which grounded opposite West Point, is doomed. Water is rapidly flowing into the hold of the vessel, and this is now attributed to the fact that the boat has sprung a leak. It was thought at first that the boat was simply resting on the clay and sand where she ran aground, but it was discovered to-day that there are a number of rocks under her bottom, and it is thought that when efforts were made to free the steamer the action of the hull against the stones caused the boat to leak.

Four pumps have been operated almost incessantly to-day with a hope of getting all the water out of the hull, but it comes in about as quickly as it is pumped out. The Merritt-Chapman wrecking crew of New York is making preparations to drag the stranded vessel off. She has been aground since Monday morning at 6 o'clock, when she poked her nose in the mud midway between Duck Island and Gees Point Lighthouse, while avoiding a collision with a passing tow.

Third of Cain's Victims Dead.

Albert Lindblom, 31 years old, a driver, of 910 Columbus Avenue, one of those stabbed by John Cain, the negro, in the running fight in upper Columbus Avenue on May 21, died yesterday in J. Hood Wright Hospital. He was the third victim of the affray to die. Cain is still alive in Bellevue Hospital.

Divorced in Three Minutes.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 23.—Mrs. Paul Brown, Jr., a social leader, obtained a divorce from Paul Brown in three minutes to-day before Judge Wurdemann of the Circuit Court of St. Louis County.

DEWEY'S PURE GRAPE JUICE
Purifies the blood, is very nourishing. H. T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 138 Fulton St., N. Y. —Adv.

THE BERKSHIRE INN, Great Barrington, Mass., opens May 26th.—Adv.

WOMAN GETS THIEF IN HOUSE NEAR 6TH AV

Burglar Attacks Housekeeper in Dr. D. Bryson Delavan's Home, but She Holds Him.

NONE DARE TO HELP HER

Detectives Called by Those Who Heard Her Cries Break In and Capture Him.

Mrs. Ida Rose, housekeeper for Dr. D. Bryson Delavan of 1 East Thirty-third Street, was seated alone in the rear room on the first floor of the house at 10 o'clock last evening. There were no lights and Mrs. Rose was breathing the air from an open window preparatory to retiring when she heard the cry of a woman and then several shouts from the yards of adjoining houses.

She rose to look from the window just as the heads of two men, climbing up the lattice work in the rear of the house, appeared above the window sill. An instant later the men sprang into the room. Mrs. Rose had crouched back beside the window, and in the darkness neither of the men saw her. One of them, though, tripped over her foot as he started toward the door going into the hall. He whirled about instantly and seized the woman. His companion ran for the door, opened it, and, passing through the hall, went out the front door into the street.

As the man grasped her Mrs. Rose screamed. The man struck her on the head with a chisel he held in his hand. The blow cut Mrs. Rose's head and almost stunned her, but now she was clinging to the man tightly and she did not release her grip. Again and again the man brought his weapon down on the woman's head. Blood from the cuts in her scalp streamed down Mrs. Rose's face and into her eyes, but she was not stunned and still held on.

At the top of her voice the woman called for help and her cries aroused the maids in the basement. One of them ran to the telephone and called up Police Headquarters. In the rear room Mrs. Rose was still struggling with the intruder. Headquarters notified the West Thirtieth Street Police Station, and Detectives Kenny, Van Wagner, and Bowersmith were sent to the house on the run.

"The man's still there," the Lieutenant told them, and the detectives sprinted at top speed. Every house in Thirty-third Street east of Fifth Avenue for nearly the whole block held its quota of excited servants and residents of the houses, but none had gone to Mrs. Rose's help. On the steps of the Delavan home stood several maids screaming for help and not daring to enter the house, whence still came the cries of Mrs. Rose and the sounds of the struggle as the burglar strove to break her grip.

Past the frightened maids dashed the detectives and into the darkness of the rear room. They grabbed the man and pulled him from Mrs. Rose. The woman collapsed on the floor. Then the servants were called in—Dr. Delavan was not at home—the lights were turned on and Dr. Henry G. Bugbee of 4 East Forty-first Street was summoned post haste for Mrs. Rose.

He found her weak from loss of blood and from the beating she had received, and almost unconscious. She was hysterical from fright also, and the doctor, after dressing her wounds, ordered her put to bed. Then the detectives started for the station with their prisoner.

Their appearance on the steps with the man held between them was the signal for a cheer from householders on all sides. To their surprise the detectives then learned that Dr. Delavan's was not the only home the burglars had entered last evening. A servant said that the men had got into the home of Mrs. Edith M. Sedgwick at 9½ East Thirty-third Street.

From Mrs. Sedgwick the detectives learned that she had entered the drawing room in the rear of the first floor of her home shortly before 10 o'clock and had surprised two men there. She screamed at the sight of them, and the men, as frightened as she, jumped through the window into the back yard, on to the fence, and along this to Dr. Delavan's house.

It was Mrs. Sedgwick's cries and the shouts of her servants that Mrs. Rose had heard just as the men, desperate because of the hue and cry behind them, had taken advantage of the open window and the darkness of the room, with the apparent assurance that it was unoccupied, to attempt an escape to the street through Dr. Delavan's house.

The detectives took their prisoner to the West Thirtieth Street Station. There he said he was Frank Lang of the Seventh Avenue Mills Hotel. He refused to say more about himself or to tell the name of his companion.

TALKS CHINESE TO HOUSE.

Representative Stephens Surprises Colleagues and Paralyzes Stenographer.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Real Chinese was spoken in the House of Representatives this afternoon, but it will not appear in The Daily Congressional Record to-morrow morning. Representative W. D. Stephens of California told the House a story of a Chinaman brought into a Police Court of Los Angeles.

"He was asked when he last saw the dog," said Mr. Stephens, "but the question was put through the interpreter, who turned to the Chinaman and said:

Here followed a flow of Chinese that took a full minute and that sent the House into a roar of laughter.

"These words ought to be taken down," said Representative Olmsted as the official stenographer sat with his writing arm paralyzed.

"The Chinaman replied—" began Mr. Stephens again, and another long jargon of Chinese rolled out on the defenseless House.

"What did he actually say?" called a Democratic member.

"Three o'clock," said Mr. Stephens.

The official record to-morrow will state that "Mr. Stephens here gave a Chinese sentence occupying one minute."

PETER DOOLEY IS FILE CLERK.

Tammany Man Succeeds Rogers of Philadelphia as House Employe.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Joseph C. Rogers of the Seventh Ward, Philadelphia, File Clerk of the House, who is a practical politician, went to that city today to help elect young Mr. Reyburn to Congress. His absence from duty, the first since the Democrats came into control, marked his deposition. Chief Clerk Trimble was on the job early and escorted the successor of Rogers to the File Clerk's office.

"Where is Mr. Rogers?" he asked, and was told.

"Well, it does not matter very much for here is his successor, Mr. Dooley," announced the Chief Clerk to the subordinates.

The new clerk is Peter Dooley of the Fifteenth Assembly District of New York City. He is an active Tammany worker and unfamiliar with the class of work which he will be called upon to perform. The place pays $3,250 a year.

FLORIDA—ATLANTA—BIRMINGHAM.
Florida-Cuba Special 12:38 P. M. Atlanta-Birmingham Special 3:08 P. M. from Penna. Sta., via Seaboard Air Line Ry. Through electric lighted steel sleepers. Inq. 1184 B'way. Phone 5644 Mad.—Adv.

HARLEM TENEMENTS BURN.

Fire in Lumber Yard Spreads to Seven Buildings Near Manhattan Avenue.

Residents on Morningside Heights were aroused from sleep at 2 o'clock this morning by a fire which, starting in the Ross Lumber Yards at 115th Street and Manhattan Avenue, spread to seven tenements, four in 116th Street and three in 115th Street. Tenants in these buildings were driven into the street, practically in their nightclothes, as the flames spread rapidly, once the fire had got under way.

Up on the heights, where the wind drove sparks and embers, many persons believed that their dwellings were afire, and hurried into their clothing and ran to streets which were lighted brilliantly by the reflection of the flames below.

Two alarms were turned in, and then a third was sent, which brought Acting Chief Kenlon to the scene in his automobile. The fire started in a gasoline store house in the lumber yards, and after the first explosion the flames ran rapidly through the tall piles of lumber and leaped from these to the apartment houses in 116th and 115th Streets, near Manhattan Avenue.

At 4 o'clock this morning the fire in the lumber yards was still blazing, but the fire in the tenements was under control. No one was hurt, although more than 100 tenants were driven into the streets.

HUSTON GOES TO PRISON.

Sentence of Architect Who Built Pennsylvania Capitol Is Affirmed.

HARRISBURG, Penn., May 23.—The State Supreme Court to-day affirmed the lower court in the matter of the appeal of Joseph M. Huston of Philadelphia, architect of the new State Capitol building, who was sentenced to serve not less than six months nor more than two years' imprisonment for conspiring with State officials to defraud the State in the erection and furnishing of the Capitol.

This ends a long legal battle, and Huston will now go to prison to serve his sentence.

TO CLOSE SHAKER COLONY.

Union Village Property Said to be Worth Between $400,000 and $1,000,000.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., May 23. — The Mount Lebanon Ministry, the head of all Shakers in this country, is on its way from Pittsfield to Union Village, Ohio, to settle the financial affairs of the Shaker colony in that place, which has property worth between $400,000 and $1,000,000.

The Ministry includes two women, Eldresses Harriet Bullard and Catherine Allen of Mount Lebanon, N. Y.

The real estate of the Ohio colony, including 4,000 acres of choice farm lands, is to be sold.

ROMAN, NOT BACONIAN RELICS

Dr. Owen Disappointed and Gives Up His Search in the River Wye.

CHEPSTOW, England, May 23.—The search of Dr. Orville Owen of Detroit, who has been excavating in the mud of the River Wye for manuscripts which he believes will show that Bacon was the author of the Shakespearian plays, has been abandoned.

Recently timbers were uncovered, which raised high hopes that these would prove to be the hiding place of the manuscripts, but it is now admitted that they are the foundation of an ancient Roman bridge.

It is announced, however, that the excavations will be resumed elsewhere.

ALASKANS TO MINE COAL.

Cordova Men Defy the Government and Plan to Take Up Claims.

CORDOVA, Alaska, May 23.—Unwilling to sit idly by awaiting the action of the Government in opening the Alaska coal lands, nearly 100 citizens of Cordova left yesterday for the Bering River coal fields near Katalla, twenty-five miles east of here, where they intend to begin mining coal for the markets of this city and other Alaska towns.

A subscription list was circulated and liberal contributions were made to finance the expedition. It is the intention of the coal seekers to locate a mine and acquire coal claims which they will undertake to work at once without waiting action by the Government.

SCIENCE CHURCHES SECEDE.

Minneapolis and Duluth Congregations No Longer with Mother Church.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 23.—A. E. Smith, C. S. D., of the Fourth Church of Christ, Scientist, here, to-day gave The Associated Press a copy of a resolution adopted at a meeting of the church members by which, by a vote of 93 to 3, the members decided to withdraw from the Mother Church at Boston.

The reasons given in the resolution are that "since the death of Mrs. Eddy the Christian Science Board of Directors has absolute authority to control the teaching" and that the board condemned Christian Science as taught by Abbot Smith, who was a personal student of Mrs. Eddy.

The congregation therefore decided itself severed from the Mother Church and that its articles be amended so as to become a Christian Science Reformed Church. The statement also announces that similar action was taken by the Second Church of Christ, Scientist, of Duluth, with only one dissenting vote.

COURT NAMES O'GORMAN.

New Senator on Commission to Decide Prisoner's Sanity.

Judge Warren W. Foster, in General Sessions, yesterday appointed United States Senator James A. O'Gorman as Chairman of a commission to determine the mental condition of Joseph F. Fletcher, who is under indictment for felonious assault. The other members of the commission are Dr. J. Ralph Jacoby of 44 West Seventy-second Street and Joseph Cabus of 278 Eighth Avenue.

This is the first case Senator O'Gorman has had since he went on the bench as a Supreme Court Justice, seventeen years ago, and is the first case that the new law firm of O'Gorman, Battle & Marshall has had.

Fletcher was arrested on the complaint of Edward J. Keene, his brother-in-law. He alleges that Fletcher drew a revolver and fired at him during an argument. When the case was brought to trial yesterday Edward Carpel, the prisoner's lawyer, told Judge Foster that he had been unable to get the prisoner to say a word to him and that Dr. McGuire, the Tombs physician, had told him that he believed Fletcher was suffering from an advanced stage of alcoholic insanity. Upon hearing this Judge Foster appointed the commission.

SPECIAL TRAINS FROM ATLANTIC CITY MEMORIAL DAY
Leave Atlantic City Tuesday, May 30, Pennsylvania Railroad, 4:00 P. M. and 5:30 P. M. Parlor cars, dining cars, coaches. Through trains to Atlantic City leave New York, Pennsylvania Station, 10:12 A. M., 3:04 P. M. weekdays, 1:20 P. M. Saturdays only; 8:12 A. M. Sundays.—Adv.

GAYNOR PUTS WALDO IN CROPSEY'S PLACE

Tells Him to Banish Favoritism from Police as He Did from Fire Department.

INSPECTOR O'BRIEN OUT

Cropsey's Last Official Act—Resigned Thursday After a Tilt—Croker or O'Keeffe for Fire Head.

Rhinelander Waldo, Fire Commissioner since Jan. 13, 1910, was appointed Police Commissioner yesterday by Mayor Gaynor. He was sworn in shortly after noon, following the announcement that James C. Cropsey, who had been Commissioner since Oct. 21 last, had resigned of his own volition.

In a statement to the public Mr. Cropsey said that he informed Mayor Gaynor on Thursday last that he could not continue as head of the police in view of the Mayor's criticism and evident lack of confidence. Mr. Cropsey also defended himself against the charges made by President Creelman of the Municipal Civil Service Commission that Commissioner Cropsey had violated the civil service law in his appointment of forty-eight policemen. In these appointments, Mr. Cropsey said, he followed a precedent established by the Civil Service Commission itself early in his term as Commissioner. Mr. Cropsey's last official act, before turning over his office to Commissioner Waldo, was to dismiss former Inspector John J. O'Brien, whose case had been pending for several months. O'Brien was tried for letting Coney Island run wide open.

Mayor Gaynor, in a letter to Mr. Waldo notifying him of his appointment, upheld Mr. Creelman's charge. He told the new Police Commissioner that he (Waldo) had done away with graft and favoritism in the Fire Department and requested him to do as much for the Police Department. He added that the carrying out of the Mayor's word had been long delayed in the Police Department.

The appointment of Mr. Waldo was not altogether a surprise to those who had followed the police situation closely. His appointment was indicated in THE TIMES on Monday, along with the intimation that the retirement of Mr. Cropsey would be announced on Tuesday.

Gaynor's Letter to Waldo.

The Mayor's letter to Mr. Waldo was as follows:

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR.
May 23, 1911.

Dear Mr. Waldo: Your fine service as head of the Fire Department indicates me to appoint you to the headship of the Police Department. For years before I became Mayor it was generally understood that appointments and promotions in the Police and Fire Departments had been, with some interruption, by outside favoritism, and even for money consideration, and this understanding was largely correct.

To do away with all possibility of this I made it a matter of policy that all appointments and promotions should be made in numerical order from the Civil Service lists, instead of the appointees being picked out of certified batches, by which the lists had been juggled with in the past. You found this condition prevailing in the Fire Department, but have done away with it completely by following out the new policy, thereby convincing the men that merit and faithfulness alone should count, and restoring their emulation and confidence in honest treatment. You will do the same in the case of the Police Department.

You have 48 recent illegal appointments to immediately deal with in the Police Department. I have directed the Chairman of the Civil Service Board to sit down with you about the matter. I want you to banish from the Police Department, as you have from the Fire Department, even the appearance of appointments or promotions going by favoritism or purchase. There is no finer or more faithful body of men, in the main, in the world, and my great wish is to treat them with benevolence and justice. There are a large number of vacancies to be filled by promotion. The delay in that respect has been against my judgment and wishes. Let that be one of the first things to be attended to, and I would like to be present and participate when the promotions are conferred.

When the Civil Service examinations for the vacancies among the Captains were being held I warned the candidates that no outside influence of money, politics, or anything else would secure their promotion, and that they would be taken in numerical order from the list. I regret that the carrying out of the Mayor's word has been so long delayed. Very truly yours,

W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

RHINELANDER WALDO, Esq.

Croker or O'Keeffe May Succeed Waldo.

Immediately after it had been made public that Mr. Cropsey had resigned and Mr. Waldo appointed, Edward F. Croker, former chief of the Fire Department, who is looked upon by many as likely to succeed Waldo, visited Mayor Gaynor's office. When he left Mr. Croker was asked if he was to be the next Fire Commissioner.

"I have been appointed honorary consulting engineer on fire matters to the Mayor," he replied with a smile.

When Mayor Gaynor was asked about the resignation of Mr. Cropsey he said that Mr. Cropsey got out of his own volition.

"Commissioner Waldo will take charge at once," said the Mayor. "It remains to be seen what will be done."

"Will ex-Chief Croker be appointed Fire Commissioner?" he was asked.

"I can't say as to that," replied the Mayor.

The report was persistent that Arthur J. O'Keefe, now De

words) "without a regret, except the loss of the companionship and association of the Deputy Commissioners and those in all grades of the department with whom I have been brought in contact and whom I have found to be faithful."

There were few at Headquarters, however, who evinced regret at the departure of Mr. Cropsey. He made few friends there in his seven months' service. Late in the afternoon Mr. Cropsey made public the following statement:

Last Thursday, when I visited the Mayor, I told him that I could not continue as Police Commissioner in view of his criticism and evident lack of confidence in me, as shown by the publication of Mr. Creelman's letter.

Regarding the appointment of patrolmen, referred to in Mr. Creelman's letter, it is a fact that, acting as I did, I followed a precedent which was established by the Municipal Civil Service Commission early in my term as Commissioner, and the records of the Police Department will bear this out, as will also the records of the Municipal Civil Service Commission. My sole object in appointing men as patrolmen was to keep out of the department, as far as possible, improper men, and to elevate the standing of the entire force.

The only men on the list whom I passed, either failed to appear, or were rejected by the Police Surgeons, or were rejected because they had made false statements in their applications for appointment, or had bad records from their former employers or in the neighborhood in which they lived, and in addition, three or four names were passed because the investigation by this department had not been completed as to them.

At the time I directed that a record be made showing the reason for the rejection of every candidate, and a brief statement of those reasons, together with the list of the men rejected, was sent by my direction to the Municipal Civil Service Commission. To appoint on the force men, who had made false and perjured statements in their applications for appointment, would seem to me to be merely placing a premium on untruthfulness, and, among other things which I have attempted to do while Commissioner, one has been to eradicate untruthfulness from the Force. I will gladly welcome any investigations into the reasons for passing any of the men which I passed.

For some months the Mayor has been urging me to make Inspectors and promotions throughout the entire department. This I have declined to do, not because I did not believe in promotions as an abstract proposition—for I do believe in it—but because I could not see that there were any vacancies, in any real or proper sense, which were to be filled, and I so stated to him—also furnishing him with some particulars which bore out this statement.

Since my appointment I have reduced the number of inspectors, and believe it should be still further reduced, because there is no need of the number which is allowed by statute. They have comparatively little work to do, especially since the matter of looking after gambling and disorderly houses has been taken out of their hands and attended to directly from Headquarters.

At the present time every precinct in the city except seven, and except the Traffic, Bridge, and Harbor Precincts, is in charge of a Captain. Of the seven precincts mentioned, one is in Manhattan, and that is the precinct commanded by Capt. John J. O'Brien, who was dismissed from the force this morning. Of the other six precincts, one is in City Island, in the Bronx; two are on Staten Island, and three are in the Borough of Queens, and, according to my recollection, no one of these precincts has more than twenty-five patrolmen in them, and at least two of them have less than fifteen.

I have not had time to look up the records to ascertain if these figures are correct as of this date, but they were correct not long ago when I did look into the matter. Of the four traffic precincts, one is in charge of a Captain and three are not, and of the three bridge precincts one is in charge of a Captain and two are not; the Harbor Precinct is not in charge of a Captain.

Personally I see no need of a Captain in any bridge or traffic precinct except possibly one, and no need of a Captain in the Harbor Precinct; nor do I see the necessity for a Captain in the six precincts to which I have referred where they have but a few men, and I have felt to appoint Captains and place them in charge of all of these precincts would be absolutely unjustifiable and an expenditure of the city's money which I, as Commissioner, am willing to permit. The need of additional Lieutenants and Sergeants is even less than the need of additional Captains and Inspectors.

I realized months ago that this was not in accordance with the wishes of the Mayor and, so when he referred to this matter again in connection with the appointment of patrolmen, which has been referred to, I told him that I would certainly not be any embarrassment to him and that I would resign so that he might have the promotions made.

There are other matters in addition to those I have named, concerning which the Mayor and I have not agreed, but I refer merely to the two because they are the things referred to in the Mayor's letter to Commissioner Waldo.

I leave the department without a regret, except the loss of the companionship and association of the Deputy Commissioners and those in all grades in the department with whom I have been brought in contact and whom I have found to be faithful, earnest, efficient, and honest coworkers, and conscious that, during the entire seven months of my tenure, no influence, either personal or political, has ever controlled or even colored a single act of mine and that every member of the force has been treated fairly.

When Lewis E. Birdseye, secretary to Mr. Cropsey, was asked for a copy of the Commissioner's resignation, he said:

"There is no copy of the resignation to be given. Mr. Cropsey resigned to Mr. Gaynor last Thursday. The resignation was a verbal one. The Mayor requested Mr. Cropsey to remain until his successor could be named and Mr. Waldo was made Commissioner to-day."

Just before he quit Police Headquarters Mr. Cropsey, for the first time since he became connected with the department, consented to see the newspaper men. He was asked about the O'Brien case.

"The O'Brien case is quite a long one," he said, "and it took me considerable time to read the minutes. I reviewed the whole case last Saturday while at my home, and I decided on Sunday that O'Brien was guilty and that I would dismiss him. There was no unnecessary delay in the case, as has been said. I feel happy that I am leaving the department."

Mr. Cropsey said that he would leave town to-day on an extended automobile trip into Sullivan County. He said he was very tired and wished to rest.

One of Commissioner Waldo's first official acts was to send to the Civil Service Commission for a list of the men who have passed the examination for Captain, Lieutenant, and Surgeon. From this it is inferred that Commissioner Waldo intends to make early promotions. Regarding the dismissal of O'Brien, Secretary Sheehan said the matter would be looked into fully.

Just before leaving Headquarters Commissioner Waldo revoked the appointments of the forty-eight policemen complained of by Mr. Creelman. It was learned that Commissioner Waldo intends to reappoint some of the men, but in the manner and form approved by Mayor and the Civil Service Commission.

Mr. Waldo sent to Acting Fire Chief Kenlon this letter:

John Kenlon, Acting Chief of Department:

My Dear Chief: In leaving the Fire Department I desire to thank you and through you the men of the department for their loyalty and support of my administration as Fire Commissioner.

I know of no more brave or efficient body of men than the members of the Fire Department of this city.

During my administration I inaugurated the use of motor apparatus. I believe this will become general and greatly increase the efficiency of operation. The Fire College under your direction has become in my opinion a great factor for the safety of the city.

I shall always remember my association with the Fire Department as a great honor. I avail myself of this opportunity to assure you of my highest respect and to wish you and the members of the Fire Department every success in the future. Yours very truly, R. WALDO.

Deputy Fire Commissioner Joseph Johnson, Jr., was designated Acting Commissioner.

Mayor Gaynor was asked yesterday if any change in the Deputy Police Commissioners was anticipated.

"You will have to ask Mr. Waldo," replied the Mayor. "He is Police Commissioner now."

Magistrate Corrigan, whose charges before the Grand Jury that vice and crime were flourishing under the Cropsey administration are believed to have had much to do with creating the situation which led to yesterday's change in the Commissionership, declined last night to comment on the resignation of Mr. Cropsey and the appointment of Mr. Waldo.

Ex-Inspector O'Brien declined to discuss his dismissal from the department.

CORRAL RESIGNATION GRATIFIES MADERO

Insurrecto Leader Still Waits for Diaz to Quit Before Proceeding to Mexico City.

SEES TRANQUILLITY NEAR

Is Convinced That the Cientificos Won't Be Able to Create Further Dissensions—Magonistas Feared.

Special to The New York Times.

JUAREZ, May 23.—The news that most pleased Francisco I. Madero, Jr., to-day was that coming from Mexico City that Vice President Ramon Corral had tendered his resignation, to take effect at once. The telegram came from Señor A. R. Dominguez, Señor Madero's representative in Mexico City, and is taken as a certain indication that the resignation of President Diaz can be expected at any time in the next few days. The impression among officials of the Provisional Government here is that the resignation will probably be made to-morrow. Señor Madero, it is expected, will start at once for Mexico City upon the receipt of the formal resignation of President Diaz.

The news of the slaughter of Chinese in Torreon, supposedly by insurrecto troops, was correspondingly depressing and displeasing to Mr. Madero. Asked if he had anything to say about the report, he replied that he greatly deplored it, if true, and refused to make any comment until he was officially notified that the Chinese had been killed by his men.

Mr. Madero was also asked to comment on Gen. Bernardo Reyes's statement, made in Havana, that the Cientifico party was responsible for the political abuses that brought on the insurrection. Madero and his advisers appreciated that Gen. Reyes had said and took it as a further indication of approaching tranquility throughout the Republic. The insurrecto leader, however, is of the opinion that the days of the Cientificos are numbered and is convinced that they will not be able to create any further dissentions in the Government of Mexico.

Adolpho Bley, President of the Bank of Sonora, the biggest in Western Mexico, is at the Hotel Orndorff here on his way to Chihuahua. Mr. Bley says that conditions in Sonora and Sinaloa are resuming their normal state, with the exception of the railroads, which are yet out of commission in many places because of the rebel activity in burning the lines. The Provisional Government has wired to these rebels, Mr. Bley said, telling them of the armistice, and urging a cessation of hostilities until permanent peace is restored. Business in Hermosillo and the other west coast cities is good, Mr. Bley said, and is improving.

Mr. Madero again stated to-day that he had not yet set the date for his departure for Mexico City. The opinion here is that he will do so as soon as he is officially notified that President Diaz has resigned and Señor de la Barra has succeeded to the Presidency.

Señor Madero is just beginning to realize the strength of the revolutionary movement which he created. A constant stream of telegrams have been pouring in at his headquarters within the last few days, congratulating him on the success of the revolution, and stating that hundreds of men are at his disposal for further instructions. The telegrams are from all parts of Mexico, including the southern and central portions.

To guard against the possibility of mishap to the Madero train from plotters when it starts southward, some of Madero's friends think he should take at least 200 armed men with him; but the rebel leader himself scoffs at the idea, saying he will have but a civilian escort. It is probable, however, that a pilot locomotive will go a kilometer or two ahead of the Madero train to scout for dynamite bombs or other impediments.

THE NEW CABINET.

Madero's Uncle Takes Limantour's Place as Finance Minister.

MEXICO CITY, May 23.—Official announcement was made to-night that with the exception of the Department of Justice the new Cabinet had been agreed on as follows:

FINANCE—Ernesto Madero.
INTERIOR—Emilio Vasquez Gomez.
INSTRUCTION—Dr. Francesco Vasquez Gomez.
FOMENTO—Manuel Galero.
WAR—Gen. Eugenio Rascon.
COMMUNICATIONS—Manuel Bonilla.
FOREIGN RELATIONS (SUB-SECRETARY.)—Bartholome Carbajal Y Rosas.

Rafael Hernandez Madero probably will be Minister of Justice. He was suggested by Madero.

Ernesto Madero, 35 years old, is the youngest man in the new Cabinet. He is President of the Bank of Neuvo Leon in Mexico City, an uncle of Francisco I. Madero, Jr., and probably the wealthiest of the Madero family. The most active part taken in the revolution by Ernesto Madero has been his efforts to establish peace.

CAPITAL STILL ISOLATED.

Some Rebels, Unaware of Peace, Cut Railroad—Diaz to Quit To-day.

MEXICO CITY, May 23.—Notwithstanding the official signing of the peace pact, Mexico City is more isolated to-night than it has been since hostilities began. Ignorant, apparently, that their commander in chief has brought the war to a close, one small band of rebels under the leadership of Candido Navarro last night cut the National Railroad south of San Luis Potosi and another band stopped traffic over the Mexican Railroad by burning a bridge near Huamantla.

Unless there is a hitch in the plans Gen. Diaz will present his resignation to the Chamber of Deputies to-morrow afternoon. He is expected to go to the chamber personally. Accompanying him will be the famous Presidential guard, and his visit to the Assembly will be attended by all ceremonies ordinarily observed.

REYES ASSAILS CIENTIFICOS.

Opposes Any Anti-Maderist Move by Such a "Faction of Evildoers."

HAVANA, May 23.—Replying to a request for his opinion regarding the rumor current in Mexico City that a counter-revolution was contemplated against the Maderist element in Mexico, Gen. Bernardo Reyes, who is staying in this city, made the following statement:

"I am implacably opposed to such a movement. The criminal tyranny of a faction, which in derision only is termed the Cientifico party, was one which roused the people of Mexico against the Government and forced the uprising of Gen. Francisco I. Madero.

"I, who have shed my blood for my country, can never join the ranks of those who have beyond measure exploited my country, and who are the cause of all the misfortunes which now afflict her and of all the perils to which she is now exposed. To remove these evils and perils, it is necessary and possible to reach a complete understanding and agreement among the sane elements of the people, which cannot include members of this faction of evildoers.

"José de Limantour, the Mexican Finance Minister, who once led the faction, and against whom a similar group revolted to work at their own discretion, thus expressed himself when endeavoring to install his latest and, of necessity, extemporaneous reforms in our political system."

Asked whether the better elements of Mexico were sufficiently strong to carry out the work of reorganization, the Mexican ex-War Minister said:

"I have full confidence in them, for the leaders of this element I know to be inspired by the loftiest patriotic sentiments and to be untouched by any pettiness of a partisanship personality."

Telegrams Subject to Delays.

The Western Union Telegraph Company received notice from the Mexican Government to-day that telegrams for Mexico City and the interior of the Republic are subject to delays. Telegraphic messages for Vera Cruz and the Isthmus of Tehuantepec are moving without delay. The Federal Government reports that it has two wires in operation from Laredo, Texas, to Mexico City.

MOUSE ENDS WOMEN'S FIGHT.

All Day They Held Workmen at Bay Till a Trick Was Played.

"Beat it quick and no talkin' back or I'll let this brute here loose amongst yer. Scat, scat," yelled a burly workman, at the same time suspending in the air by the end of its tail a tiny mouse which never again would nibble at stolen cheese. It was stone dead, that was why. But a throng of fair residents of Etna Street, in the Cypress Hills section of Brooklyn, who all day had maintained a warlike front against employes of the New York Telephone Company who had been sent there to plant huge wooden poles in the pretty street, and who had thwarted the men at almost every turn, did not wait to investigate. With shrieks and a frantic grasping of skirts they ran.

"I knew this would work the trick," he said. "Hurry up and get that pole down quick," and several of his comrades, acting quickly, hoisted up one of the unsightly poles, and, getting its base into the four-foot hole dug for it, soon had it upright.

"I know how to manage women all right. I got the mouse at the grocery store up the block a few minutes ago. Knew it would do the trick, and we'll use it again to-morrow and get up all our poles."

In their precipitous flight the fair fighters had abandoned stove pokers, small kitchen coal shovels, &c., with which they had done much victorious campaigning during the day. Many newly dug holes had they filled after driving off expostulating workmen with their hatpins.

The strategic workman in Etna Street, between Logan Street and Hale Avenue, won the final battle for his side. While the women fled from the battleground, three poles were erected, which makes four poles now standing as emblems of victory.

"We'll chop them down and use 'em for fire wood, or rather our husbands will," said Mrs. Josephine Rafferty, last night.

The workmen drew off frequently before the rout of the enemy before a dead mouse, following an onslaught on them with pokers and hatpins, only to appear further down the block digging away.

"You can't spoil our pretty street with its nice shade trees, you horrid brutes," would cry one of the militants. "Take that, and that, brute, just dare to strike me."

Time after time police reserves were called from the Liberty Avenue Station, and they came dashing up in the patrol wagon.

In their anger the women turned against the bluecoats too.

Mrs. Rafferty jumped into a hole which the men dug in front of her home, and with a hatpin defied the police to put her out.

Mrs. John Snyder of 200 Etna Street, Mrs. Kathryn V. Riker of 196, Mrs. Emma Walker, Mrs. Epstein, Mrs. Gardner, Mrs. Alt, Mrs. M. Link, Mrs. A. F. Miller, and Mrs. Ida Blasson of 190, and housewives and girls from all along the street rallied against the men and made them give ground.

Mrs. Meeker placed a chair over a hole that had been started in front of her pretty residence and dared the men to move her. The men argued, pleaded, and threatened to no avail.

From 10 o'clock in the morning until the end of the workday the struggle went on, and always the fair ones were victorious until the workman appeared with the mouse.

Etna Street is one of the nicest residential streets in Cypress Hills. It has fine shade trees. A petition signed with 200 names and addressed to Commissioner of Highways Linde of Brooklyn was being circulated last night and will be presented with a view to obtaining his co-operation against the pole planters.

POINT OUT EVILS OF INHERITANCE TAX

Present Law Likened by Opponents to Brigands' Cry of "Stand and Deliver!"

CALL IT CONFISCATORY

Its Repeal Urged at Albany Meeting so as to Stop Exodus of Wealth from the State.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 23.—Branding the present inheritance tax law, under which a rate of 25 per cent. is levied on charitable and other collateral bequests of $1,000,000 or over, as confiscation and a shameless assertion by the State of the right to plunder, a conference of men deeply interested in taxation, which was held here to-night, adopted a resolution calling for its repeal.

The resolution was introduced by Charles L. Stone, a lawyer from Syracuse, at the close of a speech in which he severely arraigned the present system of taxing dead men's property in excess of that of the living. Allan Robinson of New York, President of the Allied Real Estate Interests, seconded the resolution. It was adopted unanimously. The resolution follows:

Whereas, we consider the provisions of Chapter 766 of the Laws of 1910 wrong in principle, detrimental to the revenues of highest interests of the State, and injurious alike to the interests of labor and capital.

Resolved, That this meeting emphatically urges its repeal even to the exemption from its provisions of decedents' estates on which tax has been collected under this law since it went into effect on July 12, 1910.

The repeal of the recent inheritance tax law, according to statements made authoritatively on behalf of the legislative leaders, is assured. A difference of opinion exists as to the wisdom of returning to the old inheritance tax law which was in effect prior to the enactment of the present law, or to adopt a new law providing for a graduated inheritance tax with substantial modification of the rates on both direct and collateral bequests. The passage of the Harte bill, which provides for such a graduated tax, is considered probable, though Gov. Dix has recommended and Controller Sohmer urged a return to the old system, and Senator Gittins of Niagara has introduced a bill with that end in view.

Speakers Not Agreed.

Opinion at the conference which was held to-night in Centennial Hall under the auspices of the Allied Real Estate Interests was divided on the subject. Lawson Purdy, President of the Tax Commission of New York City, who was the first speaker, favored the graduated tax and a cessation of double taxation of decedents' estates.

Some of the other speakers declared in favor of the old tax and a return to the old system where direct bequests to lineal descendants and next of kin were taxed at the rate of 1 per cent., regardless of the size of the bequests, and all bequests to collateral heirs and strangers at the rate of 5 per cent. on all amounts.

Henry W. Sprague, a Buffalo capitalist; Frederick Sutton, Trust Officer of the Guaranty Trust Company; Orvin R. Judd, Assistant Trust Officer of the Knickerbocker Trust Company; Mr. Stone, and Mr. Robinson all without exception favored the repeal of the present law.

Mr. Stone went further than any of the other speakers. He expressed fear lest his views on the subject were too radical for the conference. He questioned the propriety of taxing dead men's property at all.

"But I suppose we have to go beyond the stage where a discussion of the justification of an inheritance tax is in order," he remarked. "So if you should ask me, as you have asked some others, whether I favor a system which will tax decedents' estates twice or once, I will answer by all means tax them only once, and if you should ask the further question whether I am in favor of a high or a low rate I will say, 'Make it low, by all means, and make it uniform.' I say that just as I would say if I was traveling in Arabia or Egypt, and I was held up by brigands and asked to stand and deliver, 'Take as little as you think you can get along with.' And I will add that it is not a very high plane for the Empire State on which to deal with this question of taxing the property of dead men.

Calls Law Confiscatory.

"The fundamental inherent vice of the existing law upon the subject appears to me to be that while proceeding under the forms of legislation and procedure of the imposition and collection of taxes, the law really sets in motion a machine for confiscation, justifiable only upon some communistic theory."

Tax Commissioner Lawson Purdy dealt in his speech with the system of double taxation on decedents' estates which obtains under the present inheritance law.

For instance if a resident of New Jersey should die possessed of shares in a New York State corporation the estate would be taxed for the amount of his holdings transferred both here where the stock had been transferred on the books of the corporation and in New Jersey where he resides. Mr. Purdy declared that after mature consideration experts on taxation had arrived at the conclusion that the tangible property of a decedent should be taxed only in the State where it is located and the intangible property in the State where he resided.

"This is what we are seeking to incorporate in the laws of this State," said Mr. Purdy. "Our plan is based on the conclusion of a tax conference in which delegates appointed by every Governor in the country and by the leading universities took part. The plan was adopted unanimously by that conference, and if New York State would set the example now to get away from double taxation other States would be certain to follow suit. Massachusetts and Connecticut already have reciprocity clauses in their laws, so that if we enact the law here heirs of residents of this State holding shares in Massachusetts corporations would be certain to escape taxation in these States on such holdings."

Frightens Wealth Away.

"The people of the State of New York, whose estates are likely to become subject to the inheritance tax law," Mr. Purdy went on, "have awakened to the fact and know now that whether the rates are higher or lower under the old law or the new, the shares of New York corporations and bonds on keep in New York are taxable whether they belong to residents or non-residents.

"A will was drawn a few days ago disposing of upward of $4,000,000 by an old New Yorker of many generations. He named a New Jersey trust company as his executor. He transferred his bank account to a New Jersey bank and all his securities to a New Jersey safe deposit box, after selling all shares of New York corporations. This is only a sample.

"To stop this exodus it is not enough to fix a reasonable rate. Double taxation must be abolished. The Harte bill, now before the Legislature, does this by dealing justly with residents and non-residents. If this bill should become a law in all States every State would get its share where the resident lived and had property, and no part of the estate would be taxed twice."

"The present inheritance tax law is not taxation, it is confiscation," said Senator Prague. "Confiscation is war. In war everything is fair. A man who has accummulated a large fortune knowing that after his death the State stands ready to take away 25 per cent. of his money is going to get out of the State. Famine, pestilence, and war would be as nothing compared to the disaster which would follow if capital, frightened by this law, took flight from this State, and it is not inconceivable that it will."

Mr. Prague said he had just visited England, and there on account of the death rates and the old age pension capital fought shy of investment, nearly all the big money from Great Britain going for investment elsewhere.

Frederick Sutton of the Guaranty Trust Company said with the present inheritance tax law and only eleven minutes by tube to New Jersey, New York State stood in the way of losing much of its wealth and the trust companies their business.

SUFFRAGISTS GO A-TENTING.

They Are Preparing to Do Some Evangelical Work for Votes for Women.

Evangelistic tents and electric flashlight signs will be the next step taken by the Woman Suffrage Party in its Summer campaign. The party has decided on the tents, but it is not yet sure about where to put them. They will be placed in Van Cortlandt Park and at Coney Island if it is possible to use them, they will fly the "votes for women" flag, and dispense woman suffrage doctrine, and, incidentally on the side, something healthful and harmless in the way of food and drink.

The decision about the tents rests with Park Commissioner Stover. It is through his courtesy and permission that the party will be allowed to put them up, as the evangelists are allowed to put up their tents in similar places. Whether the tents are used or not there will be woman suffrage meetings at the week ends at the two places, Van Cortlandt Park and Coney Island, on Saturdays and Sundays, and, incidentally, with the meetings will be a lunch wagon. One or more suffrage lunch carts will be put in commission on June 1 in New York, and those who come to eat will go away with their arms full of suffrage literature. In case permission is obtained for the tents the women will take turns, one woman presiding in a tent for a week at a time.

Assistant District Attorney Robert Elder of Brooklyn is looking after the electric flashlights for the women, and they will be thrown on the walls in Brooklyn in some conspicuous place. Mr. Elder is searching the court records for cases which have come within his knowledge where women have been grossly discriminated against, where, in arrests of men and women, made together, the women have been imprisoned for a long period and the men for a month or two or allowed to go free. These records are to be thrown on some large advertising space with the page and number of the books in which the records can be found.

The Woman Voter, the Woman Suffrage Party organ, is to be edited by Prof. Charles Beard of Columbia University and Mrs. Beard.

Appeal for Consumptives' Hospital.

The State Charities Aid Association urged upon the Corporate Stock Budget Committee at its continued hearing yesterday the need for the approval of the requested appropriation of $1,149,300 for the completion of the Sea View Hospital for Consumptives on Staten Island. The Board of Managers of the Brooklyn Disciplinary Training School asked for $350,000 for a segregation school.

Escalator for Morningside Park.

The Aldermen passed a resolution introduced yesterday by Alderman Brush requesting the Public Service Commission to investigate the idea of putting an escalator across Morningside Park at 116th Street. At this point the street ends in a high bluff, which can only be ascended to the streets above by long stairways.

HINDU LOVE LORE IN BULL WILL CASE

Italian Testifies to the Hold the Raja Yogi Philosophy Had on Mrs. Bull.

HAD BECOME A GOD

That Stage Witness Described as the Attainment of Superconsciousness Through Love.

Special to The New York Times.

ALFRED, Me., May 23.—The love element in the Hindu faith, which got such a strong hold on the late Mrs. Ole Bull, and which, it was declared to-day by Sherman L. Whipple, had undermined her intellect, was brought into the contest of her will to-day by the testimony of Nicola Roberta, a handsome young Italian, who was a pupil of Mrs. Bull, and closely associated with her for several years before her death, last January.

Roberta told of the stages of mental and physical cultivation that the Raja Yogi, or Hindu philosophy, required. He said that Mrs. Bull had finally reached the Bhaketi Yogi state—a stage at which all of the believers were gods.

"What is the Bhaketi stage?" asked Mr. Whipple.

"It is the attainment of super-consciousness through love," replied Roberta. Mrs. Bull said that she was naturally a Bhaketi Yogi."

"Did Mrs. Bull ever say anything about love or Bhaketi in relation to personal duty?"

"Yes."

"What did she say?"

"I would rather not tell it in court."

"I want to say at this time," put in Mr. Whipple, "that I shall later have a great deal of evidence about this phase of the Hindu practice to put in."

"Did Mrs. Bull give you a book on love?"

"Yes, she gave me a book which she said was personal. She said that her life was mapped out in it. She told me that the book would give me a knowledge of love."

"What was the effect of the teaching on you?"

"My health became poor. I looked at the world in an abnormal way, and was impractical."

Just before giving this testimony Roberta told how a student reached the superconscious state, one of the highest stages of Raja Yogi.

"The power begins to ascend to the brain. It passes up the sussuma canal and overcomes the subtle elements of nature. If you can make the current pass through the canal into the brain you have solved the problem of freeing the mind from matter."

Roberta testified that Mrs. Bull told him that the mysterious "sussuma canal" was closed in ordinary persons. Only the Yogi have it opened. It was the only way to obtain divine wisdom.

"In the physical exercises," said Roberta, "you have your body straight, breathe deeply and speak some sacred words and then draw a 'higher' breath, and go on. This is done in the morning and evening, and finally there is no need to go to the book for knowledge, as your mind becomes a book containing profound knowledge."

CRIPPLES AT CONEY ISLAND.

Sixty from the Industrial School Enjoy Day at the Seaside.

Sixty members of the Free Industrial School for Crippled Children were taken in automobiles to Coney Island yesterday. On the way the party stopped at the Crescent Athletic Club in Bay Ridge, where they had dinner as the guests of ex-Police Sergt. James Churchill.

The children were taken through Luna Park by Frederic Thompson.

Everett C. Whitney Estate Appraised.

Everett C. Whitney, who died May 8, 1910, left a total estate of $779,088.54, of which $571,588.54 was personalty, according to an appraisal filed yesterday in the Transfer Tax Office by Deputy State Controller Julius Harburger. Magistrate Kernochan receives $20,000 by the terms of the will, and his wife, Mary S. Kernochan, sister of Mr. Whitney, $115,000. The New York Orthopaedic Dispensary and Hospital was left $5,000.

Runaway Quimby Girl Held.

Gertrude Quimby, the fifteen-year-old runaway girl from Boston, was taken yesterday before Justice Hoyt in the Children's Court and committed to the care of the Gerry Society until officers from Boston arrived to take her home. Her mother, Mrs. A. H. Werner, is expected to-day. The girl said she was dissatisfied with condition in her stepfather's home and came here to seek employment.

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AGASSIZ ARCADIA HOMELESS.

J. Kennedy Tod Withdraws Support and Dismisses Dr. E. F. Bigelow.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., May 23.—The Agassiz Association, established in 1875 and incorporated in Connecticut in 1910, has been made homeless by decision of J. Kennedy Tod of New York because the annual report shows that Dr. E. F. Bigelow has been unremunerated and that the association is in debt to Dr. Bigelow and family to the amount of $472.38.

Arcadia, the term applied to the seven buildings at Sound Beach which for the past two years have been the home of the Agassiz Association through the kindness of Mr. Tod, is to be put to other uses, and Dr. Bigelow has been ordered by Mr. Tod to vacate at the convenience of himself and family.

"You have made a brave fight, and I salute you with honor, but the public has failed you in support," says Mr. Tod in his letter of dismissal to Dr. Bigelow.

Steps are being taken by the less wealthy people of the town of Greenwich and elsewhere to provide a home for the association at an expense of about $10,000. Dr. Bigelow, who is science editor of St. Nicholas Magazine, had a number of small, portable houses devoted to the work of the Agassiz Association at his home in Stamford in November, 1906, when Mr. Tod became interested in him and his work and told him to move to Sound Beach and he would provide him with suitable buildings.

DENIAL BY J. CLINCH SMITH.

Story That He Came Home to Get a Separation from His Wife Untrue.

James Clinch Smith, clubman and horseman, and brother-in-law of the late Stanford White, denied yesterday a cable report from Paris that when he left that city to come here a few weeks ago it was in order to procure a separation from his wife, Mrs. Bertha Barnes Smith, with whom he had been living in Paris since 1907.

At the time of Mr. Smith's departure it was reported that he was coming here to re-establish his racing stable at Meadow Brook, L. I. Mr. Smith, at his home at Smithtown, L. I., declared yesterday that he came here merely to spend the Summer, and would return to his wife in Paris in a few months. He said there was absolutely no estrangement between them.

Mrs. Smith, who before her marriage lived in Chicago, is a well-known musician and composer. She attracted much attention in Paris a few years ago by forming an orchestra of her own to play some of her compositions. The orchestra consisted entirely of women players, including some of the best-known in Paris.

Mr. Smith was one of the witnesses in the Thaw murder trial, testifying regarding the actions of Harry K. Thaw just begore he shot Stanford White.

Give the Bronx a Show!

Rapid Transit interest centres to-day about Brooklyn because Brooklyn pays a large percentage of Greater New York's taxes. The Bronx pays but 27%—but **only** because this borough lacks the transit facilities that Brooklyn already has.

Note what Rapid Transit has **already** done for the population and property valuation of the Bronx—at 149th Street and Third Avenue.

1900—without R. T.—20 people per acre.

1910—with R. T.—140 people per acre.

1900—without R. T.—assessed lot valuation $7,914.

1910—with R. T. assessed lot valuation $98,444.

Today the East Bronx **demands** better Rapid Transit facilities. With an area of one-half the borough, it has but one-tenth its population. Yet the East Bronx has 36 miles of water front available for manufacturing and commercial purposes and thousands of the cheapest, most healthful and attractive home sites in or near New York.

14,000 acres in the East Bronx and to the north a beautiful and but sparsely settled district—all awaiting adequate rapid transit connection with New York's business centres. Give the Bronx a show!

The New York, Westchester & Boston R.R.

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Edited by Brownash

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"Gotham" Underwear is for punctilious men, who like next-to-the-skin *luxury* and spurn the common.

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"... and, besides, their quality is uniform. They are *dependable* socks."

EVER wonder why two pairs of socks of the same brand often differ in quality? It's simply because they're not made by the same mill. The socks are bought by one firm from many different mills, stamped with the same trade-mark and sold to you as the same socks. So this point is important: *All socks having the name "Interwoven" on the toe, and on a card at the top this trade-mark—*

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—are made at the same mill. The name "Interwoven" belongs exclusively to this mill. Socks from any other mill cannot be stamped with the Interwoven trade-mark. This means uniform quality. Further, Interwoven Socks are *all* made on the same wonderful machines, which equip them with wear-resisting fabric at *every* point of wear.

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TAFT ENJOYS TRIP TO THE BRONX ZOO

Shakes Hands with Baldy, but Ignores Hint to Let Chimpanzee Try to Lift Him.

SEES ROOSEVELT TROPHY

Also the Lioness That "Buffalo" Jones Lassoed—Meets Little Miss Dora Brixey.

President Taft paid a two-hour visit to the Bronx Zoological Gardens yesterday afternoon, as the guest of the New York Zoological Society. John J. Cadwalader, general counsel and member of the Executive Committee of the society, accompanied the President in one automobile, and in two other cars which followed were Henry W. Taft, the President's brother, Attorney General Wickersham, Senator Bacon, Major Butt, and several Secret Service men.

When the President reached the Concourse Entrance he found Madison Grant, the Secretary of the New York Zoological Society, awaiting him, as well as Police Captain Liebers, and half a dozen policemen of the Bronx Park Station.

The President was first taken to the Administration Building, where the stuffed animals are. The first specimen shown to him was the head of a square-mouthed, or white, rhinoceros, which was shot by ex-President Roosevelt in the Upper Soudan, last May.

President Taft next visited the lion and tiger cages, and then asked to be taken over to the monkey house and introduced to Baldy and Susie, of whose unusual intelligence he had apparently heard.

The Bronx Park officials had had forty minutes' notice that the President was coming, and Keeper Engelholm of the monkey house had already coaxed the two remarkable chimpanzees out of their cages. Susie has only been in the Zoo for three months, and her specialty is that she can distinguish colors by their names. Keeper Engelholm has some black, white, red, and blue blocks and, as the keeper called out the colors by name, Susie picked out the corresponding block. Keeper Engelholm then asked the President whether he would be willing to shake hands with Baldy, and the President laughingly assented.

At an order from the keeper the big chimpanzee shuffled forward and held out its hand. President Taft took it.

"How are you, Baldy?" the President said.

"Baldy is remarkably strong. I weigh 180 pounds, and he can lift me off my feet," the keeper then told the President. Every one looked expectantly at President Taft, wondering if he would offer to let the chimpanzee lift him.

"Indeed?" is as far, however, as the President would commit himself.

The Park police kept the Zoo's other visitors at some distance from the President. But as President Taft approached the lion house a very small child got between the President's legs.

"Are you a little boy or a little girl?" President Taft demanded, as he steadied the little one, slipping two of his fingers into its outstretched hand.

"I'm a little girl, and my name is Dora," answered the child, who proved to be seven-year-old Dora Brixey of 210 Riverside Drive. Miss Dora was rescued and led away by an embarrassed aunt.

President Taft then saw the lioness which "Buffalo" Jones lassoed in British West Africa last year. The lioness was sullen, and after being driven out of its cage with a stick, immediately slunk growling back. Keeper Palmer made Luna and Gunda, the Zoo's two trick elephants, stand on their hind legs and on their heads for the President.

Then Head Keeper Snyder showed the President the waltzing mice and the royal python, which weighs 200 pounds and is 24 feet long. President Taft was told that the big snake was fed only once in three months, and that its meal then consisted of a whole pig, weighing about seventy-five pounds.

"How long does it take the snake to digest the pig?" President Taft wanted to know. Keeper Snyder answered that the pig's outline could be made out inside the snake's digestive tract for three days. Secretary Grant feared that too many zoological details might weary the President, but the latter seemed to enjoy his natural history lesson greatly, and insisted, before leaving, on seeing the copperhead snake. The rattlesnakes were made to "sing," and the mongoose to devour white mice for the President's benefit.

"I'd like to spend a whole day here," said the President heartily, as he left the Park.

WHY HE CHECKED DISCUSSION

Chairman of Buildings Committee Says Suggestion Came from R. D. Kohn.

Alderman Kenneally, the Tammany Chairman of the Aldermen's Buildings Committee, who has been severely criticised for the attitude which he assumed at the first hearing before the committee on the proposed new Building Code, denying requests from prominent builders and architects for further time in which to examine its provisions and bluntly shutting off several persons who wished to speak against the code, issued a statement regarding the matter yesterday.

"Before the public hearing I had a conference," he says, "with Robert D. Kohn, Dudley McGrath, both architects, and George H. Morris, representatives of the Joint Committee on City Departments. Mr. Kohn had written me that 'it seems to this committee that very little in the way of progress can be shecured by discussions on such occasions as an Aldermanic hearing.' Therefore I made the suggestion that this committee should prepare any substitute paragraphs they desired to offer and submit them to the Buildings Committee at any time within the next two weeks. This arrangement met with the entire approval of those gentlemen. In opening the public hearing I repeated the suggestion, and that is the present attitude of the committee, and will continue to be."

Thomas M. Osborne Sails.

Thomas Mott Osborne, who recently resigned as Forest, Fish and Game Commissioner, sailed yesterday for Europe on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. He said he was going over to see a son who is ill with scarlet fever at Lithgow, Posen, where he is a student. Mr. Osborne would not talk politics, except to say that the Democratic Party must make good on its platform promises or get into deep water.

CITY'S $29,000,000 LIBRARY IS OPENED

Golden Key of the Marble Structure Delivered, President Taft Making the Principal Address.

PRAISE FOR THE FOUNDERS

Thousands Admitted to the Building After the Ceremonies—Open to the Public This Morning.

The new Public Library, Fifth Avenue, Fortieth to Forty-second Streets, erected at a cost of $9,000,000 on a $20,000,000 plot, was formally opened and dedicated yesterday afternoon with ceremonies in which President Taft, Gov. Dix, Mayor Gaynor, John Bigelow, President of the library Trustees, and other prominent persons took part.

President Taft came to town purposely to deliver one of the addresses, because, he said, the opening of this library, reaching 8,000,000 people a year, was a matter of National importance. He reached the Pennsylvania Station at 1:04 o'clock, and was driven to the library, where the ceremonies were to begin at 2 o'clock. The police adopted a ruse to prevent his being followed. He did not ride in the heavily escorted limousine which many persons gathered at Forty-second Street and Fifth Avenue took to be his, but in another, which came a few moments later. He was escorted by the Trustees and other guests to the boardroom on the third floor.

Less than 500 persons were admitted to the building, many of the seats, particularly in the corners of the main vestibule opening on Fifth Avenue, where the ceremonies took place, being unoccupied. The acoustics were poor, and many of those even near the temporary platform had difficulty in hearing what was said.

President Taft and Mr. Bigelow, who seemed vigorous in spite of his 93 years, were warmly received. At 2 o'clock the band stationed in one of the balconies overlooking the vestibule began to play "The Star-Spangled Banner," and in a few moments President Taft and Mr. Bigelow appeared at the top of the broad right-hand marble stairway. Behind them came the Governor, Mayor, Andrew Carnegie, Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum, Park Commissioner Stover, Bishop Greer, Archbishop Farley, George L. Rives, and other Trustees and guests, who occupied seats on the platform.

President Taft Welcomed.

The audience rose as President Taft entered, and applauded until he reached his seat and turned to bow in acknowledgement. Mr. Bigelow came in for a large measure of applause when he rose and straightened himself to full height to present Bishop Greer, who offered the invocation. The venerable head of the Trustees had to pause for some moments before the applause had sufficiently subsided to make himself heard. It was recalled that Mr. Bigelow was twenty-two years older than the oldest foundation of the library itself. The codicil of the elder John Jacob Astor's will setting aside $400,000 for a public library was drawn in 1839. Mr. Bigelow even then was a grown man.

The history of the various foundations and the city's part in the enterprise which culminated in the booklovers' marble palace which was being dedicated was traced by Mr. Rives, a Trustee. He related how the three foundations, that of Mr. Astor, James Lenox, and Samuel J. Tilden, of which the library is composed and now for the first time brought together under the same roof, came into being. Speaking of the work of the Trustees toward that end he said:

"It is given to few men to realize their dreams, but we have been so fortunate as to have succeeded thus far beyond our most sanguine hopes. None of us, sixteen years ago, could have looked forward to this splendid result of our labors, if we had not been generously supported by the enlightened intelligence of the people of this imperial city we should have failed, and if we are sometimes tempted to look with mistrust to the future we are encouraged and sustained by the conviction that that same public sentiment, in all quarters of the community, will certainly enable us to go forward in the work that is now so auspiciously begun."

Then came the formal offer of the building from the architects, Carrère & Hastings, through Thomas Hastings, to the officials of the city, and its delivery to President Bigelow of the trustees for public use.

"We are in the library, it is true," said Mr. Bigelow, "but we haven't the key yet. We want the key, and Mr. Hastings is here now, we understand, to give us the key."

Mr. Hastings spoke briefly, referring feelingly to John M. Carrère, his partner, who died a few months ago, and his great interest in the work.

A Key of Gold.

The key which Mr. Hastings delivered to Park Commissioner Stover is gold and of great size. Mr. Stover, who spoke briefly, turned to Mayor Gaynor, who sat near him, and extended the key, saying:

"Mr. Mayor, the building is now ready for occupancy and I hand you the key."

The Mayor took the key and passed it on to President Bigelow of the trustees, saying:

"It is now my duty, I am informed, to hand the key over to the Chairman of the Board of Trustees of this library corporation, which I do with much pleasure.

"You," said he to Mr. Bigelow, "come down to us from a former generation, and therefore attest to us all this day that mental and moral worth in mankind are things of slow growth. We need not be astonished at that, Sir, because that is the practice of God's economy applied to the whole universe. When we look about the universe to material things we see how slowly they groy and mature.

"We have no reason to be discouraged that the growth, mental, moral, and material, of good things is gradual and very slow since that is the design of the Almighty. It is for us in each generation to do our little or much to keep that growth moving forward all the time. We cannot do everything in one generation, much less in one day, as some of my good friends seem to think. But we can do our little part while we are here, and leave something to be done by those, Mr. Bigelow, who come after us; otherwise they would have nothing to do. Those great mental agencies that bring about that gradual growth which is good growth, are the churches, schools, an honest and intelligent public press, the administration of justice by the jury system, and last, but not least, by the diffusion of knowledge through our public libraries. These forces being kept always alive and always at work, even though little by little, finally, I hope, will bring the human race to that stage of perfection which is the dream of all good souls.

"With these remarks, Mr. Bigelow, I hand you this key of the Public Library, with possibilities for doing so much for the human race, for you to keep in your remaining years in office and then to hand down to your successor in office forever and forever."

In his address of acceptance of the library and its key from the Mayor, Mr. Bigelow took a look into the future to that time when, he said, Albany and Troy should be to New York as Bronx and Brooklyn are to-day. In the same connection he expressed the hope that the new library would not have less beneficent effect upon the life of New York than the Cathedral of Notre Dame had had upon Paris and all France.

"Some six centuries ago," said he, "the Cathedral of Notre Dame gave to France a standard in the department of architecture which, dovelike, has so brooded over that and all other departments of art in France for the succeeding years that Paris has become not only the most attractive city in the world, but in proportion to its accommodations the city of the world most economically built and maintained. Need we despair that before the lapse of another 600 years, nay, even before Albany and Troy become, like the Bronx and Brooklyn, only boroughs of Greater New York, this Temple of Minerva in which we are assembled to-day may do as much for the commercial metropolis of America as Notre Dame has assisted in accomplishing for the metropolis of France."

The President's Address.

President Taft followed Mr. Bigelow, referring in his address to the founders of the library and those who have been engaged in its perfection. He said:

"This day crowns a work of National importance. The dedication of this beautiful structure for the spread of knowledge among the people marks not only the consummation of a noteworthy plan for bringing within the grasp of the humblest and poorest citizen the opportunity for acquiring information on every subject of every kind, but it furnishes a model and example for other cities which have been struggling with the same problem, and points for them the true way.

"The accumulation of books, however valuable, however rare, however great in number, in a single library, without facilities for their consultation, examination, and distribution, is like the deposits of great veins of valuable minerals deposited in the earth, known to be there, but without the means and the transportation needed to make the materials available for the use of man.

"It is not in the treasures of the various collections that go to make up this library that its chief value consists, wonderful as these are and much as we are indebted to the Astors and James Lenox for the money, labor, and pain expended in their gathering. It is not in the number of volumes or pamphlets or manuscripts that this library stands out first in the world, for I believe, considered from that standpoint, it is only the sixth or seventh greatest collection; but it is in the facility of circulation and in the immense number of books that are distributed each year for use to the citizens and residents of New York and vicinity that this library easily takes the first rank.

"The completion of this building gives outward and substantial evidence of the perfection of the project. When the story is told of how this great organization was effected, it is hardly credible. The Astor Library, founded in 1849 and begun and enriched by the generosity of three generations of the Astor family, was only a library of reference consisting of rare historical books, pamphlets, and manuscripts.

"The Lenox Library, made possible through the generosity and infinite pains and labor and love of James Lenox, gave to this foundation a precious Biblical collection, and a wonderful library of American history. The Tilden foundation brought 16,000 volumes of a political library and a foundation of $2,000,000.

Praise for the Founders.

"The generosity of these founders, of course, is much to be praised. So, too, the generosity of those who contributed to the New York Public Circulating Library and to the various circulating libraries that are now made a part of this, and so must we applaud the generosity of Mr. Andrew Carnegie, whose munificence will provide for sixty branches in all parts of this great city.

"But after reading the history of these various collections and circulating libraries the fact that impresses itself most upon me, that stands out in the history of the whole movement, is that in the short time since 1895 master minds have conceived the union of all these agencies into one, by which the possible benefit for the individual contained in each is now distributed and brought within the easy and beneficial use of every New Yorker.

"A library which affords constant reference and reading room facilities to 1,700 people and which circulates through sixty branches its books, at the rate of 8,000,000 a year, accomplishes much more in the popular dissemination of knowledge than any other library in the world that the men who conceived the plan and who had the energy, tact, patience, and knowledge with which to execute it are those whom I would congratulate to-day. It is to the Librarian and Trustees of these various foundations that I would convey my profound felicitations.

"Every one who has had to deal with human nature knows the difficulty of securing from those who are independent in control of any organization, however large or small, a willingness to subordinate their own importance and their own freedom by a union of that which is in their custody, with similar trusts in the custody of others, even in order to render all the trusts more effective in the accomplishment of their original purposes.

"To have secured the consent of all the Trustees of the various foundations, to have obtained the necessary legislation authorizing the union, to have secured from the city authorities the use of this magnificent site, and the appropriation of the money for this magnificent structure, required genius and statesmanship, and marks this day as noteworthy, not only because of the expanding usefulness to the people of this library, but also as commemorating a most remarkable success of disinterested human effort in the cause of philanthropy."

Prolonged applause greeted the President's address.

Gov. Dix's Speech.

Gov. Dix, who preceded the President, said:

"I have peculiar pleasure in joining you in the dedication of this noble building, not only for what it is in itself and for what it is to do, but because I have so recently seen our great State Library go up in flame and smoke. And I suspect that the officers of the State Education Department will say that it is well that I should come here in order that I may have a fresh demonstration of the vastness of a public library, and a lively sense of the money that is needed to lay even the foundations of a new one which may be measurably worthy of the State of New York.

"The public library is now more than a collection of books. It is the generator of moral and intellectual energy. It used to serve scholars. Now it serves all the people. The old library waited for the people to come to it. The new library goes to them. It meets the timid cordially. It studies the wants of the people, and supplies them. It knows that intellectual tastes have to be cultivated, and it caters to them. The literature of every profession and of almost every subject has outgrown the means of individuals, but the well-organized public library puts the world knowledge of every subject so within the reach of all that any one who will search in patience and without bias may be able to say almost the last word upon any theme.

"This magnificent public library will be called upon to meet the needs of keener and more complex activities than are manifest in any other city in the world. I have every confidence that it will fulfill its high mission in a way worthy of the great men whose fortunes laid the foundations, and which will merit the further aid of other men with liberal fortunes, as well as the good will and support of all the people of the great city which possesses such a priceless treasure."

The exercises closed with a benediction by Archbishop Farley, who entered and left arm-in-arm with Bishop Green.

The library was opened for inspection by invitation at 4 o'clock, and thousands surrounded the building for an hour before the police got the signal to let them pass. The Trustees had sent out 15,000 invitations, and evidently most of these had been accepted. It was night before the last visitor had departed.

The library will open for the public at 9 o'clock this morning, and will be the first and only public library in the city to be kept open on Sunday afternoons and holidays. It will be open every day in the year.

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TO PUT INSURANCE ON BROADER LINES

Supt. Hotchkiss Predicts That the Near Future Will See Only Two Classes.

STRICTER STATE CONTROL

Rate Supervision Recommended—Four Hundred at the Annual Dinner of the Insurance Society.

State Supt. of Insurance William H. Hotchkiss indulged in prophecy concerning the field of insurance at a dinner celebrating the tenth anniversary of the Insurance Society of New York at the Hotel Astor last night. More than four hundred members of the society sat at tables, which filled the floor space of the grand ball room.

Mr. Hotchkiss said that the next ten years would see stricter State supervision of the companies, and that the day would probably come when arbitray lines of classification would be swept away and there would be only two classes, one of companies which insured against hazard to living things, and the other against hazard to inanimate objects, leaving the way for insurance against any sort of risk. We are not likely to see the establishment of State insurance in the next decade, the Superintendent said, but he looks for more progress in that direction than would generally be believed by insurance men.

He also predicted that the next ten years would see great strides in the way of prevention. The life insurance companies, for example, would study the problem not of preventing death, but of postponing it. He went on:

"The last ten years have been a period of unrest, some believe, but I think it has been a period in which the people have come into their own. It has brought out leaders.

"You have had in those ten years not only the San Francisco, but the Baltimore disaster. And yet the companies under supervision in the New York Department have increased from $300,000,000 to $900,000,000 in resources. One of the things that mark development in this decade is that there has been consolidation in the case of very few of the new fire insurance companies.

"Before the close of the present decade I venture to predict that every field of insurance will have a standard policy. The archaic features will be superseded by something that can be understood by the ordinary citizen.

"In the old days you used to send good fellows to Albany. Do you do that now? The Insurance Department door opens inward and is never closed to a man seeking to propose a reasonable proposition looking to better conditions.

"The highest function of the Insurance Department, next to seeing that citizens are not mistreated by great corporations, is to see that the laws are right and stay right. There is no more any need to contribute to 'joy' funds or hire legislative agents. We believe that lesson has been taught.

"As laws have been made broader there has grown up in various States, leaving New York out for a moment, supervision on a higher plane than that of ten years ago. It means something now. Supervision, if worthy of the Government which gives it standing, must be strong and fearless.

"In recent years we have pushed it further in New York. Nowadays when we have even the idea that some one is forming a company we 'supervise' that idea, look into it, and see that the promoter is not getting all the cream. The administrative branch should supervise to the last penny, and this function should not be undertaken by the judicial branch. So we go on with our supervision until the last dollar is paid to the last creditor. Supervision means more than it did, and it will mean more in years to come.

"In the past years we have been hearing much about rate legislation. A bill is up for consideration which forms the entering wedge. I am not one who considers an insurance company as a common carrier, but I believe we ought to have in this State rate supervision."

Other speakers at the dinner were William H. Merrill, President of the National Fire Protection Association, many of whose members were present; Prof. Albert W. Whitney of the University of California, actuary of the Merritt Investigating committee of the Legislature; Albert R. Hosford, President of the Insurance Society of New York; Alfred T. Hurrell, and Charles L. Case and Henry E. Hess, Vice Presidents of the society.

DISCUSS FIRE PREVENTION.

National Protection Association Opens Annual Meeting Here.

The National Fire Protection Association, an organization of ninety-two societies in all parts of the country and one thousand eight hundred and sixty other outside members, began its fifteenth annual meeting at the Waldorf yesterday morning. The opening session was largely devoted to hearing the reports of committees appointed to examine technically into various classes of apparatus and devices used in fighting fires and reports from the officers of the association.

Of interest to New Yorkers, in view of the threatened water famine, was part of the report of the Committee on Private Fire Supplies from Public Mains. This committee briefly reported a scheme tried in several cities, where some of the water used in fighting fires was not taken from the public water supply, but was diverted from waste water that was not considered good enough for drinking purposes. It was said that in this way a considerable saving of the public water supply was effected.

In the main address of the day Charles S. Meek, Secretary and Treasurer of the National Association of Credit Men, which is a member of the Fire Protection Association, said that the United States could well borrow the name given by the early French settlers to the Algonquin tribe of Indians, "The Fire Nation," because they made a practice of juggling with fire.

"We are outstripping every nation of the world," he said, "in our sacrifices to fire. When the need of the great department of credit men was first realized in the business of the country and we sprang into existence, one of the first things we discovered was that carelessness in precautions against fire was one of the most important factors in impoverishing the Nation's physical resources, and was of supreme importance in fixing individual credit. It had hitherto been an entirely overlooked item of credit. We know nowadays that we must carefully look up the fire insurance habits of our customers, and we require a detailed statement of their conditions in this regard.

"Many years ago the conditions under which fire insurance was sold throughout the country were unfortunate. We found that in the great mass of the small towns' butchers and bakers, Justices of the Peace, constables, superannuated parsons, and the derelicts of the community were those who were selling the policies. In most cases they knew less about what was contained in the policy than the buyer. In general the public was inadequately protected against loss by fire and clamored for low rates, regarding any suggestions for improved conditions by boards of underwriters as impertinent interferences.

"But in later years that has been changed. The companies are more careful in accrediting agents. They have educated them. The companies now realize that the agent is a powerful factor and accept the view that the public has confidence in and consults the agents, accepting his advice, generally buying the policy that he thinks best for them. The whole thing has resulted in a changed attitude on the part of the public toward life insurance."

The address of welcome was delivered by W. H. Merrill, President of the association. He reviewed the work done during the year, and spoke of the public's inability to profit by the lessons of great conflagrations.

"Fifteen years is a brief space of time in the history of an organization; it is briefer in the history of a nation," he said in opening. "Yet for our country this period includes the San Francisco, Baltimore, Chelsea, and Bangor conflagrations, the Windsor, Iroquois, Collingswood, Boyertown, Slocum, Lenox, Cherry, Newark, Chicago stock yards, and Asch disasters; not a day without its long list of properties destroyed and not a month without record of the sacrifice of human life. It marks a burned offering of more than two thousand million dollars worth of our created resources and the lives of more than twenty thousand of our people.

"Many times and in many places have I called attention to these facts, as have others of our members, and if people will listen, we must continue to speak of them; for, otherwise, the lessons which they teach will accomplish less for humanity. Had these twenty thousand persons been killed fighting for their country rather than simply for their lives, their fame would be everlasting. Had these two billions of property value been wiped out by the invasion of a foreign foe, the call for defense would meet with an universal response. But west of the Mississippi people are a bit hazy as to whether a thousand souls perished with the steamer General Slocum from fire or shipwreck, and east thereof not altogether certain as to how or whether each one should play a soldier's part in combating this neighborly enemy—fire."

At to-day's session Walter L. Fisher, the new Secretary of the Interior, is to make an address. Other experts on topics of fire prevention will talk on their subjects.

WOULD BAR RICH ELOPER.

Canada Board of Inquiry for Deporting D'Arrast.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Quebec, May 23.—D'Abbadie D'Arrast is making a big fight at Quebec against the deportation, as undesirable immigrants, of himself and his companion, Miss Helena Benoit, who arrived there yesterday on the Lake Manitoba as Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Wye.

A board of inquiry is reporting to the Minister of the Interior at Ottawa on the case, and, it was learned, recommended that D'Abbadie be deported, but that the girl might be allowed to go free.

D'Abbadie was surprised at being detained by the immigration officials, having committed no crime and being possessed of means and good health. He engaged the services of an advocate to protest to the Immigration Board against detention.

The advocate stated that as the police authorities in France are not looking for D'Abbadie, (who has come here with the intention of establishing himself in the West,) and that he has $4,000 more than the sum asked by the Canadian Government from every immigrant, he ought not to be considered an undesirable immigrant. That he had deserted his wife and family for his children's governess, he considered of little importance.

Miss Benoit, it is said, has two brothers and other relatives in this country, and the Inquiry Board was unanimous in deciding to allow her to remain in the care of her friends.

The law provides that an appeal against the decision of a Board of Inquiry touching the right of any immigrant to land in Canada may be made to the Minister of the Interior. The couple admitted their identity and that they were not married. Advices received in Montreal from Paris to-day give the following details of the disappearance of D'Abbadie:

"On Wednesday, May 10, a little after midnight two janitors went to M. Monthaluc, Police Commissioner of the Cahillot district, and told him that they had found on the gangway in Debilly dock a fashionable overcoat, a pair of black gloves, and a derby hat with a crepe band. In the hat was a visiting card on which was printed: 'Ferdinand D'Abbadie D'Arrast, 14 Josephine Street, Evreux.'

"M. Monthaluc immediately made an inquiry. He learned that D'Abbadie left Evreux on the previous Tuesday morning and that he did not return as expected. The Commissioner sent an officer to the hotel where D'Abbadie had been staying, but learned that he had not been seen there for a month and a half.

"M. D'Abbadie is about 45 years of age. He has a handsome house in Evreux, which he occupied with his wife and three children. Three theories have been offered to explain his disappearance—crime, suicide, and flight."

CRIME GRAND JURORS DINE.

Give Loving Cup to the Foreman and Jeweled Cigar Box to W. R. Wood.

Gathered in extraordinary session in the grand ballroom of the Hotel Gotham, the members of the special Grand Jury which recently investigated police conditions conducted several new and extraordinary lines of investigation last night.

One of the things taken up had to do with the past life of Maynard Hollister, foreman of the Grand Jury, and it was decided that he was in every way entitled to a large and brimming loving cup which was presented to him from his fellow Grand Jurors. Another item had to do with William R. Wood, proprietor of the Hotel Gotham, who was a member of the Grand Jury. He received a jeweled cigar box bearing the engraved names of his Grand Jury associates.

The Grand Jurors, of whom there were twenty-four in the extraordinary session, gathered at the invitation of Mr. Wood to be his guests at a celebration of their recent public service. Besides the jurors there were present Judge O'Sullivan, District Attorney Whitman, Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss, J. B. Reynolds, E. D. Farrell, G. C. Allen, J. A. Flynn, Arthur E. Wood, E. H. Cutler, and Harry S. Ford. There were no formal speeches.

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HEIDEMANN GOES TO THE DEATH CHAIR

Slayer of 10-Year-Old Marie Smith Pays the Penalty of His Crime at Trenton.

REMAINS CALM TO THE END

Spends His Last Hours Writing to His Parents in Germany, Imploring Their Forgiveness.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., May 23.—Frank Heidemann, slayer of 10-year-old Marie Smith of Asbury Park, was put to death to-night in the electric chair at the State prison here. He marched from his cell to the chair calmly and without a sign of fear. With him were Fathers Aloys Fish and Rafael Huber of this city. It took 55 seconds to strap the condemned man in the chair, and the current was turned on at 8:34 o'clock. Only one contact was made and he was pronounced dead at 8:40.

Heidemann spent to-day writing a letter to his parents in Germany. He told them he was about to die, and asked their forgiveness for the disgrace he had brought on himself and them. He also wrote notes to Head Keeper Osborne and members of the death watch, thanking them for kindnesses, and declaring that he was resigned to his fate.

Before he left his cell he asked that Detective Charles Neumeister be told that he had forgiven him. It was Neumeister who caused Heidemann's arrest, and but for him the young German nurseryman might have escaped paying the penalty of his crime. It was Neumeister who lived for weeks with Heidemann, and finally obtained his confession.

Heidemann's crime was committed last November. He was working for a nurseryman at Asbury Park at the time, and by the offer of a bouquet, a gift for her mother, who was ill, he enticed the Smith child into the woods near where he was employed. There he attacked her and choked and beat her to death, stunning her with a blow on the head with a hammer. The body was not found till several days later, and at first no suspicion attached to Heidemann.

A negro, a notorious character, was first arrested and the enraged citizens of Asbury Park threatened to storm the jail and lynch him. Crowds collected in the streets and it appeared for a while as though this threat would be carried out. The negro was spirited out of town as a precautionary measure.

Later the negro succeeded in proving that he was robbing a house some distance away on the day of the attack on the Smith girl, and thus freed himself from the more serious charge. Heidemann was arrested then, but there was no evidence against him and he was discharged, whereupon he left the town and went to New York.

It was then that Neumeister began his work. He scraped an acquaintance with Heidemann in a restaurant in New York, and from then on never left him. The two lived together in various boarding houses in New York, spent a month in Yonkers, six days in Philadelphia, and then went to Atlantic City. It was there that Neumeister got the confession from Heidemann. He posed as a desperate character himself and declared that he was fearful that Heidemann would betray him to the authorities.

To show that he was worthy of the confidence of a man such as Neumeister pretended to be, Heidemann told of the murder. Neumeister said he didn't believe him, and thus persuaded him to tell it over again in the presence of another detective, whom Neumeister introduced as a pal from Chicago. A stenographer took the confession down in an adjoining room, and Heidemann was arrested the next day on the train in which he and Neumeister were leaving Atlantic City.

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NEW NATIONAL HYMN.

Rehearsal in Preparation for Independence Day at City Hall.

A committee of which Dr. George F. Kunz is Chairman, appointed by the Mayor to determine the introduction of a new National hymn in the proposed Independence Day public celebrations, listened to a rehearsal yesterday afternoon by a small picked chorus, under the direction of the author and composer, Arthur Farwell. The accompanist was Alexander Russell.

The work is entitled "Hymn to Liberty," and the three stanzas have respectively the sub-titles: "The Birth of Liberty," "America," and "Prophecy." Broad and dignified in style, it has the stir and swing that must essentially mark a National hymn. "I hear America singing," the inspiriting line of Walt Whitman, is the motif of the poem, and of the music. It will be sung at the Fourth of July ceremonies at City Hall, and probably elsewhere in the city.

KARL JORN AGAIN WEDS.

German Tenor Sails for Europe, Abandoning His Concert Tour.

Karl Jorn, the German tenor of the Metropolitan Opera Company, sailed yesterday for Europe on the Holland-American liner Rotterdam with his bride, to whom he was secretly married in Pennsylvania about five weeks ago. A year ago he divorced his wife and gave her $25,000 so that she could go to Berlin and marry a dentist, Dr. William Miederer.

A few days ago Frederick J. Turner, the manager of the tenor's concert tour, which was to begin the latter part of this month, received a telegram from Mr. Jorn stating that he had married and was very happy. He arrived here on Saturday and booked his passage on the Rotterdam for home the same day.

He said yesterday he would return to New York next January to sing at the Metropolitan.

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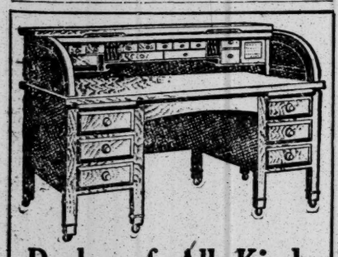

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CAMORRA INFORMER'S DOCTOR IN NEW YORK

Army Surgeon Who Discharged Abbatemaggio from Military Service Says He Is Epileptic.

CONTRADICTS STATE EXPERT

At Viterbo Trial Defense Introduces Evidence in Shape of Eyeglasses and Necktie Against Amedeo.

While at the great Camorra trial in Viterbo yesterday Gaetano Amedeo, the man accused by the prisoners in the cage of having, with Tommaso de Angelis, murdered the Cuocolo couple in June, 1906, was being interrogated a TIMES reporter was interviewing Dr. Giulio de Maffutiis of 206 West 106th Street, who, as a surgeon in the Italian Army in 1904 and 1905, declared Gennaro Abbatemaggio, the informer, an epileptic.

His written testimony has played an important part in the trial, but his personal story of the actions of Abbatemaggio, which caused his release from the army, were told yesterday for the first time.

The doctor is a man of about 30. He speaks English poorly, having been in this country only fifteen months, but he emphasized his statements with graphic gesticulation, and, with the aid of a scrapebook replete with illustrations and clippings, he made himself understood. He left Italy shortly before the Cuocolo murders, he said, and has made a trip around the world as ship surgeon in the employ of various steamship companies. He was married soon after he came to America to a young French prima donna, and has not been back to Italy since 1906.

The lawyers at the famous trial in Viterbo, he intimated, would have had great difficulty in getting him to appear in court, owing to his roving disposition which kept him in any given place for only a very short time.

When asked whether he knew Abbatemaggio, he smiled faintly and said that he had had an experience with him which he was not likely to forget.

"I was a member of the Vicenza Cavalry Regiment, No. Twenty-four," he said. "In December, 1904, we were encamped in Udine, near the Austrian frontier. I had the rank of Lieutenant in the Italian Army and having a medical education, I was ordered to do duty in the hospital ward.

"One day in December of that year, among many other young men who daily applied for admission to the army to serve their compulsory term of four years in the cavalry, came young Abbatemaggio and I was the examning doctor who should pass upon his physical state.

"He passed the examination without difficulty and remained in the cavalry for two months.

"But early in February of the following year he came to me, as his examning physician, one day and told me that he had had an attack of epilepsy. I didn't believe it, for he seemed a perfect physical spemimen, and I told him that I did not believe it, knowing the inclination the young men have to be excused from military service.

"But he complained so persistently that I agreed to put him under observation, and I told him that if he had another attack it must be witnessed by a member of the medical staff. On April 29 he suddenly got an attack, and I saw everything that happened from beginning to end, for it so chanced that I was on duty in the hospital at the time."

When asked how the patient acted when the alleged fit of epilepsy attacked him, the doctor graphically demonstrated his actions and condition.

"He had chronic convulsions," he said, "and fell face down on the floor before I could reach him. There he lay unconscious. His eyes were tightly closed and he grated his teeth as if in great anger. He frothed at the mouth. It was terrible to see.

"I administered to him and brought him around all right. To my surprise, Abbatemaggio knew nothing of what had happened. He looked blankly around the room and asked me if anything was wrong. Then I examined him thoroughly, intent on finding out what was the inherent cause of this attack. I found nothing athropologically or degeneratively wrong with the man. His intelligence was a salert as ever. His senses were keen. All that he would say was that he had told some of his soldier friends in confidence that he had suffered with convulsions many times when a child.

"I diagnosed the case as l'istero-epilessia, and I haven't the slightest doubt that the man was subject to epiliptic derangement. I made my report to the Colonel of the regiment and he ordered Abbatemaggio's release from the cavalry."

When asked if he knew whether Abbatemaggio had any more attacks while in the army or afterward, he said that he did not follow up the case, not being particularly interested in it.

"But I saw him once after that. That was in 1906. I was in Naples and was walking in the streets, alone. A man ran up to me and said:

"'Dr. de Maffutiis, I'm glad to see you again.'

"That was Abbatemaggio. He had a deep cut on his face where a Camorrista had slashed him. He slapped me on the back and said I was a 'good boy,' and that is the last I ever have seen of him."

When asked whether he had ever had any word from him he said that he had not.

According to Dr. de Maffutiis's story, Abbatemaggio showed no signs of insanity whatever. He said that, on the contrery, he appeared to be one of the brightest men he ever came in contact with. He said that he was not what might ordinarily be termed an educated man, but that he possessed all the earmarks of a sound man, mentally.

In contrast to this story told THE TIMES reporter yesterday by a man who knew the famous informer when his alleged epilepsy was in question, stands the assertion of Dr. Polidora, who was called in by the State as a specialist on epilepsy and insanity, who declared, after an examination of the man, that he was not and never had been an epileptic.

This is also the testimony of Abbatemaggio himself, who, when Alessandro Lioy of Naples, counsel for the defense, produced Dr. Maffutiis's certificate stating that Abbatemaggio was an epileptic, replied that he did not want to serve in the army, and feigned epilepsy in order to get his release.

AMERICANS AT THE TRIAL.

D. J. Foster and E. Dana Durand Hear Evidence Implicating Amedeo.

VITERBO, May 23.—The interrogation of Gaetano Amedeo, one of the Crown's witnesses, but who is alleged by Giacomo Ascrittore to have been one of the actual murderers of Gennaro Cuocolo and his wife, was continued at to-day's sitting of the Camorra trial.

D. J. Foster of the United States House of Representatives and E. Dana Durand, Director of the Census of the United States, who have been in Rome attending the conference of the International Institute of Agriculture, arrived here to-day and had special seats in the courtroom.

The scar on Amedeo's wrist, which Ascrittore charges was the result of a wound received by the witness during the assassination of Cuocolo, was examined by a specialist, who announced that he would present his report at a later sitting.

A comparison of the neckties sequestered by the police at the home of Amedeo with that found on the bed of Cuocolo's wife seemed to prove that they were the same.

The lawyers for the defense of the alleged Camorristi then recalled that a pair of eyeglasses had been found beside the body of the murdered man, though nobody had explained from where they came, and the court's permission was asked to compare Amedeo's eyeglasses with those found in the Cupa Calastro at Torre del Greco, where Cuocolo was stabbed to death.

The President of the court gave his consent, which was followed by a wordy war between the lawyers for the defense and counsel for Amedeo, and the sitting was temporarily interrupted.

"IRENE OSGOOD" INDIGNANT.

Tells Cross-Examiner American Wives Are the Best in the World.

LONDON, May 23.—"Irene Osgood," the American authoress, who is suing for a judicial separation from her husband, Robert Harborough Sherard, the English author, occupied the witness box during the entire sitting of the Divorce Court here to-day.

Mrs. Sherard furnished the crowded courtroom with a succession of thrills by her stories of sensational episodes in her married life. She testified that she considered that her life was in danger if she continued to live with her husband.

On being cross-examined Mrs. Sherard denied that she had suggested to her husband that she would provide him with money to obtain a divorce from his first wife, and she declared that she had married Mr. Sherard under protest. The witness occasionaly interrupted the giving of evidence by an outburst of tears.

Mrs. Sherard denied that she told her husband that she was tired of him, and that she would be glad of an excuse to obtain a divorce. She admitted, however, that she occupied a suite of rooms separated from those of her husband by a locked door.

Asked if she had told Mr. Sherard that he must not call her his wife, and that American women did not like to be reminded that they were wives, the witness heatedly replied:

"American women are the best wives in the world, and they love their homes. I never said such a thing."

The trial was again adjourned.

LORDS TO AMEND VETO BILL.

Midleton, Despite Government's Warning, Says They Will Do So.

LONDON, May 23.—Viscount Morley to-day moved the second reading of the Veto bill in the House of Lords. Although he emphasized the fact that the bill must pass the Lords, as it stood, his speech was conciliatory and dwelt on the substantial and important powers still left in the hands of the peers.

Lord Morley said that when the bill had passed it would be open to the Government, not only to consider the reconstitution of the Second Chamber, but also whether some less dilatory procedure than that provided in the Veto bill might not be desirable. He favored a settlement of the question of reform by an agreement between the political parties, but the Government, he said, would not consent to a Second Chamber constructed on a principle of resistance of their legislation.

Lord Morley concluded his address with the hope that the peers would avoid a course "which may land the country in great difficulty and perhaps in grave confusion."

Viscount Middleton said that the Unionists would not oppose the second reading of the Veto bill, but that they would amend it in committee.

TO STOP PORTUGUESE REBELS

Bluejackets on Frontier to Prevent Monarchists from Crossing.

LISBON, May 23.—The bluejackets from the Portuguese cruiser Adamastor, who were landed at Oporto, later proceeded to Caminha, on the River Minho, to prevent monarchist conspirators at Tuy, a Spanish frontier town, from crossing the river into Portugal.

A number of persons were arrested in the northern provinces, charged with circulating alarmist reports. The prisoners were confined on board the Adamastor, but it is announced to-night that they have now been released and that no further arrests will be made.

A collective protest of the Bishops against the Separation law has been issued. It consists of a long exposition in four sections, under the heads "Injustice," "Oppression," "Spoliation," and "Mockery," and concludes by declarinx that the Bishops, priests, and faithful will always unite in manifesting their loyalty and fidelity to the country.

ANOTHER AIRMAN KILLED.

Laemmlin Falls 200 Feet at Strasburg —Death Instantaneous.

STRASEBURG, May 23.—In the course of an aeroplane competition here this afternoon the aviator Laemmlin fell 200 feet.

He was instantly killed.

DR. GRANT SCOFFED AT CHRIST, HE SAYS

Judge Hinckley, in Heresy Trial, Charges That the Clergyman Is a Unitarian.

QUOTES FROM HIS SERMONS

Tells of One Which Destroyed the Faith of a Woman in His Flock—Verdict Expected To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 23.—"The testimony all goes to prove that Dr. Grant is a Unitarian, pure and simple. I say the Presbyterian minister who invites a Unitarian minister to assist him at Christmas service is a Unitarian himself. You might as well ask Jefferson Davis to attend an Abraham Lincoln celebration."

Judge H. M. Hinckley thus summed up the charges to-day against the Rev. Dr. William D. Grant, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church at Northumberland, Penn., at the latter's trial to-day before the Judicial Commission of the Presbyterian General Assembly.

Dr. Grant made a statement in his own defense during the day's session. Members of his counsel, the Rev. William Charles Hogg and John G. Reading, a Williamsport lawyer, pleaded in his behalf, and to-night the fourteen members of the Judicial Commission went into executive session to consider the evidence. They may finish their labors by to-morrow evening.

Judge Hinckley addressed the commission for an hour and forty-nine minutes. He denied Dr. Grant's allegation that the case was the result of a feud in the Northumberland church. He declared that the only point at issue was the question: "Were Dr. Grant's teachings contrary to the Word of God?"

"I wish to say that the lower court erred in refusing to receive the testimony of the Rev. Dr. W. H. Thomas, who was told by Dr. Grant that 'the time will come when there will be 10,000 Christs,'" said the lawyer. "I will show that Dr. Grant disseminated a doctrine contrary to the teaching of the probation church and that he discredited the Deity of Jesus Christ.

"Read his letter to the editor of a newspaper in which he refers to the Christ of the Bible as 'an unnatural, abnormal being, fearfully and wonderfully constructed by theological opinion'; read where he says 'I would no more deny the divinity of Jesus Christ than I would deny the divinity of myself and yourself'; read in the testimony how he explained John, iii., 16, by saying that 'Jesus was the most conspicuous Son of God in the world at that time.'

"Is this not denying Christ? Dr. Grant is putting Christ together with men as sons of God. He wishes to dethrone Christ from the Godhead. In predicting that the time will come when the world will have 10,000 Christs he is taking the same view as Campbell Morgan of the London Temple."

Judge Hinckley quoted the testimony of witnesses to show that Dr. Grant took the Unitarian view of the Master. He quoted his references to "Jesus, Mary, and Martha playing games and dancing around a little."

"This testimony, dovetailed together, is a complete and flat denial of the Godhead of Jesus," declared the lawyer. "The evidence shows that this man, not satisfied with the effect of his public preaching, went to a woman's house with a copy of a sermon in his pocket, and destroyed her faith by instilling doubts in her mind concerning the divinity of Jesus. I say it is a crime for a minister of the Gospel to do such a thing. That sermon which he carried in his pocket on that occasion was poison for that woman's mind.

"The testimony of these witnesses goes to show that this man does not believe in the mediatorial office of Christ, and that he doubts the divinity and the resurrection of Christ. In ignoring Christ's mediatorial office he exhibits his Unitarianism. He said to his Sunday school children: 'My children, we don't need any mediator. Our Heavenly Father is so good that a mediator is not necessary.'

"In preaching on the mediatorship of Christ he took the parable of the prodigal son, in which the prodigal comes home to his father without any mediator, as his theme. He conducted a preparatory service without mentioning Christ. He preached a Christmas sermon without mentioning Christ. He had a Unitarian minister assist him at that Christmas service. If Dr. Grant is not a Unitarian, what is he?"

Dr. Grant's address to the commission contained one passage in which he boldly declared that there were certain passages of Scripture which he could not believe.

"I cannot believe," he said, "that God killed fifty thousand and seventy Bethshemeshites, as the Bible credits Him with doing. I cannot believe that he slaughtered Uzziah. Not a man in this court believes it; not a man in the General Assembly believes it. Yet it is in the Bible."

FRENCH FORCE REACHES FEZ.

No Opposition Near City, Rebels Having Quarreled and Dispersed.

TANGIER, May 23.—The French column under the command of Gen. Moinier entered Fez on the evening of May 21.

The French force met with no opposition from the rebellious tribesmen besieging the Sultan's Southern capital.

All the Europeans in the city are safe.

The latter part of the march of Gen. Moinier's column was uneventful. With the exception of a few bands of Cherada tribesmen, which were easily dispersed by the artillery, the general rebel forces were not encountered.

It is stated that dissensions had broken out among the rebellious tribes besieging the city, and that they engaged in serious fights among themselves, later separating and proceeding to their villages.

Thus the approaches to Fez were freed to the relief column.

CARNEGIE GIFT TO BELGIUM.

Hero Fund with $11,500 Income—Gratefully Accepted.

BRUSSELS, May 23.—M. Davignon, the Belgian Foreign Minister, made the announcement in the Chamber of Deputies to-day that Andrew Carnegie had established a hero fund for Belgium, the annual income of which is $11,500.

In the name of the Government M. Davignon expressed profound gratitude for Mr. Carnegie's generous foundation, and the Minister's statement was greeted with long applause.

The fund is to be administered on the same lines as the French hero fund.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

BERNE, May 23.—Henry Sherman Boutell, on presenting his credentials as American Minister to Switzerland to President Ruchet today, paid a tribute to the Swiss Republic. In the course of his remarks he said: "In the development of civil liberty, of self-government, and of popular education Switzerland has been the inspiration of all the world."

LONDON, May 23.—The search for the will of the "Great Lafayette," who was burned to death in the fire which destroyed the Empire Palace Theatre at Edinburgh, and who was supposed to have left $500,000, has thus far been unavailing. The various safe deposit vaults which he rented in this city have yielded up only unimportant articles.

ROME, May 23.—Pope Pius to-day received in private audience Mgr. McDonough, Vicar General of the Diocese of Portland, Me., who presented to the Pontiff a report on the diocese.

BRAMBACH, Saxony, May 23.—Driven temporarily insane by an accusation of theft, a woman here to-day killed her five children and then comitted suicide.

OXFORD CLUB DRY GIN

DISTILLED IN AMERICA

WHETHER for mixed drinks, medicinal uses, or taken straight, Oxford Club Gin equals any imported gin and costs less.

Baird-Daniels Co.

Distillers

CANNOT AID MRS. MELLON.

England Can Take No Action, as Her Marriage Made Her an American.

LONDON, May 23.—The action of the Pennsylvania Legislature in so far as it affects the case of Mrs. A. W. Mellon, who is being sued for divorce by her husband, a banker of Pittsburg, was brought up in the House of Commons this afternoon by John Cathcart Wason, the member for Orkney and Shetland.

Mrs. Mellon, who was Nora McMullen, daughter of one of the founders of the Guinness Brewing Company of Dublin, was deprived of a trial by jury as a result of the passage of the Scott act, which became a law last month, and Mr. Wason was very anxious that Ambassador Bryce at Washington should be instructed to protect "the interests of an English lady and her children against the alterations of the law, which were to her detriment."

Sir Edward Grey, the Secretary for Foreign Affairs, stated, however, that as the lady ceased to be a British subject through her marriage to an American the British Ambassador could not intervene in her behalf.

LEFT $2,000,000 TO CHARITY.

Greater Part of Wertheimer's Fortune Goes to Jewish Institutions.

LONDON, May 23.—Jewish charities will benefit to the extent of $2,000,000 by the will of Charles Wertheimer, the well-known collector of pictures and objects of art, who died here on April 25.

He left an estate worth $3,640,000.

WATERFRONT RESIDENCE

MALBA

LONG ISLAND

For the man of moderate means

PLOTS $1430.

Water-country-city combined Residential Park 20 minutes by train from Penn. station. Write for plans and maps.

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TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. 18TH & 19TH STS. NEW YORK.

Main Building *Dry Goods and Wearing Apparel*

Everwear Hosiery

For Men, Women and Children

is the ideal for use during the Summer outing—no need of worry about darning and the *appearance after darning.* Everwear is the logical and only satisfactory hosiery to wear with Oxfords on that account. Furthermore, it is sheer, cool and shapely, never bags at the ankle or instep. It is always whole, trim, neat and dressy. Convince yourself.

The Box of Six Pairs with Written Guarantee

FOR MEN
Egyptian Cotton, $1.50 a box
Silk Lisle, $3.00 a box
FOR WOMEN
Egyptian Cotton, $2.00 a box
Silk Lisle, $3.00 a box
FOR CHILDREN
Egyptian Cotton, sizes 5 to 7½ $1.50 a box
Silk Lisle, sizes 5 to 7½, $2.00 a box
Egyptian Cotton, 8 and larger $2.00 a box
Silk Lisle, 8 and larger, $3.00 a box

"Everwear" Silk Hosiery

Men's Pure Silk Half Hose, in black and colors, guaranteed against holes for a period of 3 months; box of 3 pairs— $2

FREE DISTRIBUTION OF COMPLIMENTARY S. H. GREEN TRADING STAMPS IN OUR *MAIN* BUILDING TODAY. (Only 100 free stamps good in any one book.)

(Ladies' Parlor, MAIN Building, Fourth Floor.)

Greenhut Building *Everything for the Home*

Ask for S. H. Green Trading Stamps—We Give Them

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

Spring and Summer Suits 4.50 to 10.00 Underprice

As the days pass the immediate need of Spring and Summer clothes becomes more evident, and these values cannot but increase in compelling interest.

The phenomenal success of one department (our wholesale special tailoring) has delayed in tailoring several thousand suits which are only now completed, and as a consequence you may participate in values which are without precedent, season considered, in the Smith Gray & Co. stores.

There are fabrics of every weight, color and design—more than 300 in all—in sixteen two and three button English soft roll and regular lapel models—full lined, half lined and quarter lined—two and three piece suits for men, young men and boys.

Come in to-day while just the fabric in just the model in your size is still here, *and save 4.50 to 10.00.*

Spring and Summer Suits that would regularly be 20.00, 22.50 and 25.00... 15.50

Here are upwards of one hundred smart styles of high grade yarn dyed and serge worsteds, worsted cheviots, crashes, blue serges and homespuns, in hair line, pencil and fancy weave stripes, diamond weave checks, neat overplaid and check designs, in more than a dozen correct models in two and three piece suits for men and young men.

Spring and Summer Suits that would regularly be 22.50, 25.00 and 27.50... 18.50

Here you will find in more than one hundred styles exclusive velours, fine worsteds, excellent worsted cheviots and cravennetted mohairs and blue serges of finest Australian wool. There are fancy weave and stripe weave blues, silk mixture stripes on black grounds, new club and pin check designs, new stripe ideas and plain wale weaves, in upwards of a dozen different good style ideas, including the popular Norfolks, in two and three piece models for men and young men.

Spring and Summer Suits that would regularly be 27.50, 30.00 and 32.50... 22.50

In the assortment are shown some seventy-five exclusive styles of velours, flannels, Saxony cassimeres, English and Scotch weave cheviots, clear and mill finished worsteds, from the world's famous weavers. Here too, you will find new high brown shades, new hop sack weave blue Oxfords, new metal grays, new and exclusive olive and brick shades, neat grays, silk mixtures and fancy blues, in English soft roll and plain lapel models in a dozen distinctive styles for men and young men.

Spring and Summer Suits that would regularly be 35.00 and 37.50..... 27.50

Included are upwards of sixty of the finest foreign and domestic fabrics. There are silk mixtures and silk stripe designs on black grounds—handsome English worsteds in beautiful grays in Glenn checks, overplaid stripes and step weaves—also new brown stripe weaves of finest unfinished worsteds and smart new diamond weaves of fancy blues. All in all, you have here the finest attainable standard in ready-for-service tailoring at greater values than we have ever before been able to offer at this season of the year.

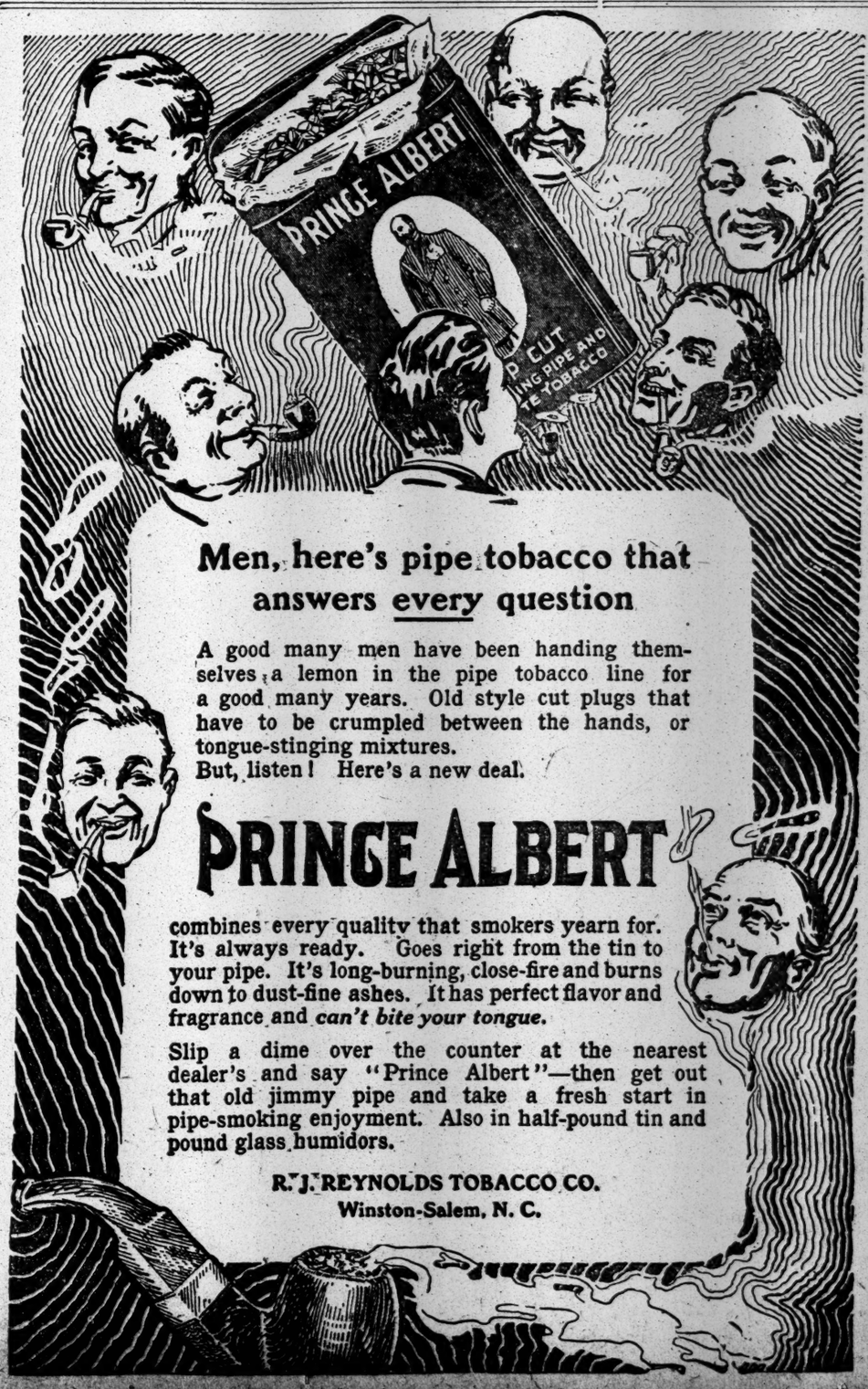
Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs.

Auto Clothes Book on Request.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.



Men, here's pipe tobacco that answers every question

A good many men have been handing themselves a lemon in the pipe tobacco line for a good many years. Old style cut plugs that have to be crumpled between the hands, or tongue-stinging mixtures.

But, listen! Here's a new deal.

PRINCE ALBERT

combines every quality that smokers yearn for. It's always ready. Goes right from the tin to your pipe. It's long-burning, close-fire and burns down to dust-fine ashes. It has perfect flavor and fragrance and *can't bite your tongue.*

Slip a dime over the counter at the nearest dealer's and say "Prince Albert"—then get out that old jimmy pipe and take a fresh start in pipe-smoking enjoyment. Also in half-pound tin and pound glass humidors.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO.

Winston-Salem, N. C.

Belle Terre

COMMANDS THE SOUND
North Shore, L. I.

Charming cottage, roomy, with wide porches, on cliff close to water and club house; has 538 feet shore front. Social life, golf, tennis, yachting, fishing, etc. To let fully furnished; rare chance.

DEAN ALVORD COMPANY
111 Broadway Tel. 3195 Rector

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Jobber's Place and Power

We believe the future jobber will be a greater factor in distribution and demand than ever in the past. We believe that the interests of the jobber and of the advertising manufacturer are one. Without doubt the jobber must adjust himself to the new conditions, but no less must the manufacturer.

Yesterday the jobber was the manufacturer's sole means of reaching the consumer. Naturally the jobber controlled the situation. He could control what the manufacturer should produce and at what profit. The destiny of the manufacturer was largely in his hands.

Today advertising is giving the manufacturer's goods identity with the consumer. The consumer is asking for those goods *by name*. The jobber must supply them—or the manufacturer must sell direct to retailers. Advertised goods are dominating the market.

Everyone knows that the backbone of successful advertising is Distribution. The jobber of tomorrow will be a specialist in distribution. He will cover his territory with scientific thoroughness, precision and knowledge. He will know the commanding points of distribution and how to handle them; yet no channel of distribution will be too unimportant to be systematically deepened and quickened to its capacity. He will be a master of dealer stimulus and consumer stimulus. With the advertised product behind him he will be a developer of new channels of distribution, of new fields of demand.

He will have his finger on the pulse of consumption—of buying power—of demand—of competition. He will apply himself to the great problems of improved *quality* of demand and of lower *costs* of distribution. He will know the special treatment for the special problem. His will be the impregnable monopoly of specialized experience and influence. He will *be able to guarantee the success of an advertised product in his territory.*

The destiny of the jobber is knocking at his door. Some of the most successful jobbing houses in the country are already directing their efforts along the new lines.

The chapter on jobbers in our new 40-page booklet on modern merchandising is worth any jobber's reading. It is sent free on request.

The
Curtis Publishing Company

Chicago Boston Philadelphia
New York

The circulation of The Ladies' Home Journal is more than 1,400,000 a month. That of The Saturday Evening Post is more than 1,850,000 a week. We have reached this commanding position in our field by the same merchandizing methods we propose to you.

Subscribers to The New York Times who fail to receive a single copy of The Times should immediately notify the Circulation Department. Readers who are unable to purchase The Times of any news stand or on any railroad train or steamboat, will confer a favor by promptly reporting the fact.—Adv.

DEMANDS JAIL TERMS FOR THE DUVEENS

Prosecutor Wise Opposes Leniency for Art Dealers Who Admit Customs Frauds.

TURNED BACK $1,200,000

But Should Be Punished for Their Deliberate Crimes, Mr. Wise Urges—Court Postpones Action.

United States District Attorney Wise made a spirited plea yesterday before Judge Martin in the United States Circuit Court that prison sentences be imposed on Henry J. Duveen, head of Duveen Brothers, and Benjamin J. Duveen, the youngest member of the firm, who had just previously pleaded guilty to customs frauds. "Low down swindlers" and "smugglers" were among the epithets that Mr. Wise applied to the Duveens, tracing a conspiracy to defraud the United States Government by smuggling and undervaluation of art objects over a period of many years. He referred to Henry J. Duveen's hopes of being knighted at the Coronation of King George V.

John B. Stanchfield, counsel for the Duveens, had made a plea for leniency, and had asked that a nominal fine be imposed in view of the fact that his clients had paid $1,200,000 into the United States Treasury last month in settlement of the civil claims against them arising from the frauds.

"When we paid that enormous sum," said Mr. Stanchfield, "we purchased peace and bought repose. That was our theory of the settlement; and now Mr. Wise turns around like a comedian and assumes that he has the right to ask for the punishment of these men for other acts not mentioned in the indictment. I urge that professionally, morally, and ethically, he has no right to take such a stand in this case, a full history of which I have given to the court."

"In every negotiation I have had with Mr. Stanchfield," retorted Mr. Wise, "I have always given him the positive assurance that it made no difference whether a million or a billion dollars was paid by the firm, it should be understood that the settlement was to have no bearing on the criminal prosecutions then pending."

Mr. Wise went on to say that Henry J. Duveen was the prime mover in a conspiracy by which the United States Government had been cheated of millions of dollars and that he had consented to accept $1,200,000 as compromise repayment only because he had looked up the assets of the "four British subjects," who comprised the Duveen firm and who were located on this side of the water, and was convinced that he could collect no more. "The facts in this case, if your Honor please, are," continued Mr. Wise, "that these gentlemen were not only engaged in undervaluation, because that is the howl they are trying to put up, that they were merely undervaluing, and that undervaluation was a thing that was general; but these men were engaged in smuggling. For instance, when a cabinet, Louis XV. or Louis XV., came into this port, what happened? Entered as a manufacture of wood or some such classification as that. In the drawer of that cabinet, articles of immense value were sealed up, not declared on the invoice, not covered by the entry; and in the mail that brought the invoice to these men, saying that they were going to make the entry at the Custom House, were two letters, one in which they say, 'we hand you herewith our Consular invoice for a cabinet per S. S. Majestic; in the drawer of the cabinet you will find a Gobelin, (or some other kind of tapestry,) for which we inclose a private invoice and we inclose a protecting letter, which you may use.'"

"What was the date of that?" asked Judge Martin.

"Date of it?" echoed Mr. Wise. "Every day. Hundreds of times. I have a stack of them here and I will read them to the court and submit them to the court. A protecting letter, if your Honor please, coming in the mail, jacketed under cover with this false and fraudulent invoice, conveying knowledge to every man that handled it that it was tainted with criminality, read as follows:

Messrs. Duveen Brothers, New York.

Gentlemen: We very much regret to find that our packer in packing the cabinet covered by our invoice per steamship Majectic failed to take out of the drawer an old piece of tapestry which was there while it was in our warehouse. We very much regret this, and will be obliged to you if you return it at once.

"Now, your honor, that didn't happen once, it didn't happen twice; it happened hundreds of times. And did they use that protecting letter? Did they return that tapestry? No. That tapestry went into consumption in this country without ever being entered at the Custom House, and these men that do that are as low down a lot of smugglers and swindlers as have been brought to the bar within all the nine and a half years I have been prosecuting crimes for the Government.

"Starting about Feb. 10, 1910, just an arbitrary date, because they had been doing it for years before that, they continued this thing down to the date that Henry Duveen was taken off the steamship by me when he came here in October, 1910, and on the ship that brought him to this port there was merchandise brought here at his instance and at the instance of his partners which was undervalued, and I want to state that from the first day of January down to that date every article dutiable that was brought in by these men was undervalued, except where it was smuggled.

"Hanging in the home of George Gould on Fifth Avenue to-day there is a tapestry as big as half the size of this room that was brought in by these men and not a dollar of duty paid on it. That is the substance of it. I will submit to your Honor documentary proof made by these men of their own guilt. I have a volume of it here that shows that they are not casual and accidental criminals, but that they were constant, deliberate criminals, and that they should be punished by a substantial sentence."

Mr. Stanchfield rose to plead that Henry J. Duveen was an ill man, as doctors were ready to testify, and that there was little hope of his recovering his health until the incubus of the indictment should be removed. To this Mr. Wise retorted:

"I don't deny that this man is not in the best of health, but he is here. If he had committed murder he would be executed. He has stolen a great deal of money from the Government and he ought to go to jail."

Benjamin J. Duveen, 30 years old, was referred to by Mr. Stanchfield as the "boy of the firm," and Judge Martin was told that he had been a member of the firm only five months. Mr. Stanchfield said that what Mr. Wise had been discussing was outside the indictment, to which his clients had pleaded guilty, which included only the undervaluation of three vases.

"Mr. Stanchfield may be able to fool a jury," answered Mr. Wise, "by specious arguments, but here is a good Judge who knows as much law as he does and cannot be deceived by a misstatement of the facts. The conspiracy was formed by the Duveens to enter merchandise subject to duty at less than its true value by means of a false classification and fictitious and perjured invoices. It was a general conspiracy to defraud the United States carried on by these men at the Port of New York. It was only necessary for the purposes of the indictment to describe a single overt act, the smuggling of the vases. We could have mentioned the entering of a consignment of goods worth $200,000 on a perjured invoice stating that they were worth but $5,800, but the overt act committed in connection with the importation of the vases was a sufficient plea. We did not have to plead every overt act; one overt act made it a good pleading. If Mr. Stanchfield thought that we would be limited to proof on these vases he would have gone to trial in fifteen minutes. He knew that upon the trial of this action the Government would bring here entry after entry, day after day, of merchandise valued as much as $200,000 at a time, entered on false and perjured invoices stating the value to be $5,800.

"That is the character of the criminal that is at this bar, and the idea that gentlemen of wealth, gentlemen who expected to be knighted at the coronation this year, can commit crimes ad libitum, ad infinitum, every day is behind this plea for clemency. The man at the bar is not a citizen of the United States, he is a British subject coming here to the United States."

"Did you say he was going to be knighted?" asked Judge Martin.

"I didn't say the British King was going to make such a mistake," replied Mr. Wise, "I said he hoped to be. He is a British subject coming to this country, enjoying the privileges granted to him, and enriching himself by cheating the Government of millions of dollars. If he had not cheated the Government, he would not have paid back the money."

Judge Martin announced that he would not sentence the Duveens until he had consulted with the other Judges of this circuit. Pending sentence, he allowed the Duveens to change their pleas to not guilty, so that they might continue at liberty. Henry J. Duveen under $75,000 cash bail and Benjamin J. Duveen under $50,000 cash bail. Louis J. and Joseph Duveen pleaded guilty on March 27 last and were fined $10,000 each.

INSPECTORS TO STOP HOUSE WATER WASTE

The Mayor Thinks the City May Have a Supply for 200 Days Even if No Rain Falls.

NO WATER TO LAY DUST

Street Cleaning Department Unable to Flush the Streets and Supply for Sprinklers Is Cut Short.

Mayor Gaynor does not feel apprehensive of a water famine. He said yesterday that while there was, of course, a serious shortage in the supply, there was sufficient in reserve to care for the regular needs of Manhattan and the Bronx for 200 days in case there was no rain in all that time, ample enough to raise the gauge in the watersheds, a contingency he did not think probable.

Extra precautions to conserve the supply on hand are being taken at once by the Water Department.

The Board of Aldermen authorized yesterday an issue of revenue bonds to put $100,000 at the disposal of Water Commissioner Thompson for the payment of 200 additional Inspectors, who are to be employed in a house-to-house canvass to stop waste of water. The ordinance was defeated last week, but this week Alderman Dowling, the Tammany leader, succeeded in drumming up the necessary 60 votes, with one to spare.

As soon as the action of the Aldermen has been confirmed by the Board of Estimate, Mr. Thompson will begin putting at work men who are readily available from the civil service lists. Their pay will be about $90 a month, and it is proposed to keep them at work four months. In that time, Mr. Thompson estimates, they will be able to inspect and reinspect practically all the buildings in Manhattan and the Bronx, the boroughs affected by the present shortage in the water supply.

These men will reinforce the regular men who have been visiting tenements and apartment houses and warning the landlords that leaky fixtures must be repaired. The Inspectors will not stop with warnings, but will enter each apartment and make their own observations.

The Street Cleaning Department has begun to feel the effects of Mr. Thompson's policy of conservation. Commissioner Edwards has been trying for two years to get enough water to put into operation his plan for flushing the streets. He has been held off by the Water Department. Now he has been cut down even on the water used by sprinkling carts.

Provision was made in the budget for seventy-three sprinkling carts, but Commissioner Thompson is now permitting him to use only twenty-one, and the last permit issued for them was for only four days. Besides this all the private sprinkling carts, such as those used by the Fifth Avenue Association, have been cut off from supply. The Street Cleaning Department is now cut down to 25,000 gallons a day, as against 1,500,000 that would be needed for flushing. Mr. Edwards has reduced his demand for this purpose to 500,000 gallons, but, of course, has no chance of getting it now. In order to protect himself from public condemnation as the flying dust and dirt increase he has written to the Mayor, asking if it is not possible to get more water, and if not that the Mayor will state this fact publicly.

In the meantime Mr. Edwards has been at work on a plan to use river water for part of the street flushing he wants to undertake. He has ordered a machine, which will be ready for experimenting in two or three days, which is expected to make this possible.

Water Commissioner Thompson, on his return to his office yesterday from his tour of the Brooklyn watershed with Mayor Gaynor, was not favorably inclined toward any of the plans that have been advanced for an emergency water supply, but rather to depend on restriction in the use of water.

"In regard to taking additional water from the Ten Mile River," said he, "it could not be done this year, as in all probability if the Croton River is running dry the Ten Mile River would be in the same condition by the time we could connect up. In the next place the law would not allow us to divert this water from the State of Connecticut. It would probably be held up in the courts. In addition, the New York State law forbids us from taking any water from Dutchess or Putnam County. It would take eight months, assuming that the city now held title to the land and the department had carte blanche, to carry out the necessary contracting work."

Commissioner Thompson took occasion to deny a report that the water shortage was due to a blunder by the city authorities.

"That is not the case," he said. "There was no order last Fall or at any time to draw down the entire stock of water in Croton Lake. The fact is that the water in Croton Lake has been used up gradually as the city needed it, every drop of it coming through the aqueduct. It is not true that there would be a risk of losing a large unknown quantity of water if we turned into Croton Lake the water from our upper reservoirs. We can get every drop we draw from these reservoirs.

"As to the statement that there was a fountan at Sodom Reservoir up at Brewsters which was being run for the appreciation of the population. This is not a fountain, but simply the way the reservoir is designed for letting the water out of it.

"I did not state that there is no such thing as a water famine, as nobody can tell whether there will be one or not. All our engineers are agreed that the way the Croton watershed has been handled during the past year has been correct, and that if we had to do it over again they would do it in exactly the same manner."

Regarding the trip he made with the Mayor on Monday, Mr. Thompson said:

"It was taken simply in order that the Mayor might become familiar with the water conditions in Suffolk County in its relation to an additional supply of water to the city of New York, and that he might be familiar with the Brooklyn watershed."

Commenting yesterday on Commissioner Thompson's view of the Ten Mile River emergency project, Charles W. Baker, editor of The Engineering News, who has been agitating the proposal, said:

"My estimate that the work could be done in from two to four months stands. I have taken pains to confirm it and have assurances from one of the biggest contracting concerns that they stand ready to complete the pipe work in ninety days. Another company of high standing tells me it can install the necessary pumping station in 120 days and that it would be sufficiently advanced in ninety days for the water to be turned on.

"So far as the decision of Judge Shipman is concerned, as I understand it, it prevents one State from drawing water from another State. That is not the proposition involved in the Ten Mile River project. What we propose is to use water in New York State before it enters Connecticut. If the decision prevented that it would mean that neither New York nor Connecticut could use the water. That would be a fine state of affairs for the lawyers to contemplate, and I think it would be about time for them to cause a change in the law."

LAWYER EPSTEIN GUILTY.

Confesses Forgery In First Degree In Signing a Client's Name.

Alfred Epstein, a lawyer of 320 Broadway, pleaded guilty yesterday in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court to one of the several indictments against him. He admitted the crime of forgery in the first degree in forging the signature of Walter D. Schmidt, a client, to the subordination of a first to a second mortgage, on which a loan of $2,000 was obtained.

Epstein will be sentenced Monday, June 5. Epstein's troubles followed an investigation of his practice after he had brought suit for a mysterious Julia Smith, described as a taxpayer, to prevent payment to Daniel F. Cohalan of the $48,000 warrant which caused a controversy between Mayor Gaynor and William R. Hearst.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth, prevents tooth decay and imparts purity and fragrance to the breath.

ASKS DELAY ON CHARTER.

City Club Wants Investigation of Board of Education Concluded First.

The City Club sent to Mayor Gaynor yesterday a letter urging him to have the Legislature delay action on the provision of the so-called Gaynor Charter doing away with the present Board of Education and establishing a small, paid commission in its place until the results of the Board of Estimate's investigation of the board have been made public.

The letter recalls that the Mayor concurred in the resolution providing for the inquiry, and says further:

"We know that your Honor would not have voted for this appropriation if it was unnecessary and undesirable; nor would you have asked three members of the Board of Estimate to give their time to this inquiry if that time was to be wasted.

"These things being so, we respectfully but earnestly ask your Honor to delay reorganization of the present educational department until the results of this inquiry are at hand. We are sure that such reorganization can more efficiently and safely be made after, rather than before, this inquiry. In so saying we speak for those whose minds are open as your own to follow to whatever conclusion the facts revealed logically lead."

Queens Grand Jurors Want More Pay.

When the Spring planting was done or the crops harvested, farmers in the old days in Queens County took their outings at the expense of the county by getting their names on either the Grand Jury list or the list of petit jurors, thereby enjoying a trip to the city with expenses paid and $2 a day besides. Since consolidation, however, the juror gets only $2 a day and is even compelled to buy his own meals. In addition, Grand Juries are often kept in session for an entire month, so the present Grand Jury has drawn up a petition, which was presented to Justice Kapper in the Queens County Supreme Court, and will be forwarded to the State Legislature, asking that the compensation of Grand Jurors be raised to $4 a day and mileage as is now paid to Grand Jurors in both Manhattan and Brooklyn.

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Men's Summer Suits in blues, grays and browns enlivened by bright pencil stripes—

Blues, grays and blacks, plain and with self stripes—

Fancy Mixtures that include most of the colors of the rainbow and some the rainbow never owned. All perfect fitting, $18 to $45.

Lightweight Overcoats...$16 to $42

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CARPET CLEANSING
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New York has never seen a straw hat assortment to compare with the present Smith Gray & Co. display—in every respect it is a world's exposition. There is no good producing centre but has given its best to make this the most complete, the most exhaustive straw hat assortment ever brought together.

North America, South America, Switzerland, Saxony, Belgium, Italy, Japan and China—each in turn, has yielded its choicest products and best efforts that every taste may be satisfied, that every good style idea may be met.

They are here by the thousands, in every style and braid and finish, in every width of brim and height of crown. Never before has there been brought together quality, service, style and value coupled with the magic of the names of famous makers, to the extent found in this present exposition.

BLUM & KOCH Straw Hats.
"The Straw Without a Flaw."
Fine China split braid, yacht styles....3.00
Coarse and fine Sennits, yacht styles....3.00
Mackinaws, staple shapes....3.00
Mackinaws, low crown with pencil curl to brim....3.00
Swiss and fine China, yacht styles....4.00
Extra clear whole straw Sennits, yacht styles....4.00
Belgian split yacht shapes....5.00
Milan soft braid hats....5.00
Bangkoks in telescope styles—with roll brims and flat brims—also with the popular pencil curl brims..6.00 & 8.00

KNOX-made Straw Hats
China split braids, fine and coarse Sennits and Mackinaws....3.00
China split braids, extra clear whole straw Sennits, and Mackinaws....4.00
Extra fine China split braids....5.00

SMITH GRAY & CO. Straw Hats
Here you will find in excellent assortment, in every braid and finish, height of crown and width of brim, that characteristic individuality, that distinctiveness of style, which you have always found, and which you have a right to expect, in the Smith Gray & Co. stores. Many of the styles are exclusive—all are in excellent taste—all carry with them absolute assurance of correctness. Prices range from....3.00 to 5.00

SMITH GRAY & CO. Panama Hats
Waiving the unsettled condition of the Panama market and the consequent difficulty of maintaining that high standard which has been associated with Smith Gray & Co. Panama Hats for many years, we have to thank a particularly fortunate and timely purchase for the finest selection of Ecuadorian and Peruvian Panama hats we have ever been able to offer. All are extra fine, firm and evenly braided—all of natural bleach—the prices are....6.00 to 20.00
Special—regular 6.00, 7.00, & 8.00 values....4.50

SPECIAL—2.50, 3.00, 4.00 & 5.00 Straw Hats....1.75
Here, all things considered, is the most wonderful hat value in New York. The assortment comprises traveler's samples from a representative house, cancelled orders and hats made from odd lots of braid after the close of the regular manufacturing season, secured at tremendous reductions, which made possible the keeping together of various organizations. Included, too, is a most fortunate import purchase, secured materially underprice from a world's famous English straw hat maker. There are yacht shapes in fine China and Belgian splits—English and American split Sennits in soft, square or round edges, in upwards of twenty five dimensions. There are fine grades of Mackinaws, Milans, Shingkees and soft split straws. There is, as a matter of fact, every braid in every shape, style and dimension—and every hat in the entire assortment was made to sell at 2.50, 3.00, 4.00 or 5.00 instead of..1.75

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Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
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Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
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That Summer Novel
Is Just Published
ESSENCE OF HONEYMOON
By H. Perry Robinson

"When a married couple leave a hotel," I said to Euphemia, "the wife should walk quite independently of the husband. You need not cling to me." "But I wasn't going to," interrupted Euphemia—"walk straight on to the front door and strive to convey the impression that you are accustomed to having a husband around."

Everybody who has ever indulged in a honeymoon will laugh over the delicious humor of the situations, and everybody who hasn't been honeymooning would better steer clear of the book altogether—it is too fine, too dainty for the uninitiated.

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R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Macy's
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SALE OF RAG RUGS 3rd Fl.
Manufacturer's Entire Stock of Two Fine Grades.
These are the fine quality "Dolly Madison Poster Rug" and the very heavy quality "Plymouth Rug." They were on sale on Monday at about one-third less than regular, and as our purchase was a particularly large one there is still a great opportunity for those furnishing their Summer homes. The colorings are good, plain effects in blues, tans, grays, greens and red; also mixed effects with the poster border, representing Washington's birthplace, Lincoln's home, Independence Hall, &c. The Poster Rugs are in sizes 6x9 ft., 8x10 ft., and 9x12 ft. only.

Size.	Reg.	Special.	Size.	Reg.	Special.
36 in. x 36 in.	$1.15	74c	4 ft. x 7 ft.	$3.50	$2.39
27 in. x 54 in.	$1.45	94c	6 ft. x 9 ft.	$7.50	$4.94
30 in. x 60 in.	$1.75	$1.19	8 ft. x 10 ft.	$12.00	$7.74
36 in. x 72 in.	$2.35	$1.59	9 ft. x 12 ft.	$15.00	$9.94

We Are Also Featuring Crex Grass Rugs at the Following Low Prices:

Plain Colors.				With Grecian and Scroll			
36 in.x18 in.	26c	4 ft.x7 ft.	$2.09	36 in.x18 in.	44c	4 ft.x7 ft.	$2.18
24 in.x48 in.	48c	6 ft.x 9 ft.	$3.38	21 in.x48 in.	59c	6 ft.x9 ft.	$4.14
30 in.x60 in.	76c	8 ft.x10 ft.	$5.14	30 in.x60 in.	$1.04	8 ft.x10 ft.	$5.48
36 in.x72 in.	$1.09	9 ft.x12 ft.	$6.89	36 in.x72 in.	$1.24	9 ft.x12 ft.	$7.74

WHITTALL'S Anglo-Persian WILTON RUGS
at Prices well below the Standard.

Price	Size	Elsewhere	Price	Size	Elsewhere
$48.74	9x12 ft.	$55.00	$44.74	4½x10½ ft.	$50.00

Royal Wilton Rugs
Striking Oriental designs and colorings to harmonize with the various rooms.

Price	Size	Elsewhere	Price	Size	Elsewhere
$27.74	9 x12 ft.	$37.50	$4.48	3x6 ft.	$6.75
$23.74	8½x10½ ft.	$35.00	$2.69	27x54 in.	$4.25

Straw Matting from China and Japan
China Mattings

40 yd. roll Sale	Reg.	20 yd. roll Sale	40 yd. roll Sale	Reg.	20 yd. roll Sale
$5.48	$6.48	$2.74	$8.24	$9.48	$4.12
$6.74	$7.89	$3.74	$9.98	$11.89	$4.99

Japanese Mattings

40 yd. roll Sale	Reg.	20 yd. roll Sale	40 yd. roll Sale	Reg.	20 yd. roll Sale
$8.48	$9.89	$4.24	$9.98	$11.89	$4.99
$9.48	$10.89	$4.74	$17.24	$19.48	$3.62

LINOLEUMS—Macy's Specialty
50 rolls of 2½ yards wide, printed linoleum, elsewhere 75c square yard....Macy's price, square yard 39c

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Lexington to 3d Ave. 59th to 60th St.

No matter whether you travel via auto, carriage, surface car, elevated train or afoot, Bloomingdales'—"The Store of Certain Satisfaction"—is easily and quickly reached from anywhere, convenient now to everywhere.

Women's Pure Silk Hosiery, 79c
The market is full just now of so-called silk hosiery, and very much of it is unworthy of consideration. These Bloomingdale Silk Stockings have passed the critical eye of an expert, and measure up to the standard of the very best grades made—in fact, as good as stockings selling now in other stores at $1.50. They are full fashioned, with high spliced heels and double soles, and come in black, white and tans. Guaranteed to wear or another pair. At the very unusually low price of 79c.

Men's Guaranteed Silk Half Hose
Advertised by others at 50c, of first quality, made with reinforced heels and toes, in black, tans, navy and grays, at the exceptionally special price of....29c

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JAMES BRAID SAYS:
No Athlete can do himself justice if his feet hurt. Many thousands are using daily, abroad and in this country, Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. All the prominent Golfers and Tennis Players at Augusta, Pinehurst and Palm Beach got much satisfaction from its use this Spring. It gives a restfulness and a springy feeling that makes you forget you have feet. It prevents soreness, blisters or puffing and gives rest from tired, tender or swollen feet. Seventeen years before the public, over 30,000 testimonials. Allen's Foot-Ease is sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

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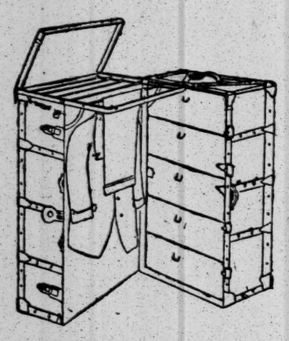
Cross "Rite Hite" Wardrobe Trunk

Newest Trunk for Men



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With Compartments for Thermos

For 4 Persons—21 Inches Long x 13½ Inches Wide x 8½ Inches Deep—English Willow, Leather Lined, with Two Compartments for Thermos Bottles—Supplied with Enamelled Plates—Glasses and Olive Jar, Wicker Covered—Napkins—Porcelain Butter Jar—Plated Knives, Bone Handles, Forks, Spoons—Pepper and Salt Bottles—2 Unbreakable Porcelain Plated Food Boxes—Double Handle on Basket—Lock and Key—Without Thermos..... $31.00
For 2 Persons Without Thermos Bottles..... $18.50
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Pint Thermos Bottles—From..... $2.00
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BRYAN DIX'S GUEST; ADVISES LEGISLATORS

Urges Indorsement of Income Tax, Popular Election of Senators, and Direct Primaries.

PRAISED BY THE GOVERNOR

Vindicated, He Says, After Being the Subject of Prejudice and Misrepresentation—Lawmakers Indifferent.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 23.—William J. Bryan came to the Capital to-day to deliver a lecture on "The Signs of the Times" under the auspices of the Albany Civic League and the Tenth Regiment Association. He arrived at noon, and having some time to spare before the hour set for the lecture, improved the interval by making an address before the Legislature.

He was the guest of Gov. Dix at the Executive Mansion, where a dinner was given in his honor this evening. Ex-Controller Martin H. Glynn also entertained the Commoner at a luncheon at the Ten Eyck, to which members of the Citizens' Reception Committee and a number of legislators and State officials had been invited. Gov. Dix presided at the lecture Mr. Bryan gave at the armory to-night.

Mr. Bryan was escorted to the Assembly Chamber by Mr. Glynn, where he addressed both houses of the Legislature. His reception was cordial but not boisterous, and his appeal to the lawmakers to pass "the" income tax resolution and a thoroughgoing Direct Primary bill was received with only moderate applause.

In his speech before the Legislature Mr. Bryan tendered his congratulations on the result of the Senatorial contest. "In Senator O'Gorman you will have a representative in Washington in whose selection the Democratic Party in the Nation rejoices," said Mr. Bryan. "He is a man big enough for the great office for which he was chosen, and will carry into it a strong, broad sympathy for the common people."

Mr. Bryan said that as an occasional sufferer from the lack of harmony in the Democratic Party he felt justified in expressing his pleasure over the unity of purpose that now existed among Democrats in every section of the country. He then urged on the legislators to pass the Federal income tax resolution, which, he said, he understood the party was pledged to through the Rochester platform.

"We were pledged to indorse 'an' amendment, not 'the' amendment," said Assemblyman Terry of Brooklyn, rising in his seat.

"Yes, yes," arose from all parts of the chamber.

"Is it possible," asked Mr. Bryan, "that you have a platform in New York that is not specific enough to be understood as to what it indorses? If the platform indorsed it, then I submit that it is a violation of the principles of representative government for any man elected on that platform to vote against the indorsement of this measure, unless in the campaign he openly repudiated it. I believe a man who accepts election on a platform and then violates it can learn morals from those in the penitentiary for obtaining money under false pretenses. You punish the petty thief for taking money, and allow to go unpunished the man who accepts a public office and embezzles the power put in his hands."

Mr. Bryan was equally emphatic in his assertion that United States Senators should be elected by popular vote, and that a Direct Primaries bill ought to be passed. He characterized these policies as the great fundamental reforms, the sentiment for which indicated the growth of the democratic spirit among the people of the United States regardless of party.

"You may just as well pass a Direct Primaries bill at this session," said Mr. Bryan. "I have very largely given up prophesying, because I have been wrong on sundry occasions in the past, but I will venture to prophesy that the reforms are coming, and that you may just as well have the glory as any future Legislature."

Gov. Dix, in presenting Mr. Bryan to the large audience at the armory that had paid an admission fee to hear him lecture, waxed very enthusiastic.

"Mr. Bryan's career has been useful and brilliant," said the Governor. "He has been the centre of stir and strife, the subject of prejudice and misrepresentation, but the latter years have brought the vindication and the triumph that will give him a great and permanent place on the page of modern political history."

Mr. Bryan spent the night at the Executive Mansion. He is scheduled to leave to-morrow morning for Lake Mohonk, where he will address the international arbitration conference.

OUSTS CANAL ENGINEERS.

Assembly Passes Bill Which Gives Appointive Powers to Bensel.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 23.—By a vote of 78 to 46, the Assembly to-day passed a bill to abolish the State Board of Consulting Engineers which, since its inception, has acted in an advisory capacity in connection with the barge canal. The members of the board are Edward A. Bond of Watertown, Alfred B. Fry, and Mortimer G. Barnes of New York, Thomas W. Symons of Washington, and Joseph Ripley of Albany.

The board was established during the second term of Gov. Odell. In his annual message to the Legislature, Gov. Dix advocated the abolition of the Advisory Board and early in the session a bill to carry out the recommendation was introduced. The canal interests of the State formally protested against its passage and the matter seemingly was dropped. It is said that the Governor had practically agreed not to push the bill at this time. Assemblyman A. E. Smith, who pushed the measure to-day, said he had received no word that the Governor had changed his mind in relation to it.

The bill gives to State Engineer Bensel the power to appoint such advisory engineers as he deems necessary. In attacking the measure Assemblyman Merritt declared that four out of the five members of the board are Democrats.

VAN TUYL TAKES OFFICE.

Resigns Directorates Before Becoming State Bank Head.

ALBANY, May 23.—George C. Van Tuyl, Jr., of Albany took the oath of office as State Superintendent of Banks to-day and formally assumed the duties of his new position. Mr. Van Tuyl has resigned as President and Director of the Albany Trust Company and from the directorate of the First National Bank, the Albany Exchange Savings Bank, and the Niagara Falls Trust Company.

Supt. Van Tuyl expects to begin immediately an investigation of the Banking Department in accordance with the request made by Gov. Dix. He said in answer to inquiries that his plans were being rapidly formulated for this inquiry, but he did not desire at this time to discuss the details.

The first duty falling upon Mr. Van Tuyl is the transfer of the thousands of dollars in securities held in trust by the Banking Department. Those securities have been kept for many years in a safe in the department, but in view of the Capitol fire Supt. Van Tuyl determined that they should be kept in modern fire and burglar proof safes, and as fast as they are examined they will be placed in the vaults of one of Albany's safe deposit companies.

Odell Starts an Auto Stage Line.

ALBANY, May 23.—Ex-Gov. B. B. Odell, Jr., B. B. Odell, and Herbert R. Odell of Newburg are Directors of the Newburg Automobile Company, which was incorporated to-day with a capital of $10,000. The company is to operate stage line automobile buses through Orange County.

FOR AIRSHIP REGULATION.

Bill Proposes a State Commission to License Aviators and Machines.

ALBANY, May 23.—For the first time in its history, the Legislature was called upon to-day to recognize the necessity for State regulation of flying machines. Senator Duhamel introduced a bill creating a State Aviation Commission. Under the provisions of the measure, the Governor is directed to appoint a commission of ten members, to be selected from the membership of the aeronautic societies of the State. Those who urge the passage of the bill, Senator Duhamel said, include Hudson Maxim, Glenn Curtiss, and the Wright brothers.

The duties of the commission include the examination and licensing of aviators and machines. The fee for inspecting machines and examining applicants is placed at $5; for an operator's license $10, and for a machine license $25. Schools for teaching aeronautics must also be licensed, the fee being fixed at $100. Violations of the provisions of the law are punishable by a fine of $100 for the first offense, $500 for the second offense, and $1,000, or a year's imprisonment, for the third offense.

The promoters of the bill say that legislation is desired before the aviation meet, to be held in the vicinity of New York within the next few weeks, takes place.

BODY OF TEACHER FOUND IN THE RIVER

Miss Sutterley, Who Disappeared from St. Mary's Hall on March 2, Died in the Delaware.

SUICIDE DUE TO ILLNESS

River Had Been Dragged in Vain—Canoeist Finds the Body—Rector of School Identifies It.

Special to The New York Times.

BURLINGTON, N. J., May 23.—The body of Miss Mariana Sutterley, a teacher at St. Mary's Hall, a school for girls, who disappeared from the school on the night of March 2, was found this afternoon in the Delaware River. Henry McCloskey of Beverly, N. J., was out canoeing when he saw the body floating in four and a half feet of water, opposite the Standard Oil station, about 200 yards below St. Mary's Hall.

McCloskey caught the body and paddled to Beverly, where the body was taken ashore. Word was sent to the school and the body was identified by the Rev. John Fearnley, rector, and Miss Mary Trueman, the Principal. The means of identification were the teacher's clothing, particularly a long Scotch plaid coat bearing the makers' name, Stewart & McDonald, Glasgow, Scotland. It was purchased for Miss Sutterley in Scotland by the school housekeeper in July, 1909.

After the identification the body was removed to Burlington, where an inquest will be held to-morrow by Coroner Leconey. Miss Sutterley's brothers, Edward and Joseph of Trenton, have been notified, and interment will take place at Trenton.

Miss Sutterley was 25 years old, and for ten years a teacher in St. Mary's School. She had been in ill-health for many months, and it is believed drowned herself in a fit of despondency.

Miss Sutterley left her room in St. Mary's Hall some time during the night of March 2 and her absence was not discovered till next day. The bed had not been slept in, and it was thought at first that she had gone to visit relatives in Trenton, but when it was ascertained that she had not taken her purse or any spare clothing the dredging of the Delaware was begun.

Various rumors of a romance with a man in the West and of possible violence were spread, but these were denied, and the police and Miss Sutterley's brothers were convinced that she had died by drowning. Miss Sutterley had been ill last Summer and had undergone an operation, from the effects of which she had not fully recovered.

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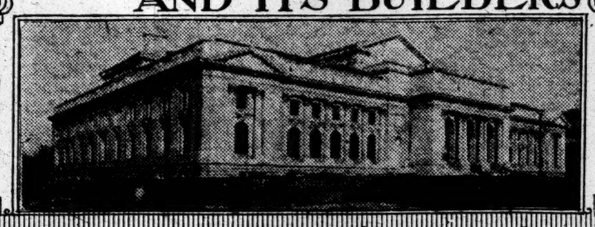

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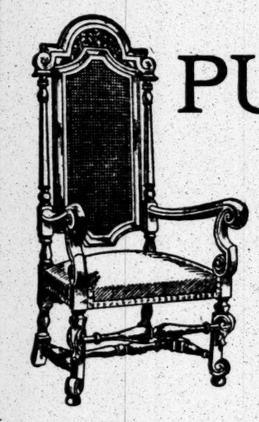
—FOR—
PUBLIC BUILDINGS



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The Snappy, Appetizing Flavor of
Imperial Gold Label Beer
Bottled only by the Brewers, BEADLESTON & WOERZ New York. Order from any dealer.
Makes Everything Taste Better! It's Pure and Wholesome!

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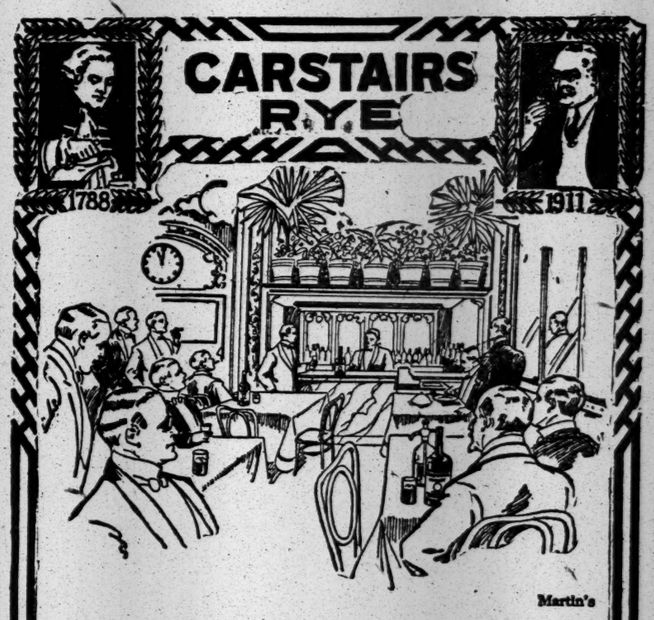

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ONE hundred and twenty-two years is a long time between drinks—
But that is just the length of time that has elapsed between the first sale of Carstairs Rye on Manhattan Island and the present time.
Carstairs Rye has held the lead of public favor for more than a century for a very simple reason—those, who distilled it, made it the very best way they knew how and stuck to it.
Absolutely *pure.*
Smooth.
Palatable.
Uniform.
Carstairs Rye is aged in wood.
Try it.
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A consolidation of
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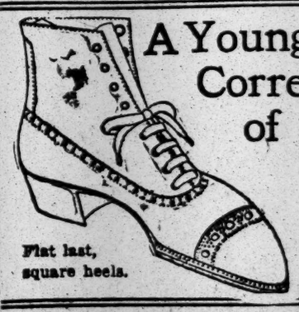

Flat last, square heels.

A Young Man's Shoe of Correct Style made of Tan Calfskin with heavy single soles - $6

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Orientals

The Largest Specialty Rug House in America

Behind the Scenes

Many people know vaguely there is a practice called "washing," in treating Orientals.

It is not always harmful—depending on HOW it is done.

The results produced are frequently desirable, even to the mind of the rug connoisseur.

If crudely done, the texture of the rug may be injured.

The "natural" Oriental, if it has not had its colors worn down and softened and its texture polished by actual wear may be too coarse.

The softening of the colors may be accelerated by this "washing."

Sometimes it INCREASES the actual value of the rug.

But the point is that when a Wild's Oriental has been washed, YOU ARE TOLD UNHESITATINGLY IT HAS BEEN WASHED.

Our reputation stands behind the washing process, in every instance—for it is work that requires expert judgment.

If we are satisfied with the result, you can afford to be—and there is no need of misrepresentation.

The slightest defect means our prompt redemption of the rug.

If you ask us whether a rug has been "toned," or dyed, to meet the requirements of decorators' browns, or other popular color tones, AND IT HAS BEEN, we answer positively "Yes."

This is not infrequently ORDERED done by some of the most careful purchasers.

We have never yet had a rug returned to us which had been washed or toned.

An unusually large percentage of our rugs are in the natural form. None of our rugs is ever washed except when we know it will be improved by the process.

Yet you should know the facts concerning any rug you buy.

Knowing them, you will appreciate that the purchase of such rugs here is safeguarded by an expert knowledge of the treatment, as well as the selection, of the choicest Orientals in the world.

Send for our booklet, "WILD'S SUMMER RUGS."—Mailed free.

JOSEPH WILD & Co.
Fifth Avenue & 35th Street
NEW YORK

PRINT PAPER PRICES FIXED, SAYS NORRIS

Free Wood Pulp Only Way to Break Hold of American Trust and Canadian Interests.

AT RECIPROCITY HEARING

Paper Industry Here Will Perish, He Asserts, Unless Duty Is Removed—Standpatters Heckle Him.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—John Norris, Secretary of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, to-day told the Senate Finance Committee that only by the adoption of the paper provision of the Canadian agreement as passed by the House could the print paper industry in the United States continue on a paying basis. The Canadians, he said, have the upper hand in controlling the source of supply, and unless the reciprocity measure is agreed to which permits the free importation into this country of such print paper and wood pulp not subject to export restrictions in Canada, cheap paper will become an impossibility, and the industry itself will perish.

The plan of the leaders of the Canadian provinces which now impose restrictions on the exportation of wood pulp from the crown lands was adopted, he said, to starve the American paper mills so as to force their removal bodily to Canada in order to get their raw material. Under the Root amendment this process would continue indefinitely. The terms of the House bill are such, in his opinion, that for the sake of the free entry accorded in this country, to pulp from the private lands or crown lands in provinces imposing no restrictions the other provinces in the end would be forced to withdraw their export taxes.

The standpatters on the committee made repeated efforts to heckle the witness, but Mr. Norris has studied the paper industry in this country and in Canada, escorting a committee of the House through the Canadian forests to demonstrate to them the truth of his contentions, and he was ready with facts. At times the questions and answers came thick and fast, and once when Mr. Norris said that the Senate had tried to "bulldoze the Canadian Provinces" the word was objected to. Though not refuted, it was stricken from the record on objection by Senators Bailey and Heyburn.

Mr. Norris charged that the American newspaper publishers are compelled to pay higher prices than necessary for their news print paper because the International Paper Company is in practical control of the industry in this country.

Prices Fixed, He Says.

The papermakers, Mr. Norris declared, have made obvious efforts to restrict production and to starve the print paper market in order to maintain prices at an agreed figure, have sold paper abroad cheaper than in this country and have arrayed themselves against open prices and against public quotations.

In an effort to prevent such secret fixing of prices Mr. Norris said that he had made offers to buy paper and to pay cash for it, but that only two mills out of fifty in this country had sold to him. The reason for this refusal, he said, was that the paper makers did not want a public quotation of their prices, as he would have sold the paper at auction, thus making the prices public.

"The paper makers of this country," said Mr. Norris, "have preferred to keep their mills idle and their labor unemployed and to allow Canada to sell paper here to the advantage of Canadian labor and the disadvantage of their own labor rather than sell paper at the mill.

"A conspiracy or arrangement of some sore exists among news print paper mills, the effect of which is to deprive a reasonable purchaser of the opportunity to buy news print paper at a fair market price without restrictions as to its use or at the price at which the mills are selling a similar article in similar quantities to others. Those mills so doing, which are under the injunction of the court, have disobeyed its orders.

"The trade disturbances and price fluctuations in news print paper, due to unlawful combinations, have been continuous since the passage of the Dingley bill, shortly after which the International Paper Company was formed from a consolidation of many mills, including those on the verge of bankruptcy, and immediate steps were taken to mark up prices."

Sell Paper Cheaper Abroad.

Mr. Norris charged the International Paper Company with selling paper abroad cheaper than here, with having "launched into a gigantic woodland speculation," with having an inflated capitalization of at least $40,000,000, and with keeping down production by maintaining a capacity of only 35 per cent. of modern equipment.

"In 1901," declared Mr. Norris, "the American papermakers had a chance to consummate an arrangement with Canada, whereby the supply of wood from the Province of Quebec would be continued indefinitely. But the American Senate at the instigation of ex-Senator Hale and of the extreme 'standpatters' among the papermakers, upset that arangement and undertook to bulldoze the Canadian provinces so that it could force them by the imposition of retaliatory duties to let their pulp wood come into the United States without restriction. Instead of composing the situation, they provoked an ugly complication to which the paper clause of the reciprocity treaty offers the only immediate and promising solution."

American papermakers, said Mr. Norris, own over 12,000 square miles of timber rights on the crown lands of Quebec from which they cannot now ship wood pulp because of the prohibition of May 1, 1910.

The Consumers' Penalties.

Concluding, Mr. Norris said that nearly 40 per cent. of the wood and pulp, which the United States now uses as the raw material of cheap paper comes from abroad.

"The paper industry," he said, "paid $19,406,074 to foreigners in the calendar year, 1910, for pulp woods and pulp to keep American paper mills going. The consumers paid penalties of $150,000 in retaliatory duty because there was an adequate supply of free wood in Canada available for the needs of this market."

Mr. Norris was questioned by various members of the committee as to the purposes of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association. He declared that his work as Chairman of the Paper Committee had been to do "missionary work among Senators, and in other places." The work all had been in the open, he added, no effort having been made to conceal anything.

When Senator Smoot asked him if his bureau had not sent out various pamphlets urging the passage of the reciprocity bill, Senator Williams interrupted by asking:

"You did not consider it any crime, did you, Mr. Norris, to send out literature in favor of placing things on the free list?"

"On the contrary," replied Mr. Norris, "I consider it a duty."

ROOT AGAINST DIRECT VOTE.

Would Result in Deterioration of the Personnel of the Senate, He Declares.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The most interesting debate of this session on the popular election of Senators arose in the Senate this morning over Mr. Bristow's version of the old Sutherland amendment, reserving to Congress supervisory authority over the elections in the several States. Mr. Root took an animated part in the controversy and declared that, while supporting the Bristow substitute as tending toward the preservation of the Union, he would oppose the final draft of any plan for popular elections. The proposed change, he said, would result in the deterioration of the personnel of the Senate and would exclude from that body many men amply able to sit in its councils.

The debate was notable also in the fact that, contrary to his intention to remain silent during his first term, Senator John Sharp Williams of Mississippi, former minority leader in the House, was led to state the deep-seated hostility of the South toward anything like outside interference in their election laws. He added that he understood well how Mr. Root could indorse the reservation of that power to Congress, as he wished to antagonize as many votes as possible, but how Mr. Bristow, a known advocate of popular elections, could have allowed himself to be drawn into that trap he professed not to understand.

"The resolution reported by the committee without the reservation of control to Congress," said Mr. Root, "is a reversal of the whole theory of the self-sustaining power of the central Government. It is a reversion to the status of the old confederation.

"But while I support this substitute, I am against the amendment as a whole. The needed changes can come through amendments of the statute, not of the Constitution, and I have introduced such a measure. My plan is, after a Legislature has balloted twenty days in an unsuccessful attempt to elect a Senator by majority rule, a plurality vote shall suffice. This rule of plurality will at any rate be inevitable if we transfer to the people the duty now performed by the Legislature.

"The system under which we live has produced the best results of any experiment in government—results that make for the happiness, the liberty, and advancement of all mankind. I do not like to see experiments tried out in the form of amendments to the Constitution."

Senator Williams, in reply, said that the Bristow substitute, purporting to "retain" powers already vested in Congress, in reality added greatly to that power.

DR. HOLLANDER TO TESTIFY.

Must Tell If He Received Pay Twice for Settling Santo Domingo's Finances.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Charges that Dr. Jacob H. Hollander, fiscal agent for the United States in straightening out the tangled financial affairs of Santo Domingo, had accepted money from both Governments although in the pay of the United States, were aired to-day before the House Committee on the State Department. Dr. Hollander received $40,000 from this Government for his services and is said to have accepted $100,000 from the Dominican Government without the knowledge of the United States.

Thomas C. Dawson, former American Minister to Santo Domingo, told the committee that he did not have personal knowledge that Dr. Hollander had received $100,000, although it was generally understood that such was the case. Dr. Hollander has been summoned by the committee to appear to-morrow.

HEARING FOR RACING BILLS.

R. T. Wilson Speaks for Track Owners —Opposition Arguments.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 23.—R. T. Wilson, Jr., President of the Saratoga Racing Association, made a strong plea to-day before the Senate Codes Committee for a modification of the anti-racing betting laws of last year, which were designed to render more effective the Agnew-Hart legislation making bookmaking a crime whether within or outside a race track inclosure. Equally determined were the opponents of the two measures who were before the committee. Among the opponents were Canon Chase, the Rev. O. R. Miller, and Harry Brolaski, a former bookmaker, who is now in the employ of the State Civic League.

The bills, which were introduced by Senator Gittens of Niagara at the request of Mr. Wilson, modify the directors' liability law so as to relieve directors of race tracks of responsibility for gambling on a race track, if it is conducted without their knowledge or consent, and also define oral bookmaking as "taking bets in public from all comers." Efforts to secure these amendments last year were unsuccessful.

"There is nothing in these bills which would repeal the Agnew-Hart legislation as I understand it," Mr. Wilson said in urging favorable action on the bills. "It is a mistake, too, that if enacted these measures would revive the Percy-Gray law. Under the law of last year, which it is proposed to amend, you would be compelled to arrest the Director of a railroad company if it was discovered that some one was gambling on a train owned by that company. You would also be obliged to arrest the Trustee of a club if some one played bridge in it for money. If the law is changed by using the words 'to be' in describing property whose Directors are liable for gambling, you will not weaken the law or change its intent, but you will exempt from such liability the owners and Directors of race tracks, baseball grounds, and the owners of all property not intended for use as gambling places.

"Can horse racing be successful without betting?" Senator Gittins asked.

"It can," Mr. Wilson replied. "Since the passage of the Agnew-Hart laws the crowds at the tracks have not been so large and the stakes are smaller, but we managed to get along. You cannot stop betting any more than you can stop the playing of bridge whist. If we should open our track under the existing law we could not prevent a dozen or a hundred men from betting at the races if they wished to."

The principal argument against the bills was made by Brolaski. Up to twelve years ago, he said, he was a bookmaker.

"There are 100 poolrooms and 1,000 handbooks running wide open right now in New York," he said, "and the police could close them in twenty-four hours, but they don't. If you stop betting at the race tracks you will wipe out the pool rooms."

Canon Chase said the present laws will prevent gambling at the tracks. He declared it would be a serious mistake to change the laws.

Edward N. Tipton, representing the breeders of thoroughbreds; F. N. Bain, President of the State Hotel Men's Association; John Sanford, a prominent breeder and owner of Amsterdam, and Frederick A. Reid, President of the Hotel Men's Association of New York City, and Daniel C. Kane of New York supported the Gittins measures.

It is expected that the committee will take action on the bills next week.

WOOL TARIFF TO BE FOR REVENUE ONLY

Schedule the Ways and Means Committee Will Recommend to Democratic Caucus.

VICTORY FOR SPEAKER CLARK

Has Won Over Most of the Free Trade Advocates—Fifty Per Cent. Cut in Cotton.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Indications are that Speaker Clark, having won over William Jennings Bryan from his view that raw wool should be free, will dominate the Democratic caucus called for June 5 to declare on the wool schedule. This has become an issue which will figure in the next campaign, and Speaker Clark, in his fight for the Presidential nomination, undoubtedly will advocate the more recent Democratic doctrine of "tariff for revenue," as opposed to free trade, as in this instance free raw wool.

In the caucus the contest will be between the representatives of the Eastern districts, where manufacturers prevail, for free raw wool, and the Western woolgrowing districts for a "revenue duty" on wool. After this subject is disposed of the cotton schedule will be considered.

While the subject is yet far from settlement by reason of divided opinion in the majority, it is believed that the Ways and Means Committee, which has been holding almost daily sessions for the last ten days, will recommend to the caucus revision of the schedule along these lines:

On raw wool an ad valorem duty ranging from 20 to 30 per cent., according to classification.

On manufactures of wool ad valorem duties ranging from 30 to 50 per cent.

No duties on any article in the wool schedule to be in excess of 50 per cent.

The cheaper goods to have the benefit of the lowest rates of duty.

Blankets to be dutiable at 30 per cent. ad valorem.

Substitution of a straight ad valorem duty for specific rates and combined specific and ad valorem rates in the current law.

No sliding scale which will ultimately place wool on the free list.

The Pennsylvania delegation has already declared for a 50 per cent. cut in the tariff on wool, and to-day the Illinois and Missouri delegations came out in favor of a duty. New York, New Jersey, Virginia, and Massachusetts have taken a stand for free raw wool.

The plan to make wool free, it is apparent to the Democrats, must be abandoned for revenue reasons. It is estimated that fully $21,000,000 would be lost from this source should wool be admitted free, and the Ways and Means Committee has announced that it is responsible to the country for raising revenues.

It was contended in the committee discussions that a tariff for revenue is a good Democratic doctrine sanctioned by all authorities, and that nowhere in the Democratic policy is there requirement for abolition of tariff duties to a point where such action would be followed by a deficit in the revenue.

Chairman Underwood also announced to-day that the cotton schedule would also be taken up by the Ways and Means Committee this session, as soon as the wool schedule is disposed of by the House. The sentiment of the Committee favors a uniform cut of 50 per cent. in all cotton schedules, the substitution of ad valorem specific duties, and the division of cotton fabrics into bleached, unbleached, and colored classes.

MAY NOT PRESS OIL CASE.

Supreme Court Has Probably Legalized Standard for Six Months.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The Senate to-day on motion of Atlee Pomerene, the new Democratic Senator from Ohio, asked the Department of Justice, following the Supreme Court's decision against the Standard Oil Company, to inform it what steps if any, the Department had taken to bring criminal process against the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, the thirty-three component companies and the seven individual defendants mentioned in the suit. Many of the counts in the civil suit are undoubtedly under the terms of the Anti-Trust act criminal in their nature, and there has long been expectation that the sustaining of the civil suit would open the way to many criminal indictments.

While no official answer has yet been made, it can be stated that just now the Administration is little inclined toward criminal suits in this particular case. While the Administration has already come out clearly for criminal prosecutions when practicable, notably in the case against the beef packers, where the civil suit was dropped in order to expedite the criminal prosecution, there are three reasons that are thought to hold the Department of Justice from carrying the law against the Standard Oil to the final stage.

The real advantage in a criminal prosecution would be to secure personal penalties against the individual defendants, but in the case of most if not all of the defendants the statute of limitation has long since run. This is particularly true of Mr. Rockefeller, whose active participation terminated years ago.

In the second place, the individual defendants have for the most part won immunity by their enforced testimony in the civil suit. Testimony of this sort was specifically provided for by statute, the rights of the defendants being guarded by the stipulation that self-incriminating evidence in the civil suit shall not be used against them in individual prosecutions.

The third and last reason, however, is the most interesting. This is simply that the Supreme Court to all intents set aside the decree of the lower court directing suspension of the forbidden activites and dissolution within thirty days. The Supreme Court struck out altogether the command that the operations of the trust cease, and extended the time to six months. The Administration feels that this modification of the lower court's decree amounts to legalizing the operations of the trust for six months to come, and that criminal prosecutions therefore would not lie.

GIMBELS

Every Kind of Chapeau That the June Bride May Desire

Smart Tailored and Demi-tailored Hats for traveling on the honeymoon. Lingerie and flower-laden Hats for garden parties. Plumed Hats for ceremonious occasions.

But we do not think that there is a more ideal Hat for a June Bride than the one illustrated. It is a Georgette model of white Tagal hemp with a Pierrot crown and towering garniture of white aigrettes. The aigrettes alone are worth more than the price of the Hat—$100.

We invite attention to the large collection of Hats in both our French and Medium-Priced Salons, as every Hat is new and approved style. The Hats are particularly commendable at these prices.

In the French Salon, $15 to $125.

In the Medium-Priced Salon, $6.75 to $12.50.

However, there are two collections in the Medium-Priced Salon that are very noteworthy:

$8.75—*Dress, Lingerie and Tailored Hats*

$14.75—*Plumed Hats That Should Be at Least* $20

Third floor

Two Great Trunks For Travelers Abroad

(1) *The "INNOVATION,"* $30 *to* $75
(2) *The "ZEPHYR,"* $20.

(1) For those who enjoy traveling with a Trunk that provides practically all the comforts of the bureau or chiffonier in their bedroom at home, yet is light and compact, for its capacity, and so excellently built as to withstand the buffetings of baggage men, the "Innovation" is clearly indicated for this Summer's journeyings.

It has the famous devices for hanging women's coats and dresses and men's suits, that have made "INNOVATION" Trunks the standard of Wardrobe Trunk construction for twelve years. Its various drawers and compartments take care of all the smaller articles of clothing, from hat to shoes. It is the BEST of all Wardrobe Trunks.

New this season is the **"Innovation" Wardrobe Trunk at $30**, for men or women; and containing all the "Innovation" features. Others at **$45, $55, $60, $65 and $75.**

(2) **"Zephyr" Trunks at $20** are made practically entirely of the lightest and toughest imported materials. Their rounded corners add greatly to their strength; they are covered with handsome checked linen, are linen-lined, 36 in. long, with two trays, and weigh but 54 lbs. There are also Zephyr Steamer Trunks proportionately priced.

Dress Trunks, Specially Priced at $14

Slatless, covered Trunks of basswood, with steel edges, brass corners, bolts and lock, two straps around body, linen-lined, with two trays, the top tray divided in center; fully riveted throughout. Sizes 32, 34, 36. The usual liberal Gimbel five-year guarantee. Remarkable value at $14.

Several other styles of Skirt and Dress Trunks in sizes 32 to 40 in., at $14, that have been reduced from $17.

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WILL HOLD A SALE THIS DAY OF

Women's Fashionable Dress Hats at $15

Values to $40

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The latest styles in Scotch and English coatings and double-faced materials.

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An average of ONE MILLION persons each day crosses the East River—counting the tide in both directions. This vast army—the workers of a great city—brings to Manhattan the brains and hands which in large part are the active forces in New York's industrial and mercantile life.

A few of this great multitude walk across the bridges, a few are carried by ferry, but the great majority must now and in the future depend upon railroad transportation; and of this majority by far the greater number must use the lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, which now carry their passengers only to and from the gateway of Manhattan.

How many out of the million now pay two fares in their daily journeys nobody can actually determine. The number has been estimated at from 800,000 to 500,000. Call it only 800,000. Our transit proposal means then to them a saving of $15,000 each day—a saving to them and to the community of over **$5,000,000** each year!

Five million dollars a year represents the interest at 5 per cent. on an investment of $100,000,000. We do not ask the city to make this investment. We merely ask the city to let us have the opportunity of giving to the people what is equivalent to the return on such an investment.

We do ask the city to invest $73,500,000 of its money in subways which, operated with our rapid transit lines, will make possible this enormous saving to the people and at the same time furnish transportation relief to three-quarters of the city's population. We present a financial plan and transportation routes which will certainly yield full interest and amortization on that city investment.

For $73,500,000 then, expended as we suggest, the city is assured not only a full return on its investment—leaving no burden upon the taxpayers—but it may, in addition, save **$5,000,000** ANNUALLY in car fares to its people!

Conditions render it impossible for the city to make such a profitable investment by contract with any other company.

Can there be any doubt in which direction the city's interest lies? It is the knowledge and appreciation of facts like these which make our proposal strong with the people and commend its adoption to students of municipal welfare and progress.

Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company.

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The Yellowstone Park tour is incentive enough to make this trip, but you see also the fertile farms, thrifty orchards and progressive cities of the great "Prosperity States of America": Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon.

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PURIFYING PLATE POWDER

The Ideal Cleanser for Artificial teeth; absolutely destroys all forms of mouth bacteria and disease producing germs. A clean plate fits better, keeps the mouth cool, sweet and wholesome and benefits general health.

For Sale by all Leading Druggists.

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FOR THOSE WHO LIVE BY BRAIN WORK.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

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Knabe small Grand; like new. Special at.....$540
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Ivers & Pond; walnut. Special at, only.....$140

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(Mahogany case; full, rich tone) $190

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Cash or $5 Down and $5 Monthly
All Carry the Knabe Guarantee.

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MATTY STILL MASTER OF CINCINNATI REDS

"Big Six" at His Best When Visitors Twice Crowd Bases Full of Runners.

THE SCORE.

New York	0	1	2	0	1	2	0	1	—7
Cincinnati	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—2

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Devore, rf	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Doyle, 2b	4	0	0	0	0	2	4	1
Snodgrass, cf	3	2	3	0	0	3	0	0
Murray, lf	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Merkle, 1b	4	2	2	0	0	11	1	0
Bridwell, ss	3	0	1	0	1	2	2	2
Devlin, 3b	4	0	2	0	0	1	1	0
Meyers, c	4	1	3	0	0	6	2	0
Mathewson, p	3	1	1	0	0	2	4	0
Total	33	7	14	0	1	27	14	3

CINCINNATI.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Bescher, lf	4	1	2	0	0	2	0	1
Egan, 2b	4	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
Bates, cf	3	0	0	1	1	3	0	1
Hoblitzel, 1b	4	0	2	0	1	11	1	0
Mitchell, rf	4	1	2	0	1	1	0	0
Grant, 3b	4	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Altizer, ss	4	0	1	0	1	5	2	0
Clarke, c	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	0
Smith, p	2	0	0	0	1	0	3	0
*Beck	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Schreiber, p	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
**Downey	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	2	7	2	5	24	13	2

*Batted for Smith in the seventh inning.
**Batted for Schreiber in the ninth inning.

Two-base hit—Devlin. Sacrifice hit—Mathewson. Sacrifice flies—Bridwell, Clarke. Stolen bases—Doyle, Snodgrass, Murray, Merkle. First base on errors—New York, 1. Left on bases—New York, 5; Cincinnati, 7. Double plays—Doyle and Bridwell and Merkle; Mathewson and Meyers and Merkle. Struck out—By Mathewson, 5; by Smith, 1. Bases on balls—Off Mathewson, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Smith, 1, (Snodgrass.) Hits—Off Smith, 10 in 6 innings, (at bat, 24;) off Schreiber, 4 in 2 innings, (at bat, 9.) Umpires—Messrs. Kiem and Doyle. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

Cincinnati dropped in at the Hilltop yesterday for the first call of the season, the Giants using the Reds as a springboard to jump into second place in the strife for the calico. With Mathewson doing the pitching, New York had little fear of the result, for Cincinnati hasn't beaten "Big Six" in three years. He gave them seven hits yesterday. At times the Reds camped threateningly on the sacks, but no one trembled, because it was just at these moments that the big fellow threw in the high-speed clutch and spun the sphere over with deeply contemplated deception.

When Clarke Griffith patted his new slabman, Frank Smith, on the broad of his back and told him to go in and win, he nominated a job that was too much for the strong man. Smithie may be able to juggle pianos—baby grands, most likely—but he couldn't push the ball past the Giants without having it meddled with. They pounded Smith hard and often and edged him out of the game in the sixth inning.

Only once in the mix-up did the Reds show promise, and this promise was heroically dampened by Matty's extraordinary pitching. In the seventh inning Hoblitzel and Mitchell singled, and when Larry Doyle made an error on Grant's grounder, making a weird toss to second to cut down Mitchell when the bag was uncovered, the bases were filled with no one out.

Dave Altizer was at the bat, and almost any kind of a rap would have spelled damage. Matty sent over three balls before he caught the strike grooves of the plate. Altizer waited for the fourth ball to have "Big Six" force in a run. The next two were strikes, however, and a situation arose where Altizer had to hit at it. Matty burned over the famous fadeaway. It floated up high and looked like a ball, suddenly dropping own over the pan. The Red shortstop swung at it late and peppered a grounder right at Matty's feet. Here's where quick action counted for much. Matty fired the ball to Meyers and Hoblitzel was executed at the plate. The Indian pegged the ball down to first base and it whistled past Altizer's ear into Merkle's glove in time for a double play. Even with this outburst of speed the danger wasn't over Matty lost his grip momentarily and walked Clarke, and the bases were crowded again.

Little Fox Griffith was dancing up and down like a jumping jack. He hurriedly pushed Fred Beck, the heavy hitter, in to bat for the defunct Smith. Beck swung at the ball savagely, but only caught the upper part of the sphere as it took a quick dip. A bounder went weakly to Merkle, who grabbed it and beat Beck to the first corner, retiring the side.

There's no use talking, you've got to rivet the spangles on "Big Six."

The Reds got into action in the second inning. Mitchell singled over short, Grant lifting a high fly to Merkle. Altizer whisked a hot grounder through first base and Mitchell went to third. Clarke's sacrifice fly to centre brought Mitchell home. In the same session New York tied the score. With one down, Merkle spilled a single in left field and stole second, scoring on Devlin's grounder, which buzzed through Egan so fast that he couldn't see it.

Mathewson started the Giants on their journey to the front in the third inning, when he beat out a hit to shortstop. Devore demised by the sky route to Bates and Smith tossed Doyle out at Hobby's station. Snodgrass drove a swift grounder to centre field which was good for a single. Bates must have been full of holes, because the ball went right through him and rolled to the centre field stand. Matty scoring and Snodgrass making the complete circuit before the ball was relayed in. In the fifth inning a single by Meyers, Matty's sacrifice, and Devore's single to centre scored another run.

Smith went to pieces in the sixth inning. He hit Snodgrass for a starter and Murray hit joyfully to left. Egan threw Merkle out at first, Snodgrass going to third and Murray to second. Red then annexed third. Bridwell's sacrifice fly sent Snodgrass across and Devlin's two-base smash to centre field scored Murray.

Hoblitzel, the Reds' first baseman, made a clever play on Doyle in the seventh when he gathered Larry's grounder some distance from the cushion. It was a close race between Hobby and Doyle for the bag. Hobby saw he couldn't make it by running, so he took a running leap and tumbled into the bag feet first and beat Doyle by an eyelash. The Reds got a second run in the eighth inning. Bescher singled and got around to third on Bridwell's unsuccessful attempt to throw him out at second after gathering Egan's grounder. When Bates forced Egan out at second Bescher scored. Three neat singles gave the Giants their last run in the eighth.

Cy Young Rejoins Cleveland Club.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 23.—Cy Young, veteran member of the Cleveland Americans' pitching staff and dean of major league pitchers, rejoined the team to-day after an absence which began four weeks ago when he was taken ill in Detroit with pneumonia. He has been recuperating on his farm at Peoli, Ohio, and says he expects to be able to play within two weeks.

Titus Breaks Ankle; Phillies Lose.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—St. Louis had no difficulty in winning to-day's game here, the score being 12 to 4. Titus of the home team had his ankle broken sliding to the home plate in the fifth inning. Wally Smith of St. Louis was presented with a diamond pin by members of the club, with which he formerly played in this city. Score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'gins, 2b	4	2	1	1	3
Smith, ss	5	1	3	1	4
Ellis, rf	3	1	2	1	0
K'tchy, 1b	4	2	12	2	0
Evans, rf	4	1	0	2	0
Mowrey, 3b	5	1	1	2	3
Oakes, cf	4	2	2	1	0
Bres'h'n, c	4	1	2	6	0
Harmon, p	3	1	1	2	0
Total	36	12	13	27	10

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Titus, rf	2	1	0	0	1
W'ch'e, rf	1	0	0	0	0
Knabe, 2b	4	0	1	1	2
Walsh, 3b	3	1	2	2	1
Magee, lf	4	1	1	4	0
Pask't, cf	4	0	1	3	0
Lud'us, 1b	4	0	1	8	0
Doolan, ss	4	1	1	3	3
Moran, c	4	0	1	5	0
Beebe, p	1	0	0	0	2
Rowan, p	0	0	0	0	0
Brennan, p	3	0	1	1	2
Total	34	4	8	27	11

Error—Knabe.

St. Louis	0	2	2	8	0	0	0	0	0	—12
Philadelphia	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	—4

Two-base hits—Smith, Mowrey, Bresnahan, Konetchy, Luderus. Home run—Magee. Sacrifice hit—Ellis. Sacrifice fly—Ellis. Stolen bases—Konetchy, Evans. Left on bases—St. Louis, 3; Philadelphia, 5. Struck out—By Harmon, 2; by Beebe, 1; by Rowan, 1; by Brennan, 3. Double plays—Ellis and Bresnahan; Knabe, Doolan, and Luderus. First base on error—St. Louis, 1. First base on balls—Off Harmon, 2; off Beebe, 1; off Rowan, 3. Pitchers' record—Off Beebe, 7 hits and 14 times at bat in three innings and none out in fourth; off Rowan, 2 hits and 3 times at bat in 1-3 inning; off Brennan, 4 hits and 19 times at bat in 5 2-3 innings. Wild pitch—Harmon. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Eason.

Herzog Loses Game for Boston.

BOSTON, May 23.—Chicago won the first game in the series with Boston to-day, 6 to 4. After the visitors had obtained a lead of three runs, Boston tied the score in the seventh inning, when they knocked Richie out of the box. An error by Herzog in the eighth inning let in the winning runs. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Butler, 3b	2	0	0	1	0
Sw'ney, 2b	4	0	0	5	5
Herzog, ss	3	1	0	2	4
Miller, rf	4	1	3	1	0
Ingl'on, lf	4	1	1	2	0
Goode, cf	4	0	1	1	0
Tenney, 1b	4	0	1	9	0
Rariden, c	4	0	2	9	2
B. Brown, p	2	0	0	0	1
*Graham	0	0	0	0	0
Spratt, 3b	1	0	1	0	0
†Clarke	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	4	10	27	12

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Kaiser, lf	4	1	0	1	0
Schulte, rf	4	0	0	2	0
Hofman, cf	4	1	1	0	1
Chance, 1b	3	1	1	12	0
Doyle, 3b	4	0	1	3	4
Tinker, ss	3	2	1	2	7
Z'm'm'n, 2b	4	1	2	2	3
Archer, c	3	0	0	5	1
Richie, p	3	0	0	0	1
M. Brown, p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	6	6	27	17

*Batted for Butler in the seventh inning.
†Batted for B. Brown in the ninth inning.
Errors—Sweeney, Herzog, Spratt, Zimmerman.

Boston	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	—4
Chicago	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	—6

Two-base hits—Chance, Ingerton, (2,) Miller. Home run—Zimmerman. Hits—Off Richie, 7 in 7 innings; off M. Brown, 3 in 2 innings. Sacrifice hit—B. Brown. Stolen bases—Hofman, Goode. Double plays—Tinker and Chance; Tinker, Zimmerman, and Chance; Doyle, Zimmerman, and Chance. Left on bases—Boston, 6; Chicago, 3. First base on balls—Off B. Brown, 4; off Richie, 4. Hit by pitcher—Chance, by B. Brown. Struck out—By B. Brown, 6; by Richie, 2; by M. Brown, 2. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Finneran and Rigler.

New York State League.

At Troy—Troy, 9; Binghamton, 2.
At Albany—Elmira, 10; Albany, 4.
At Utica—Wilkesbarre, 1; Utica, 0.
At Syracuse—Syracuse, 6; Scranton, 2.

Connecticut League.

At Springfield—Waterbury, 3; Springfield, 1.
At New Britain—New Britain, 5; Holyoke, 4.
At New Haven—New Haven, 5; Northampton, 4.
At Hartford—Hartford, 4; Bridgeport, 3.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York, 7; Cincinnati, 2.
Brooklyn, 4; Pittsburg, 3.
Chicago, 6; Boston, 4.
St. Louis, 12; Philadelphia, 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York, 4; Chicago, 3.
(Twelve innings.)
Philadelphia, 9; Cleveland, 1.
Detroit, 9; Washington, 8.
St. Louis, 3; Boston, 2.
(Eleven innings.)

EASTERN LEAGUE.
Buffalo, 4; Jersey City, 3.
(Ten innings.)
Buffalo, 5; Jersey City, 4.
Newark, 4; Rochester, 0.
Second game postponed—rain.
Baltimore, 5; Toronto, 4.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	22	12	.647	St. Louis	14	15	.483
New York	20	12	.625	Cincinnati	13	15	.464
Chicago	20	13	.607	Brooklyn	12	21	.364
Pittsburg	19	13	.593	Boston	8	27	.229

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	28	8	.778	New York	16	15	.516
Chicago	16	14	.533	Cleveland	16	20	.444
Boston	17	15	.531	Washington	11	21	.344
Philadelphia	17	15	.531	St. Louis	10	25	.286

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	23	6	.793	Montreal	10	15	.400
Buffalo	17	9	.654	Providence	10	16	.385
Toronto	17	10	.630	Newark	10	19	.345
Baltimore	18	14	.481	Jersey City	7	18	.280

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Cincinnati at New York—4 P. M.
(American League Park.)
Pittsburg at Brooklyn—4 P. M.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Boston at St. Louis.
Washington at Detroit.

EASTERN LEAGUE.
Providence at Montreal—2 Games.
Baltimore at Toronto—2 Games.
Jersey City at Buffalo.
Newark at Rochester.

SUPERBAS WIN AGAIN IN THE NINTH INNING

Hummel's Triple and Miller's Single Down the Pirates—Scanlon Pitches Well.

A triple and a single in the ninth inning, the combination that carried the Superbas to victory in the final game of the Cincinnati series Monday afternoon, turned the trick for the Dahlenites again yesterday afternoon in the opening number of their three days' series with the Pirates. Hummel and Otto Miller were the headliners in this latest stick-work duet, Silent John contributing a triple against the right field fence with one out in the final chapter and Miller, a Texas leaguer, over second base, after two passed had filled the bases and Zimmerman had filed to Wagner. The final score was 4 to 3, and the victory was the sixth for the Superbas in the last seven games.

The kind of play that cost New York the pennant in 1908 was pulled off by Hummel in the closing chapter, but there was no Johnny Evers with the Pirates, and Brooklyn apparently gets away with a victory without scoring the winning run. Hummel was on third base when Miller drove the ball to the outfield, and he jogged along slowly as he gazed on Tommy Leach running in to make a catch. When he saw the ball fall safe, Hummel took it for granted that victory had arrived and he made a dash to the Brooklyn bench without going through the necessary formality of finishing his journey plateward. Umpire Brennan remained at the plate a few seconds, evidently waiting for some quick thinking Pirate to touch the plate and make an out on Silent John, but no play was made on him, and both teams hastened to the clubhouse. The ball was thrown in by Leach and it rolled to the Brooklyn bench.

Inning after inning the Pirates were in a position to put the game on ice, but the little hit that would do the trick was always a stranger, and twelve Pirates were stranded on the sacks during the game. Doc Scanlon, who served up the benders for the Superbas, was miserly with his hits after the first inning, but he was generous enough in other ways, giving seven bases on balls and hitting two batsmen. Added to this collection were two errors by Superba fielders, which allowed Pirates to reach first base in safety, yet not one of these eleven favors in any way figured in a Pirate run. Three bunched hits in the first inning produced Pittsburg's first two counters and two bunched hits, with a sacrifice neatly sandwiched in, brought in the other run in the sixth inning.

Scanlon's wildness, although always offering the Pirates some rosy chances to win, was really responsible for some great twirling by the surgeon when Pirates were waiting on the sacks. In the first inning, after Leach and Carey had singled and scored on Wagner's triple to left field, Scanlon hit Jack Miller and passed Hunter, filling the bases. Then he began to show form, and fanned Wilson, later forcing Gibson to hit a short pop fly to Daubert. In the fourth inning two passes and a sacrifice put Pirates on second and third bases, and Hans Wagner sauntered to the plate. It was plainly up to Scanlon again, so he fanned the thumping Teuton, and McKechnie hit a fly to Wheat.

In the sixth inning Hunter singled to left, and reached second when the ball got away from Wheat. He advanced to third on Wilson's sacrifice, and counted, after Gibson had been hit, on Camnitz's single to centre. With two on the bases, both Byrne and Leach flied out.

In the seventh two passes gave the Pirates another chance, but they could not make good, and in the eighth a pass and Burch's muff put Scanlon in more trouble, but he came through safely. Wagner drew a pass to start the ninth inning, and moved up on McKechnie's bunt, but was an easy victim in a double play when Hunter flied to Burch.

Brooklyn's eight hits were bunched in the three innings which show runs, not a Superba seeing first base in the other six chapters. In the third Zimmerman singled to centre, and reached third on Otto Miller's first single. Scanlon fanned. Stark flied to Wilson, scoring Zimmerman. Daubert's scratch single put Miller on third, and he scored on Wheat's single past second. Miller opened the fifth inning with his second hit, reached third when Camnitz threw poorly to catch him napping, and scored on Daubert's high fly, which got away from McKechnie. In the ninth Hummel tripled, Burch and Coulson walked, and Miller hit a Texas leaguer to centre. The score:

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Stark, ss	3	0	0	0	1
Daubert, 1b	4	0	2	10	0
Wheat, lf	4	0	1	4	0
Hum'el, 2b	4	1	1	1	2
Burch, cf	3	0	0	4	1
Coulson, rf	3	0	0	1	0
Zim'm'n, 3b	4	1	1	2	4
O. Miller, c	4	2	3	5	0
Scanlon, p	3	0	0	0	2
*Barger	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	4	8	27	10

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b	4	0	0	1	0
Leach, cf	3	1	1	1	0
Carey, lf	4	1	1	3	0
Wagner, ss	3	0	1	1	4
J. Miller, 2b	0	0	0	0	1
McK'nie, 2b	3	0	0	0	2
Hunter, 1b	3	1	1	9	0
Wilson, rf	3	0	0	3	0
Gibson, c	3	0	0	8	0
Camnitz, p	3	0	1	0	2
Total	29	3	5	26	9

*Batted for Burch in the ninth inning.
†Two out when winning run was scored.
Errors—Stark, Wheat, Burch, Camnitz.

Brooklyn	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	—4
Pittsburg	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—3

Three-base hits—Hummel, Wagner. Sacrifice hits—Carey, McKechnie, Wilson, Camnitz. Sacrifice fly—Stark. First base on balls—Off Camnitz, 2; off Scanlon, 7. First base on errors—Pittsburg 2. Struck out—By Camnitz, 6; by Scanlon, 8. Stolen bases—O. Miller, J. Miller. Double play—Burch and Hummel. Hit by pitcher—By Scanlon, (2,) J. Miller, Gibson. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 5; Pittsburg, 12. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and O'Day.

American Association.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 3; St. Paul, 0.
Indianapolis, 5; St. Paul, 0.
At Louisville—Kansas City, 6; Louisville, 3.
At Toledo—Toledo, 10; Minneapolis, 5.
At Columbus—Milwaukee, 8; Columbus, 7.

Tri-State League.

At Harrisburg—Harrisburg, 7; Wilmington, 3.
At York—Trenton, 9; York, 2.
Other games postponed—rain.

DONLIN FOR A PITCHER.

McGraw Needs Another Pitcher and Is Trying to Make Deal.

The reinstatement of Mike Donlin by the National Commission, which action is expected to occur within the next few days, following a recent request from the former heavy hitter to be restored to good standing in organized baseball, is looked forward to with much interest by New York baseball fans, as it will undoubtedly have an important bearing on the pitching staff of Manager McGraw's pennant chasers. McGraw evidently realizes that he needs one more good pitcher to be properly fortified for the hard battle sure to result for this year's bunting, and he sees his chance to get the necessary boxman in a trade involving Donlin. With that end in view he has already begun negotiations with other clubs which he thinks might use Donlin to advantage. McGraw evidently does not intend to use his former reliable hitter.

Brooklyn and Chicago are the clubs to whom Donlin has already been offered, and the Superbas could use Donlin, if he is in anything like his old-time form, much better than could the Cubs. In a conversation with President Ebbets a few days ago, Manager McGraw proposed the acquisition of Donlin by the Brooklyn team, and when asked what he would want for Mike, he responded that he would like a pitcher, preferably Bell. President Ebbets stated that he would leave the matter to Manager Dahlen, but he felt sure that there were no Brooklyn pitchers on the market. He asked McGraw to name a price at which Donlin could be secured, but no figures were named. According to Ebbets the players he would be willing to give would be of no use to New York, and the men whom McGraw wants could not be secured from Brooklyn.

The name of Donlin was heard a few days ago in connection with Red Ames in a trade with Chicago for Pitcher Reulbach, but it is not expected that this trade will go through. Donlin could hardly crowd out any of the present Cub outfielders.

Mauretania Cricket Team Wins.

In the opening game of the Atlantic Steamship Athletic Association's annual cricket series for the Lipton Cup, contested at the grounds of the New York Veterans' Cricket Association at West New Brighton, S. I., Monday, the eleven of the steamship Mauretania defeated the team representing the steamship Oceanic by 105 to 37. At a concert given by the Western Ocean League under the auspices of the Seamen's Friendly Society at 399 West Street the Hearn Soccer Cup was formally presented to the Mauretania Athletic Club, the presentation speech being made by Clarkson Cowell of the New York Yacht Club. Gold medals will be presented later to the members of the winning team, as well as to those of the steamship Oceanic, who were the runners up in the competition. Frederick V. Jones was the Chairman of the evening, and the large gathering of steamship men enjoyed a very elaborate programme.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Buffalo.

FIRST GAME.

									R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0—3	12	2
Buffalo	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	1—4	12	4

Batteries—Kessler and Tonneman; Corridon and Killifer. Umpires—Messrs. Hart and Murray.

SECOND GAME.

									R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2—4	10	1
Buffalo	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	1—5	12	1

Batteries—Kissinger, Justis, Jones and Wells; Speer and Beckendorf. Umpires—Messrs. Murray and Hart.

At Rochester.

									R.	H.	E.
Newark	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	4	6	3
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2

Called at end of eighth inning, rain.
Batteries—McGinnity and McCarty; Wilhelm and Jacklitsch. Umpires—Messrs. Wright and Rudderham.

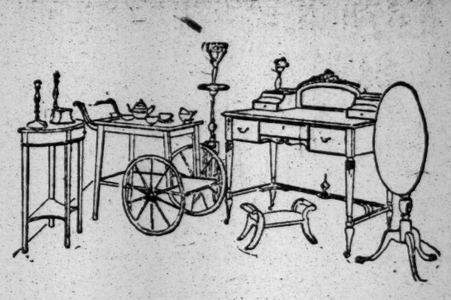
At Toronto.

									R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0—5	10	0
Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1—4	12	1

Batteries—Adkins and Egan; Rudolph, Mueller and Kocher. Umpires—Messrs. Pollack and Kelly.

Southern League.

At Birmingham—Birmingham, 3; Chattanooga, 2.
At Montgomery—Montgomery, 12; Memphis, 5.
At Mobile—Mobile, 4; Nashville, 1.
At New Orleans—Atlanta, 4; New Orleans, 3.



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FORD AND WALSH IN PITCHERS' BATTLE

Yankee Boxman Comes Through Victor in Twelfth Inning at Chicago.

The Score.

New York	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	—	4
Chicago	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	3

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Daniels, cf	5	0	1	5	0	1
Wolter, rf	3	1	0	4	0	0
Hartzell, 3b	6	1	2	3	1	0
Cree, lf	5	0	2	2	0	0
Knight, 1b	3	1	1	9	2	0
Gardner, 2b	6	0	2	2	1	0
Johnson, ss	5	0	1	2	3	1
Sweeney, c	6	0	1	7	2	0
Ford, p	6	1	1	2	3	0
Total	45	4	11	36	12	2

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
McIntyre, cf	5	0	2	2	0	0
Lord, 3b	4	1	1	3	0	0
Dougherty, lf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Bodie, rf	4	1	0	3	0	0
Collins, 1b	5	1	1	11	0	1
Tannehill, 2b	4	0	1	4	7	0
Corhan, ss	4	0	0	2	2	0
Sullivan, c	4	0	0	9	2	0
Walsh, p	4	0	0	0	5	2
*Payne	1	0	1	0	0	0
†Callahan	1	0	0	0	0	0
‡Messenger	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	41	3	7	36	16	3

*Batted for Tannehill in twelfth inning.
†Batted for Corhan in twelfth inning.
‡Batted for Sullivan in twelfth inning.

Two-base hits—Tannehill, Gardner, Cree. Home run—Collins. Sacrifice hits—Knight, Daniels, Lord. Double play—Hartzell and Knight. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; New York, 14. Bases on balls—Off Walsh, 7; off Ford, 2. Struck out—By Ford, 6; by Walsh, 7. Time of game—Two hours and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Egan.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 23.—Russell Ford, the Yankees' wonderful pitcher, humiliated Ed Walsh this afternoon, and the Yankees won from the White Sox, after the game had been dragged out for twelve long innings, by a score of 4 to 3. It was some ball game, dragged out from end to end and extending for over two hours and three-quarters. It was filled with brilliant incidents, but held back because the pitchers were inclined to loat at every turn of the contest.

Ford pitched a remarkable game. He struck out six hard-hitting White Sox and only walked two batters. While he was doing this Big Ed Walsh, reputed to be the "wet-ball" king of the American League, walked seven men and struck out seven. Ford had a wondreful-breaking ball that kept the Sox reaching every time they went to the plate. They hit opportunely in the fourth inning and scored three runs, but even after that Ford kept the hits so scattered that they did not have a chance to score. All told, the Sox garnered seven hits off the expensive pitcher. Only two of them were bunched, and this, with an error by Daniels in centre field, sent the three runs that the Sox got over the plate. One of these bingles was a homer to centre by Shano Collins. It would not have been that had not Daniels misjudged the drive and allowed it to go past him. Then his relay to the plate was weak, and Shano came over with the tally.

At no time, barring the fourth inning, did the Sox get dangerous, while throughout the game Walsh persisted in getting himself into difficulties, and was called upon to put up extraordinary efforts to get out of trouble. In the second, third, fourth, fifth, and sixth innings Walsh got tangled up on account of his many walks, and in the seventh the Yankees hit him solidly, tying the score and practically winning the game there and then.

Not only was Walsh wild, but he was erratic in dealing with the base runners. It was his endeavor to keep the base runners tied to the bags, and when a man reached first base he persisted in pitching the ball to Collins and making the runner hug the bag. This was all well and good until he tossed a couple wide, and the base runner drilled on to third on each of Big Ed's errors. They were Knight in the second inning and Hartzell in the sixth. Very fortunate, indeed, for Mr. Walsh neither of these men scored, and if they had the session would have been ended without the extra innings.

Walsh proved his worth on two occasions by striking the third man out with bases full. The first incident came in the sixth inning. With two out, and after walking two men, filling the bags, Johnson came to bat and Walsh made him fan. In the seventh, after two runs had been scored, and the score tied he struck Knight out when a little hit would have put the game on ice without any trouble. The delay was due to Walsh, and the loss of the game can be charged to him, for behind him the Sox played real clever ball, and the only errors made in the contest were those of Big Ed. Twice he tossed the ball away, and twice the base runner whom he was endeavoring to corral, made his way to third. Fortunately these two mistakes did not count, for neither of the base runners crossed the pan.

Johnson Forces In Winning Run.

DETROIT, Mich, May 23.—Detroit defeated Washington to-day, 9 to 8, in a loosely played game. Johnson, who replaced Gray in the eighth, forced in the tying and winning runs by issuing passes to Cobb and Bush. Jennings and Schaefer were benched for disputing decisions. Score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Drake, lf	4	0	1	1	0
Jones, lf	1	0	1	1	0
Bush, ss	4	1	1	4	8
Cobb, cf	4	2	3	3	0
Crawf'd, rf	4	2	2	1	0
Delch'ty, 2b	4	0	2	4	2
Mor'ty, 2b	4	1	0	1	0
Ness, 1b	4	1	1	9	1
Stanage, c	4	1	1	3	2
Mullin, p	3	1	0	0	3
Total	36	9	12	27	14

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, cf	5	1	1	4	0
Sch'fer, 1b	4	1	2	5	0
Som'lot, 1b	0	0	0	0	0
Lelivelt, rf	4	1	3	2	0
Conroy, 3b	5	1	1	1	3
Gessler, rf	4	0	0	3	0
Henry, c	3	1	1	4	1
Gray, p	4	0	2	0	2
Johnson, p	0	0	0	1	0
*Miller	1	0	0	0	0
Total	36	8	13	24	10

*Batted for Sommerlot in the ninth inning.

Errors—Schaefer, McBride, Gray, Cobb, Delehanty, Ness.

Washington	1	0	0	0	1	0	5	1	0	—8
Detroit	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	5	.	—9

Left on bases—Washington, 5; Detroit, 6. Two-base hits—Cobb, Gray, McBride. Three-base hit—Schaefer. Pitchers' record—Off Gray, 10 hits in seven and one-third innings; off Johnson, 2 hits in two-thirds of an inning. Sacrifice hits—Cunningham, Henry. Stolen bases—Cobb, (3,) Crawford, (2,) Delehanty, Milan, Gessler. Double play—Bush and Ness. Struck out—By Gray, 2; by Johnson, 1; by Mullin, 1. Bases on balls—Off Mullin, 3; off Gray, 1; off Johnson, 2. Wild pitch—Gray. Time of game—Two hours and eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and O'Loughlin.

Badly Crippled Naps Beaten.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 23.—Philadelphia again defeated Cleveland, the score being 9 to 1. De Mott was knocked out of the box, while Mitchell, who succeeded him, was wild. Plank was effective throughout. The Cleveland team presented a crippled line-up with Lajoie, Turner, Griggs, and Jackson out of the game, necessitating the playing of a pitcher in centre field. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lord, lf	5	2	4	4	1
Oldring, cf	4	0	1	1	1
Collins, 2b	5	1	2	3	3
Baker, 3b	4	1	1	4	2
Davis, 1b	2	1	1	10	0
Murphy, rf	3	0	2	1	0
Barry, ss	4	1	0	1	3
Thomas, c	4	2	1	3	0
Plank, p	4	1	2	0	3
Total	37	9	14	27	13

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney, lf	4	0	2	2	0
Olson, ss	4	0	1	2	2
Easterly, rf	4	1	1	0	0
Stovall, 1b	4	0	2	15	0
B'm'h'm, 3b	4	0	0	2	6
Ball, 2b	4	0	1	3	5
Smith, c	4	0	1	2	1
De Mott, p	0	0	0	0	2
Mitchell, p	2	0	0	0	1
Yingling, cf	3	0	0	1	0
Total	33	1	8	27	17

Errors—Graney, Easterly.

Philadelphia	0	1	2	3	1	0	1	0	1	—9
Cleveland	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Stovall, Easterly, Lord, Thomas. Sacrifice hits—Plank, Oldring, Collins. Double plays—Olson, Ball, and Stovall; Lord and Collins. Pitching record—Ten hits off De Mott in 3 2-3 innings, 4 hits off Mitchell in 5 1-3 innings. First base on balls—Off De Mott, 2; off Mitchell, 6; off Plank, 1. Struck out—By De Mott, 2; by Plank, 3. Passed ball—Smith. Wild pitch—Mitchell. First base on error—Philadelphia. Left on bases—Cleveland, 6; Philadelphia, 12. Time of game—One hour and fifty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Sheridan.

Browns Pull Through In Eleventh.

ST. LOUIS, May 23.—St. Louis won from Boston to-day in the eleventh inning, 3 to 2. In the eleventh Boston scored on two singles and a sacrifice, while two singles, two bases on balls, and an error netted the locals two runs and the game. Score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf	5	1	2	2	1
Yerkes, 2b	4	1	3	4	2
Lewis, lf	4	0	1	1	0
Engle, 3b	5	0	1	1	2
Wagner, ss	5	0	2	0	6
Car'gan, 1b	5	0	2	12	0
N'maker, c	4	0	1	6	0
Biggert, cf	4	0	0	4	0
Karger, p	4	0	0	1	2
Hall, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	40	2	12*	30	13

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shotten, cf	5	0	0	3	0
Austin, 3b	5	0	1	0	2
Meloan, rf	4	1	4	0	0
Laporte, 2b	5	0	0	2	2
Hogan, lf	4	1	2	2	0
Stephens, c	3	1	1	4	2†
Wallace, ss	2	0	0	4	10
Myers, 1b	4	0	1	18	0
Lake, p	4	0	0	0	6
††Criss	1	0	1	1	0
Total	37	3	10	33	22

*None out when winning run was scored.
†Batted for Myers in the eleventh inning.
Errors—Nunamaker, (2.) Myers.

Boston	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—2
St. Louis	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	—3

Two-base hits—Hooper, Meloan, (2,) Hogan. Sacrifice hits—Yerkes, Meloan, Wallace, Lewis. Double play—Stephens and Wallace. Passed ball—Nunamaker. Wild pitch—Karger. Bases on balls—Off Karger, 4; off Hall, 1. Struck out—By Karger, 3; by Lake, 4. Hits—Off Karger, 9 in ten innings, (none out in eleventh;) off Hall, 1, with none out. Left on bases—St. Louis, 11; Boston, 7. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Mullen and Evans.

Amherst Shuts Out Yale.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 23.—In a game without a run being made until the seventh inning, Yale lost to Amherst to-day, 2 to 0. Both pitchers were effective until the seventh inning, when Freeman was found for two scratch hits, which, together with a stolen base, a double steal, and a single, netted the visitors their two runs. Freeman steadied after that and Amherst was unable to score again. The fielding of Kimbell for Amherst in left field was a feature. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Amherst	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	—2	3	1
Yale	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	4	3

Batteries—Vernon and Bryan; Freeman and Carhart. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Bedford.

Manhattan Downs St. Michael's.

Special to The New York Times.

BURLINGTON, Vt., May 23.—Manhattan College defeated St. Michael's College here to-day 9 to 2. Thompson twirled his third game in four days and had the local collegians always at his mercy. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Manhattan	1	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	3	—9	13	0
St. Michael's	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—2	5	3

Batteries—Thompson and Connelly; Tarbell and Mahr.

Scores of Other Games.

At Medford, Mass.—Tufts, 6; Bates, 2.

At Essex Fells, N. J.—Kingsley School, 15; Orange High School, 14.

At Lenox Oval—De Witt Clinton High School Faculty, 12; De Witt Clinton Seniors, 1.

At Durham, N. H.—New Hampshire State, 11; Norwich University, 4.

At Greenwich, Conn.—Greenwich High School, 4; King's School, 3, (twelve innings.)

WESTCHESTER TEAM WINS.

Insurrectors Defeat Taconic Four for Squadron A Cups.

In the second match of the series for the Squadron A Cups at Van Cortlandt Park yesterday there was a decided improvement in the quality of the play, which attracted the Westchester Insurrectors and the Taconics, with the result that victory finally perched on the banner of the first named by the score of 7¾ to 5½.

The ultimate victors were the tailenders in the contest until well into the sixth period, at which stage H. S. Borden buckled on his scoring armor to such good purpose that he brought his team from two goals to the bad to a similar number to the good before the bell announced a cessation of play.

As a matter of fact, if there had been no Borden in the Westchester outfit all indications pointed to the fact that they must have been swept off the field, as he contributed six of his team's aggregate tally. Tilney, playing No. 1, accounted for the other two.

C. P. Beadleston was the right man in the right spot on the Taconic outfit. In the thick of every scramble, he tallied half of the goals credited to the losers, and incidentally caused the loss of a half goal for crossing in the seventh period. During this time Westchester was penalized for a safety, made by Thomas.

Westchester's strength asserted itself from the start, and the ball was immediately rushed into Taconic territory. The latter backed it out of difficulty temporarily, but Borden finally located it after Tilney had made the way clear by some vigorous riding off, and slammed it through for the initial count, after 1:30 of play. Beadleston shortly afterward made it all even by the aid of a capital back smash.

They were in wild pursuit of the sphere at the bell, and Borden finally corraled it, making the tally 2-1. After this Taconic came through with three successive counts. It was not until the sixth period that Westchester got on its mettle and into the lead, which they never afterward relinquished. The line-up and summary:

TACONIC.	H'cap.
1—W. L. Goodwin	2
2—W. McClure	3
3—C. P. Beadleston	3
Back—P. Boyer	2
Total	10

WESTCHESTER INSURRECTORS.	H'cap.
1—N. L. Tilney	1
2—H. S. Borden	3
3—J. B. Thomas	3
Back—L. J. Hunt	3
Total	10

Goals—For Taconic: Beadleston, (3,) Goodwin, (2,) McGuire, (1.) Penalty—Beadleston, ½. Total—5½. Westchester Insurrectors: Borden, (6.) Tilney, (2.) Penalty, ¼ for safety. Total—7¾. Referee—H. H. Holmes.

BRITISH POLO SHAKE-UP.

Capt. Wilson Supplants Capt. Barrett as "Back" on Challenging Team.

CEDARHURST, L. I., May 23.—The anticipated shake-up in the British polo team which is here to compete against an American four for the international cup has become a reality. Capt. Hardress Lloyd, Captain of the invaders, said to-day that Capt. Herbert Wilson will play back instead of Capt. Barrett, whose work against the "second best" American team yesterday was not considered up to the standard. Capt. Lloyd said to-day that Barrett was out of form Monday, and also had trouble with his ponies. Added to this he had played so many years in India that he had found it almost impossible to accustom himself to the American game.

"The absence of a rule against off-side play puzzles Capt. Barrett," said Capt. Lloyd. "So does the height of the ponies, and consequently he missed his most effective strokes. Capt. Wilson is in good form and is accustomed to playing back. We expect that he will strengthen the team. Yesterday we were practically playing three men against four. Also, we did not use our best ponies, because we felt we must save them for next week."

Longboat In Twenty-Mile Race.

The entry of Tom Longboat, the Canadian Indian, was received yesterday for the big twenty-mile professional foot race on Decoration Day at McNulty Field, 149th Street and Eighth Avenue. Longboat's entry assures nine starters in the race. Besides the Indian there will be Hans Holmer, Gusta Ljungstrom, and John Svanberg, Matt Maloney, Jim Crowley, Addie Woods, Henry St. Yves, and Bill Kohlmainen. Previous to the race the Tipperary and Kilkenny teams will clash in a special hurdle race.

Other Sports on Page 12.

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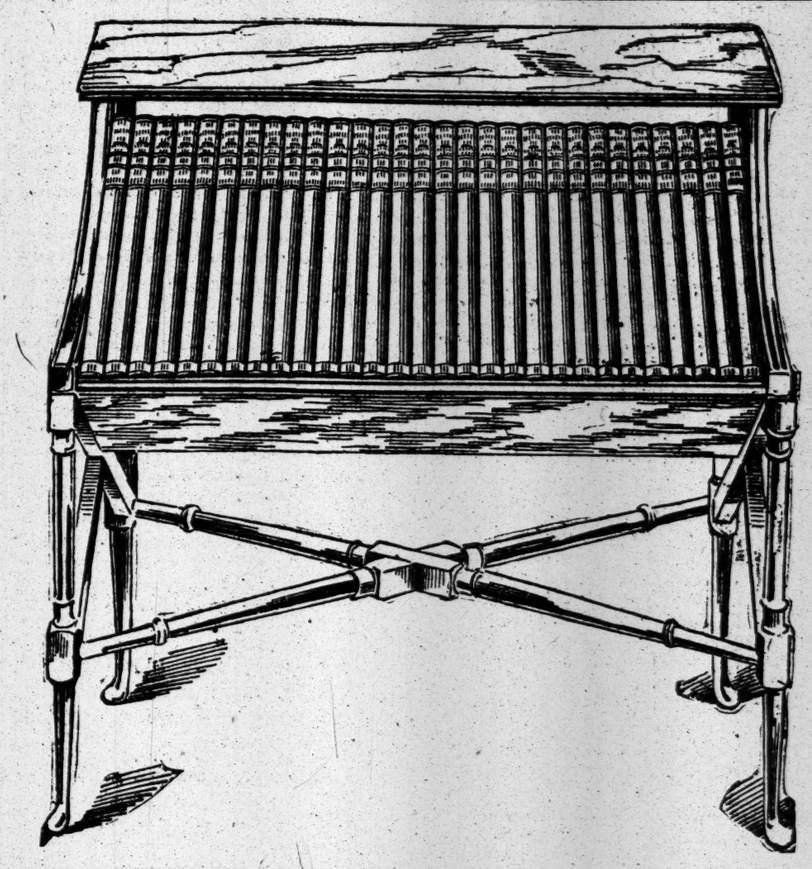

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NEITHER THE ONE NOR THE OTHER, BUT PARTS OF BOTH.

We are convinced that Mr. SHONTS and Col. WILLIAMS know what they are talking about. Each says that the city will make a bad bargain if it accepts the other's subway offer. We are afraid the opinions of these well-qualified experts must be accepted as true, both of them. The city would, indeed, make a deplorably bad bargain if it accepted Mr. SHONTS's offer, altogether rejecting Col. WILLIAMS's offer, and vice versa.

A glance at the map and at the terms of the offer show that Col. WILLIAMS's plan gives very little to Manhattan. The line from the battery through Broadway above Fourteenth Street to Fifty-ninth Street and across the Queensboro Bridge is for Brooklyn, not for Manhattan. The line through Lexington Avenue northward from Forty-second Street may be considered a somewhat derisory addendum to the Brooklyn plan. For the lower west side of Manhattan Col. WILLIAMS offers nothing at all, and it is there, we suspect, that very great increases in taxation valuations are to be looked for. The Bronx profits little by Col. WILLIAMS's offer, and its loud complaints are already heard. A study of the plans has convinced Queens that it will not be well served, and there they are protesting. Richmond gets nothing at all, not even a promise. So four out of the five boroughs are, as it were, left out in the cold by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit plan. Brooklyn alone is content. Brooklyn would be most unreasonable if it were not content with plans so evidently drawn for her almost exclusive benefit. It does, indeed, appear that the acceptance of Col. WILLIAMS's offer just as it stands would be very little for the interest of the whole city.

Mr. SHONTS would build the lower west side line, and that is, we think, of vital importance. His offer is far better for the Bronx, better for Queens. It contains, also, an agreement to operate a line to Richmond whenever the city concludes to build that subway, which will not be in the near future, we imagine. But Manhattan and the Bronx, and in a like degree Queens, would notably profit by the acceptance of the Interborough plan. Still there is the fatal defect that Mr. SHONTS cannot, within the limits of finance and of reason, offer to Brooklyn a service at all comparable to that promised by Col. WILLIAMS's offer. The half million or so of passengers who cross the East River twice each day, very many of them paying two fares coming and two going, would be accommodated by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit plan in a manner not to be approached by anything the Interborough can offer. The Broadway line seems to be an essential part of that system. But the Interborough objects to Brooklyn's use of this central thoroughfare, just as the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company would object strenuously to an invasion of its territory by the Interborough. It appears, therefore, that as Mr. SHONTS's offer would not give Brooklyn the facilities that borough needs, and must have, it would not be a good bargain for the city to accept it as it stands.

The true solution will come through an adjustment of incompatibilities that are, probably, more apparent than real. We are told that any compromise, a merging of the two plans through a selection of what is best in each, is impossible. We have heard that sort of talk before. We were told forty years ago that elevated railroads could not be operated in New York City; passengers would be afraid that the trains would run off the track, and be precipitated into the street; nobody would ride on them. We were told, and often told, twenty years ago that subways were impracticable, because nobody wanted to ride in a "hole in the ground." In the same way we were told by the most expert engineers in the land that the placing of electric wires in underground conduits was altogether out of the question; telegraph and telephone wires would be made useless by induction. Incredulity grows as these gentlemen of the Interborough and of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company protest with increasing fervor that they will consent to no compromise or merger. Men who are about to get together often become increasingly strenuous [illegible] vehement in their insistence that [illegible] will not and cannot get together.

Moreover, it is not altogether a matter of what Mr. SHONTS wants or what Col. WILLIAMS wants. What the city wants the city should have, and the representatives of the city will be chargeable with having made a bad bargain if it does not get what it wants. The Board of Estimate and the Public Service Commission are in a position to give the place of dominance and control to the city's interest. From the two plans together they can make up a system of subway and elevated road extensions that will be vastly better than either plan alone. In that way we may in a few years have additional rapid transit facilities. We are not so sure that the acceptance of either plan would lead to a very speedy beginning of new subway work. There would be opposition, well-grounded opposition, and that would mean delay. Indeed, the rivalry of these two companies, their evident hostility to the granting of advantages which each seeks, tends strongly to encourage the hope of a reasonable compromise. Neither would willingly let the other do what it wants to do, but both would be glad to do, would have to do, what the city, under a plan combining the two offers, would give them the right to do. The path to compromise may seem now to be bristling with difficulties, but it is the shortest way out.

THE GREAT LIBRARY.

The thought and the word appropriate to the ceremony of opening the New York Public Library are to be found in the brief discourse of President TAFT. We are well pleased that the library building is finished and open to the public. It is a cause for satisfaction that these books may now be read and studied by all the people of this city. But in all this we repeat the achievements of other communities. Library buildings may be erected and collections of books brought together wherever the desire and the means exist. But this is "The New York Public Library, Astor, Lenox, and Tilden Foundations." "The fact that impresses itself most upon me," said President TAFT, "that stands out in the history of the whole movement, is that in the short time since 1895, master minds have conceived the union of all these agencies into one." That was the difficult task, that was the achievement that made the benefactions of ASTOR and LENOX and TILDEN incalculably more useful to the people of New York.

Men have such pride in their philanthropies, they hold so dearly, and so justly, as their own individual possession the contemporary or posthumous esteem that comes of giving for the public benefit and enjoyment, that they or those who represent them are most reluctant to consent to any co-operation in the efforts or union with the gifts of others. This natural reluctance, which in experience is found to be almost universal, had to be overcome by "the master minds" to whom Mr. TAFT paid the tribute of well-deserved praise yesterday. It was a work that called for tact and much patience, but it was a work of the highest wisdom. Three libraries essentially different in character, that bearing the name of ASTOR being a general reference library, the Lenox Library with its priceless collection of publications relating to American history, and the political library given by Mr. TILDEN, would not, separately administered, have met the requirements of the City of New York. It is only when the three are united that we come into possession of a library worthy to be compared with the collections of other great cities. Under one administration, giving careful thought to every method and device that, by making the books readily available, invite the public to use them, the utility of these collections, it may be fairly said, has been more than trebled by bringing them together.

PROGRESS WITH CANADIAN BUSINESS.

The Senate's passage of the bill giving effect to the treaty negotiated between England and the United States regarding the regulation of the fisheries above the Canadian boundary was reported yesterday. Admittedly considerable time intervened between the negotiation and the ratification of it by the Senate, but with its enactment there must be an admission on the part of Canada that there was no justification for the imputation of bad faith made by the Opposition in the Dominion Parliament against the United States. If it was a "breach of international honor" for the Senate to deliberate before acting, what can be said regarding the adjournment of Parliament before ratifying the pending reciprocity treaty? When it was first passed it was declared in Parliament that the Government would ratify it forthwith, whatever course Congress took, and that it would remain a standing offer until Congress came to see its merits. As the matter stands not only is the fishery treaty ratified, but the reciprocity agreement has made greater progress in the United States than in Canada. It has passed our House, and the leaders of the House have declared that there shall be no adjournment until the Senate has taken action. But Canada, which was to have shown the way, is still lagging behind, despite its brave declarations.

Success with the fisheries treaty doubtless points the way to success eventually with reciprocity, despite such obstruction as that resulting from amendments like Senator ROOT's and Senator LODGE's. The situation is such that it is impossible to consider the merits of the amendments regarding either wood pulp or fisheries bounties. As additions to a contract which must be taken as it stands or negotiated anew it is only possible to protest against action placing the Senators and their party in a false position. Senator ROOT places himself in the same indefensible position as the "insurgents" who bawled for lower customs, and then bawled against them in application to their local interests. Senator LODGE was so recently a convert to reciprocity by the force of events beyond his control that it is unfortunate for him to assume an attitude of even qualified opposition. He could not have been elected to the seat which he holds if he had avowed any sort of opposition to the reciprocity treaty which he now obstructs with an obnoxious amendment. He is said to have moved his amendment "laughingly." It is quite a change of mood since he was so tearful about the prospects of his being defeated. If he now, secure in his seat, ventures "laughingly" to take action which he would not have dared then to propose, he ought to think of the embarrassment of his party by his action. He is no friend of the Republican Party who obstructs the best thing the Republican President has done.

These remarks are equally applicable to Senator NELSON'S amendment striking off half the reduction of duties on agricultural imports, and to that extent antagonizing the interests of whoever would benefit by food products thus cheapened. Senator NELSON, as an "insurgent," stands implacably for the principle of reducing the customs on the other man's products. This is a position natural and logical enough from the standpoint of selfish and local interests, but there is a great deal more in the treaty which prevents the consideration of the proposal as an independent matter. President TAFT and Premier LAURIER in almost similar terms have told the citizens on both sides the border that it was necessary to subordinate the interests of some in order to advance the interests of all. The Senator does not make the agreement a treaty by calling it a treaty, and the Senate's right to amend either an agreement or a treaty does not make amendment judicious. No opposition to the Canadian arrangements can be meritorious unless it proposes greater benefits. The vice of all the pending amendments is that they propose discriminating benefits to a few at the expense of greater benefits to all. Some Republican Senators are giving the Republican Party a record upon reciprocity which they will regret in the campaign already casting its shadows over contemporary events.

THE WATER SITUATION.

There should be no delay in taking all needful legal steps preliminary to the piping of water from Ten Mile River, which flows partly through Connecticut, for an additional supply for New York City. There is no longer any doubt that more water will be needed in the Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx than the Croton watershed can supply. Care should be taken to place the matter properly before the Connecticut authorities, and to provide for fair remuneration to any mill owners who would suffer from loss of power during the temporary use of water from Ten Mile River by this city. Prodigious obstacles to carrying out this plan are imagined by various officials. But there are no obstacles which cannot be overcome by good management. The engineering work can be quickly done, and before the end of this Summer the new pipe line can be in operation, if needless delays are avoided. It is not conceivable that the Legislature of any other State would refuse aid to New York in a time of actual peril, and the danger of a water famine here is real. A contract for the use of the Ten Mile River for a short term is all that is needed, as the new Catskill supply is expected to be available in three years.

The authorities, it seems, are neglecting no opportunity to decrease the waste of water. Meanwhile, no resident of the two boroughs should fail to economize in the use of water. Stop wasting water yourself, and use your influence to stop its waste by others.

THE MEXICAN CHURCH PARTY.

In July, 1859, BENITO JUAREZ, then constitutional President of Mexico, secured the adoption of new laws instituting a complete independence of the State from the Church, suppressing male religious orders, and "nationalising" all church property. JUAREZ asserted that the Church Party had promoted and sustained fratricidal war for the purpose of making the priests independent of the civil power. The long struggle for Mexican independence began in 1810, but it was not until JUAREZ came into power that the Mexicans who desired freedom realized that the breaking of the bonds of Spanish dominion had not served to make them free, that the Church, planted in Mexico by the Spaniards, continued to exert too strong a sway, and, while it continued so powerful, rendered the permanent establishment of a republic impossible.

A long religious war followed, in which the enlightened followers of JUAREZ contended with the Conservative or Church Party, led by MIRAMON and other reactionaries; but the policy of JUAREZ prevailed, and during the reign of the usurper, MAXIMILIAN, the political sway of the Church was not re-established. Under JUAREZ, after the restoration of the republic, and during the last thirty years, under the rule of PORFIRIO DIAZ, the Church has had no voice in the Government, priests have not been permitted to interfere in civil affairs, and the church buildings have been the property of the State. Ample protection has been given to the public exercise of Catholic worship, the Church has prospered, and it is an open secret that it holds a great deal of valuable real estate in the names of faithful communicants.

Mr. BONSAL'S special dispatches to THE TIMES from the City of Mexico indicate that the Conservative Party of the Juarez era is in process of revival and reorganization. One GABRIEL SOMELLERA is its ostensible head and its wealth exceeds the combined capital of all the Mexican banks. The revival of Church influence in Mexican politics can work only harm to the State and Church. The intelligent Mexicans can see the increasing impatience with religious interference in Spain and Portugal, and it is not credible that any of the Porfiristas or Progressives will sanction any recognition of the revived Catholic Party. But there are thousands of land owners, who have never been reconciled to the Diaz policy, who may hope to benefit by an increase of Church authority, while the mass of the people throughout the country are largely controlled by the priests. The peace of Mexico, we fear, cannot be assured until the revived political zeal of the churchmen is checked.

GERMANY AND ARBITRATION.

Quite incidentally, and without the slightest emphasis, it is announced from Washington that "the German Government has been made aware by the United States that the same general arbitration proposition submitted to Great Britain and to France is open to Germany if that country is interested." It is added that "the tentative draft now in the hands of Great Britain and France constitutes a basis upon which this country is prepared to enter into negotiations with any Power desiring to do so."

It is to be inferred, though it is not certain, that this communication to the German Government is in reply to an intimation on the part of that Government that it is interested in the important negotiations going on. Whether this be the case or no, it is of intense interest that the subject has been taken up, however remotely and informally, with Germany. It is announced also from the State Department that informal discussions on the new arbitration proposition have been going on between the United States Government and the Government of Japan. Here, then, are four of the principal Powers of the modern world discussing with the United States a project for practically permanent peace through the instrumentality of unrestricted arbitration. It does not follow that all of them are ready to discuss the same project among themselves. But the fact as it stands is immensely significant.

Why should a United States District Attorney call a knighthood a "title of nobility"? The knighting of Mr. HENRY DUVEEN would not make him a nobleman.

Mr. AUGUSTUS THOMAS will doubtless think long and hard before he gives up his own pleasant and profitable vocation to become Director of The New Theatre. The successful practice of playwriting does not necessarily fit a man for theatre management. The trials and misadventures of the Literary Directors of the Comédie Française from ARSÈNE HOUSSAYE to JULES CLARETIE are enough to deter any prosperous dramatist from trying to fill the place of Mr. WINTHROP AMES.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Our Idea, but Their Art.

By no possibility will France ever take away from the United States the honor of achieving the first success in mechanical flight. The WRIGHTS gave us that and made real the dream of innumerable ages. To them, however, glory seems to have been less attractive than money, and their effort, perfectly justifiable by all the rules of business, to monopolize the material results of their invention, had the unfortunate effect of removing to other lands, and especially to France, the more sportsmanlike side of aviation.

While our birdmen have for the most part contented themselves with making for hire exhibition flights at county fairs, the Frenchmen have been hard at work devising new types of aeroplanes and better engines with which to propel them. The result is that in this country the interest in aviation is almost dead, while across the water it is keener than ever, and new triumphs of real flying, as distinguished from useless tricks, are reported almost daily. Cross-country journeys are what count in the conquest of the air. Our men proved that they could make them if they chose—that they were as little lacking in courage as in skill—but as bargainers they were too keen for their own interests, and in their eager hunt for the immediate dollar they let the great idea of aerial navigation, properly so called, get away from them and into more appreciative hands. Their most startling feats are poor things in comparison with such journeys as that from Paris to Madrid, which the Frenchmen are now making.

That is real flight and a reasonable test of the aeroplane. The wonder which the records of the competitors there excite is free from any doubt or denial that the risks taken are worth while. In France, as in America, aviation has its cruelly frequent fatalities, but they come as incidents in the advancement of a great art, and every one of them has the lesson which is lacking when men are killed in making spiral dives to astonish gaping crowds who have paid an admission fee with the expectation, if not the hope, of seeing somebody fall from the clouds.

Meanwhile Germany and England are wasting their time and money on absurd monsters, misnamed dirigibles, fragile playthings of the wind, sterile hybrids of the balloon and the practicable flying machine, with all the faults of both and the merits of neither!

This Charge Properly on the City.

Assemblyman WARREN, we think, has been well advised in presenting to the Legislature a bill empowering our Aldermen to authorise the Controller to pay any reasonable charges for medical and surgical treatment incurred by any Mayor or other municipal officer as the result of assault at the hands of a person deeming himself aggrieved by official acts.

A general law to some such effect, covering the whole State, would probably be better, for what is just in New York City is just in all our other towns, and we have no monopoly here of homicidal maniacs ready to avenge fancied wrongs. It is a little hard to see, moreover, why the initiative step toward paying such bills at public expense should be left to be taken by the Aldermen. Circumstances can easily be imagined in which the City Fathers would refuse to take it or take it ungraciously. The payment of these charges should be done as a duty prescribed by law, not as a favor to be granted or withheld, and it should be accepted as a right, not as charity awarded at discretion. These are minor blemishes in the Warren bill, however, and after the principle of payment has once been established the details can be adjusted through future legislation as circumstance reveals necessity or propriety. That every holder of an executive office should make a greater or less number of enemies is inevitable, and lamentable experience has proved that in this country, as elsewhere, these enemies are likely to include men more or less mad, feeling and yielding to an impulse to kill. This is a risk that all public servants incur in addition to their ordinary risks as citizens, and it is only fair that they should not be burdened with heavy expenses when the would-be assassin inflicts only wounds instead of death.

Mayor GAYNOR, in whose special behalf the Warren bill was doubtless drawn, has not asked that his hospital bills be paid, but his case is one that clearly illustrates the justice of doing so. It was very obviously as Mayor that he received the bullet in the throat, from which he still suffers. The city owes it to itself to acknowledge the debt and to pay it.

Deception for a Good End.

That old question, "Is it ever right to lie?" is likely to be revived by the wide publicity given to the fact that the relatives and physicians in attendance on the French Premier not only concealed from him the death of the Minister of War, but told him that his friend was still alive. The excuse is the familiar one that in his weak state the recovery of M. MONIS would be imperiled by the shock the truth would give him.

The adequacy of that excuse in cases of this kind is never very seriously denied, and even the most rigid of moralists would be likely to admit it when the truth meant death, or danger of death, and falsehood gave life, or even a better chance of life, to one in whom he was deeply interested. People of a morality less stern and arbitrary tell such "lies" without hesitation or compunction, from an instinctive feeling that the end justifies the means—as, indeed, it always does when the standard of expediency is sufficiently high and the means used are the only ones by which a really desirable end can be attained.

And it really takes a bad motive to make an indubitable lie, exactly as it does to make an indubitable murder. In the one instance as in the other there is a borderland. Certainly all untruths, or nontruths, are not lies, and fiction has its legitimate uses for many people besides the novelists and lawyers. Still, accuracy of statement is a fine thing, and the reasons for departure from it should be good. A few doctors say that there is never any real need for outright lying to patients, but the vast majority of the profession are not so scrupulous and use unveracity as readily in their practice as they do any one of a hundred other poisons.

INSANE CONSPIRATORS.

Doctor Testifies That the Criminal Insane Are Continually Plotting.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Concerning your Topics of the Times article, "Combination a Rare Phenomenon," I beg leave to state that one of the characteristics of the criminal insane in which they vary markedly from the ordinary insane is in this faculty or habit of combination.

In their so-called sane life, before the alienism of crime has developed into that of insanity, they are in the habit of forming combinations to do their work as the various gangs and groups of pickpockets will show. They do this even then knowing and fearing that some one will "stool" and betray them, and they are always on the lookout for traitors, sometimes wreaking a fearful vengeance upon a suspected or guilty member of their combination. This habit of thought and life is fundamental and follows them to asylums and jails, though they are well aware that greater temptation for betrayal exists in these institutions than in free life. They fear this more than they do the instability that comes from delusions of the insane.

However, the combinations that I have been familiar with, and I saw many of varying importance during my time of study at Matteawan, (1894-8,) were not made among men who had bizarre delusions. The paranoiac without grandiose ideas, the habitual criminal, the slightly demented one who would follow directions, and the malingerer made the group. They were dangerous. The history of the hospital would show even worse combinations than this last one discovered. You will note these men are all of the criminal class, and most of those combining in any experience, had been convicted and sentenced.

It will interest you to see the difference in the manner of visiting a ward shown among the ordinary insane and the criminal insane. In the first the doctor goes unattended save for the convenience a supervisor may be. He enters a ward or sun room, allows the patients to group around him, talks and jokes perhaps with the most noisy and vociferous, and is protected if at all only from some one man who is known to be homicidal or to have special delusions of persecution. An attendant stands near such a patient, who is kept in his seat or possibly in a room.

On the other hand, when entering a ward of criminal insane, the patients are instantly made to seat themselves in chairs along the walls, and the supervisor and chief attendant take their places near the physician, staying with him till he leaves the ward. The basis of the need of this protection even in the quiet wards is the power of combinations that the criminal mind has. It is feared that if a group were allowed to form near the doctor it would be made up of men with a plan and a serious attack made upon one whom they look upon as the personification of the authority of their confinement.

There is no question but what the convict insane should be entirely separated from the court cases and, in another institution. RICHARD R. DALY.

Atlanta, Ga., May 17, 1911.

THE SHERMAN LAW.

High Praise for The Times's Exposition of Its Meaning.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I write to congratulate you upon the great knowledge and ability which had to be possessed by whichever one of your editorial writers composed your elaborate leader of to-day on the Sherman law. The work I have done in collecting the materials and in writing Walker's "History of the Sherman Law" probably included more reading and study than any other one person ever devoted to that statute. So, also, I listened with close attention to all of the eleven arguments which were made in the Supreme Court of the United States last January in the Standard Oil case and in the American Tobacco case. Though I am not able to agree with all the statements and arguments which are contained in your editorial article, I am able to recognise thorough knowledge and great ability when I hear or read their expressions. Permit me, therefore, to say that your article occupies the very first rank among all the expositions of the Sherman law which have ever been printed anywhere, and that the number of expositions in that rank does not exceed nine or ten, at the utmost.

Much the ablest argument which was made for either of the defendants in the Sherman law cases last January was made by De Lancey Nicoll. I remember that in conversation with him, midway of his argument, I tried to suggest to him that I hoped he would take the ground that restraint of competition is not synonymous with restraint of trade; and that it is not prohibited by the Sherman law, except where it results in restraint of trade, which is far from being invariably the case. I made this suggestion as a non-partisan jurist, and not as an attorney for anybody. But for some reason, which I do not know, Mr. Nicoll did not call the attention of the court to any distinction between restraint of trade and restraint of competition. And no such distinction was mentioned in any of the eleven arguments which were presented to the Supreme Court last January in the two Sherman law cases; and no such distinction was alluded to by any of the Justices of the court in their colloquies with counsel.

The Sherman law is so nearly free from ambiguity that there are only three words in it that ever required the slightest judicial construction; and there never was any good reason for extended controversy relevant to the meaning of those three words. But it has suited the purposes of those who did not wish to obey the law, on any construction of its terms, to confuse the minds of the Judges and of the public relevant to its meaning. That scheme has worked for more than twenty years, and is working yet. But it gives me pleasure to testify that your editorial article is totally free from all such tendency; and is an admirable instance of thoroughly informed and sincere exposition and argument.

ALBERT H. WALKER.

New York, May 20, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of this date I have read with great interest and appreciation your editorial article, "The Sherman Act Means What It Says." I write to thank you for the clearness of the article and to express the hope that the members of the legal fraternity may "read, learn, mark, and inwardly digest" all you have so well said.

In my younger days I had the good fortune to be a pupil of Prof. Childs, at Harvard, and remember hearing him say on one occasion, when criticising a forensic submitted, "say what you mean in good English, and in the fewest possible words." In later life I drew up a contract, the party of the second part having brought in one drawn by a lawyer. After reading my lay document he asked: "What lawyer drew that paper?" I replied: "I wrote that out myself. Is it not satisfactory?" Without a minute's hesitation he said: "I can understand that perfectly, but I'll be hanged if I can make head or tail of the lingo in this paper for which I have paid two dollars. I'll sign the paper you have drawn, for it means just what it says and is straight business." W.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 20, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a member of the bar of all State and United States courts in three States, and over thirty years of active practice, I wish to commend most earnestly the editorial article on the Sherman act, which appeared in your issue of May 20. Its history of the act as well as its patient, logical, and conclusive argument and suggestions are in remarkable contrast to many of the hasty and superficial comments heretofore and still being made concerning that act. It is not as impossible to reason soundly as one might be led to think. And that article is not the first by which many have been gratified by the thorough soundness of the legal editor of your great paper. L. K. S.

New York, May 22, 1911.

SULPHURED HOLES IN TREES.

They Will Not Clear Them of Bugs and Worms.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"L. W. S." advises the use of sulphur in an auger hole for the purpose of destroying worms and bugs on trees, and gives the idea that the sap will take up the sulphur and carry it to the leaves. One might as well bore a hole in a man's leg, put in sulphur, and expect to kill mosquitos on his forehead. As a consequence of the advice of "L. W. S.," we are certain to have a number of lovers of trees start off with an auger in one hand and a package of sulphur in the other, prepared to raise hades with trees. The damage will not be from the sulphur, however, but from the entrance of fungous parasites in the hole.

"L. W. S." further holds up the hands of tree quacks who go about the country pretending to cure diseases of trees by placing medicaments in auger holes. The "simplicity of the method" appeals to people who are always looking for something simple, but who neglect to glance into the looking glass. Pabulum for trees is prepared in the elaborating organs of the trees, and is quite as complex a process as the nutrition of animals. Medicaments are not take up by the sap from auger holes. We cannot even kill a tree by putting violent poisons in auger holes. This subject has all been worked out thoroughly by authorities, and the literature is available for any one who is not looking for "some simple remedy."

ROBERT T. MORRIS.

New York, May 20, 1911.

Conifers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A lover of trees is continually saddened by the sight of neglect and injury to trees. Think of our beautiful Central Park and the absurdity of the job of reseiling. Thousands of men in New York know that the roots of trees would be smothered by a layer of new dirt sufficient to furnish food for more than three years, and at the end of that time the trees would be just where they are now—out of food, because of the neglect to adopt ordinary measures that are adopted by private owners of grounds.

We know that the beautiful spruces and cedars about the Public Library must fail, and that the expense of setting them out is wasted money because coniferous trees in cities take out of the air certain products of combustion of coal. This is poisonous to the trees. If any one really wants to know what happens to coniferous trees in cities, let him walk along Fifty-ninth Street from Fifth Avenue to Eighth Avenue, and look at the pines near the street. It is a very pretty walk marred only by the pine trees, which are ragged and dying for reasons perfectly well known. The conifers about the Public Library will soon show signs of distress. It would be so much better if we could have there some of the grand, majestic trees that really will thrive in cities instead of beautiful conifers that we know will fail.

ROBERT T. MORRIS.

New York, May 20, 1911.

VAGRANCY GROWING ALL OVER THE STATE

Heads of Charities Organizations Confer Here to Decide What's to be Done About It.

TRAMPS INCREASING HERE

One Remedy Suggested to the Legislature Is the Establishment of Farm Colony for the Idlers.

The problem of handling and checking vagrancy, which is rapidly increasing all over this State, is worrying the social workers, and yesterday afternoon, at the United Charities Building, in East Twenty-second Street, the representatives of charitable organizations went into conference in the offices of the State Board of Charities. They conferred behind closed doors, for largely the talk revolved about the chances of the compulsory farm colony bill now in the Legislature at Albany. After more than an hour of this they emerged with some resolutions that had been passed approving the bill, introduced two weeks ago by Representative Chanler.

Present at the conference were John A. Kingsbury of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, William F. Persons, Edward T. Devine, and Johnson De Forest of the Charities Organization Society; Morris Waldman of the United Hebrew Charities, Charles K. Blatchly of the Joint Application Bureau, O. F. Lewis of the Prison Association, Secretary Nichols of the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, Homer Folks of the State Board of Charities, Mr. Hoot of the Bowery Branch of the Y. M. C. A., and Commissioner Whitney.

Reports from all parts of the city show that the increase in vagrancy is of startling proportions here. Dr. Devine said that the Municipal Lodging House has had twice as many applicants so far in 1911 as in the corresponding months of the previous year. There were 7,000 applicants in April, 1910, he said, and 15,000 last month. Mr. Blatchly reported that in his work the jump had been 50 per cent., 18,000 applying so far in 1911, as against 12,000 in 1910.

Here are the resolutions adopted:

Whereas, The reports from the Municipal Lodging House, the Joint Application Bureau, the Prison Association, the Charity Organization Society, the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, the State Charities Aid Association, and other agencies in New York City show that vagrancy and homelessness are rapidly increasing in this city, and the reports of the State Board of Charities and of the State Commission of Prisons for several years have shown that vagrancy imposes increasingly heavy burdens upon the taxpayers; and

Whereas, The State and New York City Conferences of Charities and Correction and all the leading charity and correctional workers of the State and city have agreed that present methods of dealing with these delinquents are ineffectual, and that some thoroughgoing plan must be adopted to lessen this serious evil; and

Whereas, The State already pays $80,000 per annum for the support of tramps in county prisons where they do not receive the remedial treatment which the farm colony could provide; and

Whereas, Reliable reports show that European countries have successfully reformed vagrants and suppressed vagrancy by the establishment of compulsory labor in farm colonies, and that this plan is economical, reformative, and deterrent; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, (1) That this conference recognizes that vagrancy is a serious evil, and favors as an immediate measure the establishment in this State of a compusory farm colony for vagrants; (2) that this conference approves the appointment by the Governor of a commission of three persons to make a careful study of vagrancy, and to select a site for a farm colony for tramps and vagrants, as provided in Bill 2,2f2, introduced in the Assembly by Mr. Chanler May 10, 1911; (3) that these resolutions be transmitted to the Governor and each member of the Legislature, with a request for their favorable action thereon.

The farm colony idea, which has stripped the highways of some European countries of the homeless and confirmed idlers, has had a spirited following in this country for the last five years, and the social workers are united in their belief in the need of such an institution here, where the Magistrates could commit tramps on an indeterminate sentence to work out their salvation by work in the open. Mr. Chanler's bill appropriates only $10,000, but it provides that a commission of three shall select a site to cost not more than $60,000. The advocates of the idea ask no better beginning.

Stephen Bonsal's Dispatches.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am considered a fairly good judge of things political and otherwise, in Spanish-America, and I say this to give full value in praising the work of your special correspondent in Mexico, Mr. Stephen Bonsal, (whom I do not know personally.) In all the history of the South and Central American nations, there has never been, in modern times at least, such a complicated situation as that of Mexico to-day. It is not only a rising, a revolt; it is the destruction of the old by the new. It has brought to the surface something which is already too prominent also in our United States of America, a deep-seated hatred on the part of the "have nots" against the "haves."

Then there is the ever-smoldering dislike of the Indian for the white face, to say nothing of a million or two from mixtures of several different races. Diaz gave millions of these people a chance to go to school; in a few months we'll know what this has done for the Mexican Republic.

Much of the aforesaid has been interestingly welded in his letters by Mr. Bonsal, adding a clear-cut idea of the men who are, and may soon be, prominent in Mexico. From our point of view, the unraveling of the multitude of plots and counterplots now distracting our neighbor may seem easy, but I can assure your readers that this task is to say the least tremendous, as well as fraught with some danger, and is steadily growing worse. Our people would do well to make a serious study of these letters, and the peculiar circumstances in which Mexico finds herself to-day, because, if I am not very much mistaken, every citizen will have to know a great deal about that unhappy country, within a very few weeks. R.

New York, May 23, 1911.

New Library's Rule for Coats.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I would like to know whether the rule as to men's coats which prevailed at the old Astor Library will be adhered to at the new public library on Forty-second Street. Although there was a section reserved for those women who shrink from the propinquity of male readers, the latter were never allowed, even on scorching August days, to remove their coats. One result was an abnormal increase in perspiration, through which many books and engravings were soiled. I, for one, plead guilty to having defaced in this way quite a good many illustrated books on art subjects.

If this absurd rule is not abolished for the sake of the reader's comfort, it should be abolished for the sake of the valuable documents which are damaged every Summer.

New York, May 23, 1911. ANDRE TRIDON.

Hudson's Bathing Water Polluted?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will you kindly inform me as to whether the water of the Hudson at the beaches at 148th Street and 155th Street, West, are polluted to such an extent that one runs the risk of typhoid by bathing or swimming in those waters? And if this is the case, why the city permits the bath houses to remain where thousands of people go daily in the warm season for this form of recreation? I am simply one of those who do not know and wish merely to be informed, as I live in the vicinity and wish to take advantage of the beach nearest to hand. A SWIMMER.

New York, May 22, 1911.

WORKS BY GREAVES SOLD AS WHISTLER'S

Portrait Bought by Mr. Freer and Shown at Museum Here One of Them, Says Mr. Pennell.

ART SCANDAL THREATENED

Biographer of Whistler Also Asserts the Master Painted Some of the Work Exhibited as Greaves's.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 23, (by telegraph to Clifden, Ireland; thence by wireless.)—Readers of THE NEW YORK TIMES are familiar with the story of the sudden leap into fame of Walter Greaves, the 70-year-old artist who described himself as a pupil of Whistler, but who is hailed by the London critics as one of the greatest living English painters and a genius from whom Whistler in reality borrowed many of the ideas that most redounded to his (Whistler's) glory.

Mr. Greaves himself was directly responsible for this latter suggestion, for in the catalogue of his works recently placed on exhibition at the Goupil Gallery, it was definitely stated that Greaves's picture, "Barges Passing Under Battersea Bridge," was painted prior to 1862 and that Whistler's similar picture was a work of a later date.

Joseph Pennell, whose life of Whistler, written in collaboration with Elizabeth Robins Pennell, is the standard biography of that artist, has been at pains to investigate this statement, which derives special importance from the fact that the pictures in question are admittedly among the earliest examples of those "nocturnes" which Whistler made a specialty.

Mr. Pennell exonerates both Mr. Greaves and Mr. Marchant, the director of the Goupil Gallery, from any desire deliberately to deceive the public, but he has gathered together documentary evidence to show that the statement made in the catalogue issued by them is erroneous.

The catalogue declares that the Greaves "nocturne" was exhibited during the Great Exhibition of 1862 in Allen Cole's rooms in the Cromwell Road. "It was afterward," so runs the entry in the catalogue, "that Whistler painted his pictures of the bridge."

Mr. Pennell has obtained from Alan Cole, C. B., whose name Mr. Greaves misspelled "Allen," a letter stating that at the time in question he was 16 years of age. Mr. Pennell also consulted the catalogue of the exhibition of 1862 and finds that Greaves was not an exhibitor there.

Moreover, Mr. Pennell declares that there is intrinsic evidence that it was Whistler's hand that painted the background of barges which is the chief feature of the Greaves picture of Battersea Bridge. He adds that several other paintings in the Greaves exhibition owe their chief merits to Whistler's brush, instancing the background of one painting entitled "The Balcony," and the head of Greaves in the portrait of himself supposedly the work of the latter artist. "Whistler began his portrait and Greaves finished it—finished it in more ways than one," said Mr. Pennell succinctly to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent to-day.

Mr. Pennell believes that unless steps are at once taken exactly to determine Greaves's place in the world of art there will result confusion between his work and Whistler's which will become an outrageous scandal.

Already, says Mr. Pennell, much of Greaves's work has been foisted upon the public as Whistler's. He cites specifically a portrait said to be by Whistler now in the collection of Charles R. Freer of Detroit, which was exhibited at the Metropolitan Museum in New York a year ago.

This portrait, says Mr. Pennell, is not by Whistler but by Greaves.

GIRL GRADUATES AT SHERRY'S

Diplomas from Miss Spence's School Awarded at Commencement.

The commencement exercises of Miss Spence's School for Girls was held at Sherry's yesterday morning, and a gathering of friends which filled the large ballroom to overflowing viewed with interest the presentation of diplomas and certificates. Miss Margaret L. Schieffelin, a greatgranddaughter of the late William H. Vanderbilt, was among those who received a sheepskin.

The programme began at 11 o'clock with a May Day song, the graduating class and the other classes of the school, including the juniors, being arranged in a semi-circle in the front of the ballroom in their simple white frocks. The graduating class occupied the stage.

After an address by the Rev. Henry Sloane Coffin came the presentation of diplomas and certificates, which was followed by the school song composed by Mrs. John Junius Morgan, (Miss Caroline McCook,) class of 1904. The Rev. Malcolm James MacLeod pronounced the benediction, and the classes then marched through a white-ribboned aisle to the hall.

Later, the graduating class held their luncheon in the small ballroom. In the adjoining rooms were several luncheon parties given by former graduating classes. The decorations throughout were dogwood blossoms.

The graduating class consisted of the Misses Caramal Carroll, Ilse Donner, Vieva Marie Fisher, Dorothy Flagg, Priscilla Flagg, Isabella McP. Holt, Rachael L. Huntington, Marguerite Kennelly, Marian Lane, Gertrude Mali, Cora Hennen Morris, Mildred Murphy, Georgiana McKee, Mary G. Nightingale, Helen Blagden Rich, Katharine S. Sands, Margaret L. Schieffelin, Dorothy F. Taylor, Dorothy H. Thompson, Mary Thorn Tower, and Ellen R. Wheeler. All of these received diplomas.

Certificates were awarded to the Misses Mary Elizabeth Kane, Gwendolyn Mitchell, Lilybel Barnard, Marjorie Cleveland, Diantha Fitch, Greta Hostetter, Mary E. Holmes, Martha Niles Lesher, Ruth H. Moller, Margaret McClure, Elizabeth Tilden Sabin, Doris Porter, Reva Marie Ritch, Mildred G. Rice, and Marian Addington Stone.

The ushers were Pauline Clarkson, Caroline Weed, Ruth Zelle, Isabella Tyson, Cordelia Hepburn, Mary Alexander, Sara Delano, Mary Jay Schieffelin, Katharine Lamont, Eva Mali, Eugena Fuller, and Helen Hunt.

Transportation Club Officers.

The Transportation Club, at its annual meeting, held yesterday at the Hotel Manhattan, elected these officers: President—John Carstensen; Vice Presidents—Charles F. Cox and F. E. Herriman; Secretary—Dwight W. Pardee; Treasurer—J. F. Fairland. The club now has 900 members.

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R. A. SASSEEN

165 Broadway New York City

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred L. White have gone to Dobbs Ferry, where they will remain until the middle of July, when they leave for their camp in the Adirondacks.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin B. Sheldon, who are at their country place, Longwood, at Delhi, N. Y., are booked to sail on June 3 for Europe.

Henry L. Stimson, the new Secretary of War, will be among those to assist Major Gen. and Mrs. Frederick Dent Grant when they receive to-morrow afternoon at the garden party which is to be given on Governors Island in aid of the New York Branch of the Army Relief Society.

Sir John and Lady Murray and Miss Murray of Edinburgh, Scotland, are at the Hotel Wolcott after a trip to the Pacific Coast, and will spend a few days here before sailing for home.

The invitations to the church wedding of Miss Ruth W. Schultz of Summit, N. J., and Stephen P. Nash of this city, which was to have taken place on Saturday, having been recalled owing to the illness of Miss Schultz, there will be a small wedding at the home of the bride about the middle of June.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Warner of 404 Riverside Drive are being congratulated on the birth of a daughter on last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. August Rust-Oppenheim (Miss Elizabeth Claiborne,) who were married on April 27, have just returned to town from Colorado, where they spent their honeymoon.

The Misses Hazel Young Bliss, Julia Culbert, Dorothy Stratton, Edythe Welch, and Marguerite Staley, the latter of Baltimore, Md., have been selected as bridal attendants for Miss Marguerite Storms, whose marriage to Arthur Lorraine Bliss of Washington, D. C., is to take place in St. Bartholomew's Church on June 26.

Mrs. Elisha Dyer and her daughter, Miss Laura Swan, are sailing to-day from England for this country, after an absence abroad of several months. Mr. Dyer gave a dinner last night at the Ritz-Carlton. Among his guests were Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Y. Dalziel, Mrs. Harry S. Lehr, and Mr. and Mrs. N. L. McCready.

Among those sailing to-day for Europe are Mr. and Mrs. Laurens Van Alen, who will remain six weeks abroad; Mr. and Mrs. Bedell H. Harned, who plan to stay in Europe until October, and Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Outerbridge and family, who will spend the Summer abroad.

Mrs. Vanderbilt will sail to-morrow for Europe on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria; also Miss Janet Fish, Mrs. James Brown Potter, Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins, and Miss Katharine Elkins.

WM. R. HEARST GIVES DINNER.

Entertains at His Home for John Hays Hammond, Special Envoy.

Mr. and Mrs. William Randolph Hearst gave a dinner last night at their home, 137 Riverside Drive, for John Hays Hammond, Special Envoy to the Coronation of King George V., and Mrs. Hammond, who will sail this week for London. Mr. and Mrs. Hearst are booked to sail for England to-day on the Mauretania.

Among the guests were Mrs. Phoebe Hearst, Governor and Mrs. Eugene N. Foss of Massachusetts, Gen. Nelson A. Miles, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Nixon, Mr. and Mrs. Guy B. Barhan, Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. S. Stanwood Menken, Arthur Brisbane, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Untermyer, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence J. Shearn, Miss Ethel Whitmire, and Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Lawrence.

HAMAR GREENWOOD WEDS.

Member of House of Commons Married to Miss Margery Spencer.

LONDON, May 23.—Hamar Greenwood, formerly of the Department of Agriculture, Ontario, and now holding the Liberal seat for Sunderland in the House of Commons, to-day married Miss Margery Spencer at St. Margaret's, Westminster. A distinguished company, including Sir Wilfred Laurier, Premier of Canada, and other Colonial statesmen and members of the House of Commons, were present at the ceremony.

A detachment from the Canadian squadron of King Edward's Horse, of which the bridegroom is Captain, lined the aisle of the church.

GIVES BACHELOR DINNER.

I. Townsend Burden, Jr., Who Is to Wed Miss Florence Sheedy, Entertains.

I. Townsend Burden, Jr., whose marriage to Miss Florence Sheedy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Sheedy of Denver, Col., is set for June 17 in that city, gave his farewell bachelor dinner last night at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Burden, 2 East Ninety-second Street.

Mr. Burden, his best man, John Clinton Gray, Jr., and the members of his family will leave for Denver for the wedding between June 10 and 12. After the wedding Mr. Burden and his bride will sail for Europe for a brief sojourn. Upon their return to New York they will occupy the house at 85 East Seventy-eighth Street, which Mr. Burden has leased for a term of years.

Among those at the dinner last night were Henry Gray, J. Clinton Gray, Jr., Samuel S. Bradley, Robert L. Livingston, Henry Clews, Jr., Eugene S. Willard, Louis C. Clark, Lawrence Lanier Winslow, William Byrd, Judge Franklin C. Hoyt, Ralph Ranlet, Phoenix Ingraham, and Frank Crocker.

Slosson-Stevens Wedding Plans.

Plans have been completed for the wedding on June 17 of Miss Alexandra H. Stevens, a daughter of Mrs. Berkeley Mostyn by her first husband, the late Alexander H. Stevens, to Steward Slosson, the son of Mrs. J. Steward Slosson.

Miss Stevens will have her sister, Mrs. Gilliat Ghequire Schroeder, as her matron of honor, and her bridesmaids are to be the Misses Cornelia L. Gallatin, Helen M. Trotter, Enid B. Allen, Ethel Sloan, Annie A. Sturges, Margaret Slosson, a sister of Mr. Slosson, and Mary Gilliat Naylor, a cousin of Mr. Slosson.

Mr. Slosson's best man is to be Rutherfurd Stuyvesant Pierrepont, and the ushers selected are Clement Barnewell, Arthur Scott Willis, William Massena Benjamin, Perry Bogue-Gilliat, G. Schroeder, and Albert Aikin.

The ceremony will take place at 3 o'clock in old St. Mark's Church in Second Avenue, near Eighth Street, known as St. Mark's in the Bowery, and the Rev. Dr. Loring Batten will officiate. Miss Stevens's brother, Oscar E. Stevens, will give her in marriage.

A small reception for the relatives and a few intimate friends will be held at 8:30 at Delmonico's.

Bridal Dinner Date Changed.

Miss Louise Chalmers, whose wedding to Reginald Ducat is set for June 1 in Grace Church, has changed the date of the dinner she will give for the bridal attendants from May 29 to Saturday, May 27. The date of the luncheon Miss Ducat is to give for the bridal attendants at Sherry's has also been changed and will occur on Monday next instead of Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Valentine Pulsifer will also entertain for Miss Chalmers and her fiancé with a dinner on Tuesday evening at their residence, 48 West Fifty-ninth Street.

Miss Lesher to Wed Wayne E. Connor.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Lesher of 65 East Fifty-fifth Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Martha Niles Lesher, to Wayne E. Connor, son of Mr. and Mrs. Washington E. Connor of 532 Madison Avenue. Mr. Connor is a member of the senior class at Princeton. No date has been set for the wedding.

New Officers for B'rith Abraham.

Officers were elected and installed for the ensuing year by the Independent Order of B'rith Abraham in convention in Tammany Hall last night, after brisk all-day voting at the polls. The organization has more than 150,000 members, and the vote was heavy, with close majorities in many cases. The following officers were installed, Max Stern presiding at the installation: Grand Master—Leon Sanders; Deputies—Max Schwartz, Julius Friedenberg, Boston; Hyman Witenchik, Philadelphia; Benjamin Meisler, Newark; Dr. George Sultan, Chicago; Grand Secretary—Jacob Schoen; Grand Treasurer—William Zimmerman.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Ralph Kellard, who has been playing in "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm" all season, will head a sotck company at the new Empire Theatre, Syracuse, N. Y., opening next week in "Cameo Kirby."

The one hundredth performance of "Everywoman" was given at the Herald Square Theatre last night, when souvenirs consisting of leather-bound copies of the play, with illustrations, were distributed.

MISS BAILEY BRIDE OF HAROLD B. GIBBS

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin F. Bailey Married in St. Bartholomew's Church

BEFORE A LARGE ASSEMBLY

Reception Given at the St. Regis by the Bride's Parents—Miss Alice Peterson Weds Charles S. Andrews, Jr.

The wedding of Miss Elmer Frances Bailey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Franklin Bailey of 175 West Seventy-second Street, and Harold Byron Gibbs, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Doubleday Gibbs of Philadelphia, took place at 8 o'clock last evening in St. Bartholomew's Church before a large assemblage.

The bride, who walked up the nave with her father, wore a gown of white satin trimmed with old point lace. The train was embroidered with lilies of the valley and orchids, and the veil, which was a family heirloom, was of old point and duchesse lace. It was held in place by a coronet of orange blossoms. The flowers carried by the bride were lilies of the valley and orchids, and her ornaments were a diamond pendant, the gift of the bridegroom; a diamond and pearl brooch from her grandfather, and a diamond and sapphire bracelet.

Miss Alice M. Moffitt acted as maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were the Misses Helen S. Baylis, Dorothy Beecher White, Beatrice F. Wanger, Clara M. Wiedenbach of New York, and Marion B. Wagstaff and Carrie R. Sperry of Cranford, N. J.

The maid of honor was gowned in lavender satin veiled in turquois blue chiffon, and carried an Empire walking stick topped with white and purple lilacs. The bridesmaids were in costumes of turquois blue satin veiled in lavender-colored chiffon. They all wore Empire-shaped hats and carried sprays of white lilacs.

Little Miss Ruth Baylis and Clarke O. Baylis, cousins of the bride, acted as flower children. They were dressed in white with blue ribbons, and carried baskets filled with lavender sweet peas.

Edwin O. Warndorff of Chicago acted as best man. The Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks performed the ceremony. The chancel was banked in green and white.

The ushers were Warren D. Strode, David A. Aljoe, Stanley Hillyer, Carroll D. Newell, Theodore M. Crisp of New York, and G. Theodore Houston of Chicago.

Mrs. M. B. Clarke, the bride's great grandmother, who resides in New York, was among those present at the church.

After the church ceremony a reception was given at the St. Regis by the bride's parents. Later the couple left on their bridal trip. Upon their return they will reside in this city.

MISS ALICE PETERSON WEDS.

Married to Charles Sperry Andrews, Jr., at Her Mother's Home.

The wedding of Miss Alice Peterson and Charles Sperry Andrews, Jr., took place last evening at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Wilson Peterson, 27 West Eighty-sixth Street. The Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, rector of St. Thomas's Church, officiated.

The bride wore a gown of white satin with a bodice of lace and a tulle veil caught up with orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley and bridal roses and wore a diamond pendant, the gift of the bridegroom.

Her sister, Mrs. Fay, who acted as matron of honor, was gowned in pink satin veiled in pink marquisette. She carried pink roses. Archibald Stevenson was the best man.

A reception followed the ceremony.

REVIVAL OF "COUNTRY GIRL."

Musical Play Begins at Herald Square Theatre Next Monday.

Instead of bringing Marie Dressler in "Tillie's Nightmare" into the Herald Square Theatre next week, Lew Fields has decided to have the Gray-Stewart Musical Company begin an engagement there Monday night in a revival of "A Country Girl," under the direction of Melville Stewart. This piece, a musical play in two acts, had a run of 800 performances at Daly's Theatre, New York, and 600 performances at Daly's Theatre, London. The present production has been playing at the Tremont Theatre, Boston.

The cast will include John Slavin, Melville Stewart, Robert Elliott, George E. Mack, Donald Hall, J. W. Fleming, Cyril Chadwick, A. L. Clark, W. Jay Doyle, Grace Freeman, Genevieve Finlay, Laura Jaffray, Florence Burdett, Ada Sterling, Anna Bell, Teresa Bryant, May Wesley, Edna Houch, Madge Gest, Ada Holt, Florence Burnham, and Florence Farmer. The orchestra will be under the direction of Anton Heindl.

VERNON CASTLE TO MARRY.

Zowie of "The Hen Pecks" to Wed Miss Irene Foote of New Rochelle.

Vernon Castle, the slim young man who is appearing in "The Hen Pecks," in the rôle of Zowie, the Monarch of Mystery, is to be married next Sunday afternoon to Miss Irene Foote, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. H. T. Foote of New Rochelle. The ceremony will be performed at the Foote home, Beachmont Park, New Rochelle, at 5 o'clock, by the Rev. Dr. Marshall. Miss Foote's bridesmaids will be Miss Florence Eisendrath and Miss Louise Mathews. Gladwyn MacDougall will be the best man.

Mr. Castle is an Englishman and his real name is Vernon Castle Blythe. He is a graduate of Birmingham University. He came to this country to visit his brother-in-law, George Grossmith, Jr., who was then appearing with Lew Fields in "About Town," and was engaged by Mr. Fields for his first professional appearance. He has never appeared under any other management.

For the last two or three years he has lived in New Rochelle, and has been a member of the New Rochelle Yacht Club, where he met Miss Foote. After the season of "The Hen Pecks" closes, on June 3, Mr. Castle and his bride will go to England, returning to New York in time for the re-opening of the company at the Broadway Theatre in August.

CARUSO IN PERFECT HEALTH.

Tenor's Vocal Chords Absolutely Normal, Says London Physician.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 23.—Caruso has engaged a London press agent, who today "refutes the fanciful statement about the singer's voice" by issuing a signed statement by a London physician who has examined Caruso's throat and finds its vocal cords absolutely normal.

Caruso's press agent refers to a reported declaration by an Italian doctor that Caruso had developed a corn on one of his vocal chords and dismisses the story as a pure invention. Far from suffering in any way, Caruso, according to the press agent, has been "since his arrival in London April 24 in the enjoyment of perfect health and able to enjoy to the full every minute of the day."

Rebates for Pullman Passengers.

CHICAGO, May 23.—Persons who paid full rates on Pullman cars on the Great Northern lines after the Inter-State Commerce Commission ordered a reduction on March 15, 1910, now can obtain rebates of everything paid above the reduced rate. Judges Grosscup and Kohlsaat in the United States Circuit Court to-day ordered the Clerk of the Court to cash all rebate charges given by the road. There are rebate checks outstanding amounting to $25,000.

NEW CLUE IN DYNAMITE CASE.

Fuse Found in Conners's Cell Like That Used at Hall of Records.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 23.—Bert H. Conners and J. M. Parks, members of the Structural Iron and Bridge Workers' Union, arrested last evening for alleged attempted dynamiting of the Hall of Records here on Sept. 9, 1910, spent the greater part of to-day before the Grand Jury in special session.

Among the witnesses were A. B. Maple, who was arrested at the time of the finding of the dynamite at the hall. Maple said to-day that he was a friend of Conners and himself a structural iron worker. A subpoena was issued for Police Captain Lehnhausen, who found in the cell in which Conners was confined at the time of his arrest, a piece of fuse of the same sort discovered at the Hall of Records. Lehnhausen was ordered to bring the fuse.

Detective Brown said that he had been trailing Conners for a long time, and that the arrest would not have been made except that it seemed certain Conners and Parks were arranging to leave California.

No statements made by the prisoners were made public.

The prisoners were brought to the Court House from the city jail at 10 o'clock in an automobile by employes of the District Attorney's office. After five hours of cross-examination at the District Attorney's office Conners and Parks are being held at the city jail to prevent the possibility of their communicating with the McNamara brothers.

DIES GRIEVING FOR TIGHE.

Brooklyn Newsdealer's Death Due to Poison Taken to Induce Sleep.

Mourning the death of ex-Magistrate Tighe, Louis C. Stumm, a newsdealer, of 427 Clinton Street, Brooklyn, who was an intimate friend and an admirer of the Judge, complained to his wife yesterday morning that he had not been able to sleep for the last few nights. Mrs. Stumm left her husband alone to go to the store. When she returned she found him apparently in a deep sleep, but breathing heavily, on a lounge in the dining room. Becoming alarmed at her husband's condition she tried to rouse him. He did not respond to her calls, and she went out for a physician.

Dr. Philip J. Genthner of 884 Court Street found that Stumm was suffering from some kind of poison. He died while Dr. Genthner was working over him trying to revive him. Coroner's Physician Dr. Emil F. Hartung examined the body, and expressed the belief that death was accidentally caused by morphine poisoning. Stumm left a short note on the table, in which he said that he had taken pills to make him sleep.

NOT URGING PARK RESOILING.

Borglum Committee Finds It Expedient to be Inactive for a Time.

Gutzon Borglum, Chairman of the Rehabilitation Committee of the Parks and Playgrounds Association, which made a thorough examination of Central Park and favored its resoiling, has sent to the Budget Committee of the Board of Estimate this letter:

May 22, 1911.

To the Budget Committee of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

Gentlemen: The Rehabilitation Committee of the Parks and Playgrounds Association, organized solely to assist the Department of Parks for Manhattan and Richmond in its efforts to restore and maintain Central Park, placed before your honorable committee some months ago its maps, assays, and investigations. Subsequent investigation appears to have been made, based largely upon this committees assays and investigations.

For a decade this city has called for an improvement of its park conditions, founded upon unprejudiced study, and this committee regrets that some unquestioned solution which it could support should not now be placed before you. Respectfully yours.

GUTZON BORGLUM,
Chairman, for the Committee.

None of the members of the Rehabilitation Committee was willing last night to discuss the letter, but it was learned that the committee feels that at the present moment it will be well not to press its ideas as to the needs of Central Park. The committee feels that it should be understood that in recommending the resoiling plan it was merely supporting an idea which it had received from the Park Department. As Commissioner Stover has seen fit to change his policy the committee will not urge its own convictions as to what should be done. It will, however hold itself in readiness to render whatever assistance may be in its power.

SUFFRAGIST OUTING NEXT.

Mrs. Belmont's Organization Planning a Big Sunday Excursion.

The first and only woman suffrage political outing is scheduled for some Sunday in June, when the members of the Fourteenth Assembly District Club of Mrs. Belmont's Political Equality Association will hie themselves to a steamer which they have engaged, sail down the Sound, and land at some place on Long Island, where a real suffrage dinner will be served.

There will be games and swimming contests, and all the special features of a political affair of the kind. The outing has to be given on Sunday so that the many girls in the shops can go, and some of the boys and men, too, who are engaged through the week.

There are already 200 names on the list for tickets, ($2,) which includes dinner, boat fare, and the entire day's fun, but there must be 400 names before the exact day can be set. Miss Mary Donnelly of the Belmont Club and Lunch Room at 140 East Thirty-fourth Street is taking the names of those who will go on the outing.

Fordham Law School Moves.

It was announced yesterday that the Fordham University Law School will move from its present quarters to 140 Nassau Street, where an entire floor has been leased. The change of location has been made necessary by the enlargement of the school. In the six years of its existence its registration has increased from 13 to 218. It will now have room for 400 students.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

MARIA DORNEY, died May 7, 1911; left about $1,700 personalty, $25 to her son Michael Dorney and about $1,500 to her son George A. Dorney.

JACOB KOCHKELLER, died May 11, 1911; left more than $5,000 personalty to his four sons, Edward E., Max, George, and James Kochkeller.

LOUIS WEINBERG, died April 28, 1911; left $500 personalty to his mother, Zelda Weinberg, of 158 Broome Street.

THERESE or THERESA ARNSBERGER, died May 16, 1911; left more than $10,000 personalty equally to her son Theodore Arnsberger and her daughters Anna Krause and Magdalena Allaire.

JOHN DAVIDSON, died April 14, 1911; left his homestead Ballantrae, Elizabeth, N. J., to his son William Newcomb Davidson, with the property thereon, also his office furniture in New York City, and the remainder of his estate in trust, three-quarters of the income to his widow, Adelia S. Davidson, who also receives the right to live at Ballantrae, and one-quarter the trust income to his son William Newcomb Davidson. On Mrs. Davidson's death the trust estate is divided one-quarter to his daughter Jenny, wife of John Grier Hibben, one-quarter to his daughter Margaret, wife of Leonard R. Ware, and one-half to his son William N. Davidson.

WILLIAM H. F. WOOD, died May 9, 1911; left about $500 personalty to his widow, Elizabeth T. Wood.

REBECCA T. MATHEWS, died May 10, 1911; left more than $10,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty, one-fourth of her residuary estate each to her sons Harold C. and Charles T. Mathews and her daughter Florence Mathews, and one-twelfth of her residuary estate each to her grandchildren Florence C. Martin, Edith C. Mossman, and Drelincourt Martin.

JOHN J. REILLY, died May 10, 1911; left more than $10,000 personalty to his widow, Rose Reilly.

JOHN WHITBECK, died March 27, 1911; left about $2,000 personalty, $2,000 to Helena K. Bender, 215 West Forty-fifth Street, Manhattan, and the residue of his estate to his widow, Helen M. Whitbeck of Binghamton.

CHRISTIAN WYNEN, died Sept. 15, 1909, at Stratum-bei-Einhoven, Holland; left $60,000 realty and $10,000 personalty to his widow, Marie Adelaide Wynen, his daughters Marie Bruwier and Juliette Wynen and his son Christian Wynen, Jr., in shares of undetermined value.

THE NINTH TO CELEBRATE.

Started Fifty Years Ago This Week for the Civil War Battlefields.

The Ninth Regiment of Infantry, which marched away for the battlefields of the civil war fifty years ago this week under a group of commissioned officers, every one of whom was killed in battle or has since died, will hold a golden jubilee reunion of the non-commissioned officers and men at the Hotel Martinique next Saturday evening.

The guests of honor will be the men who went out in the ranks and returned wearing shoulder straps indicating positions to which they had been promoted to fill the places of dead and wounded, and men who were associated with the regiment as fellows-in-arms in some of the larger battles of the war. Gen. Daniel E. Sickles and John T. Lockman will be the chief guests.

During the civil war the Ninth, which claims to be the oldest regiment in point of continuous service in the United States, was present at the battles of Cedar Mountain, Second Bull Run, Antietam, Fredericksburg, The Wilderness, Spottsylvania, and Gettysburg. It lost on the field and in the emergency hospitals 684 men, while 171 failed to report after battles, and 240 passed from the ranks to fill commissions made vacant by those who were killed or transferred. The site of the regiment's former armory, at the corner of Thirteenth Street and University Place, has been marked by a bronze tablet erected by the Veteran Association.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Three Steamships—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners leaving to-day and some of their passengers are:

MAURETANIA (Liverpool)—George Adams, John V. Alden, E. Astel, Mr. and Mrs. G. Arrowsmith, Mr. and Mrs. Wilfred Archibald, Miss Allen, Miss Mabel E. Angus, W. H. Baird, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Barrett, Miss K. V. Barnum, Grant H. Browne, John H. Bennett, C. A. Baxter, Col. B. B. McAlpin, Mrs. William Clark, Mrs. T. K. Carey, Edwin Cleary, Col. and Mrs. Noble Cresger, Mr. and Mrs. F. Y. Dalziel, Mrs. Alexander Dalzell, Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Du Bois, H. L. Edwards, Mischa Elman, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Ensign, Gov. Pablo Escandon, Miss H. E. Falling, Miss B. Forker, Mr. and Mrs. William M. Gale, Mr. and Mrs. Grover T. Garland, Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Gould, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hamil, Dr. W. D. Huntington, Herbert Jones, J. W. Leigh, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar R. Lincoln, Miss E. Lummis, Miss D. Mandu, Mrs. Harry W. McVickar, Mrs. A. A. Merrill, De Witt C. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Morris, Frank A. Munsey, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Newman, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Outerbridge, Mrs. Stephen Pell, Thomas H. Price, H. W. Redman, Mrs. James D. Safford, Mrs. W. A. Schiffer, Capt. C. F. G. Sowerby, Miss Constance Strauss, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Swanson, Mrs. Mary Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. J. Laurens Van Alen, Miss Mary L. Willard, W. T. Williams, Walter Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. George C. Wood, E. L. Young, Mr. and Mrs. William Randolph Hearst, W. R. Hearst, Jr.

OCEANIC (Southampton)—Mrs. C. W. Adams, H. Aldridge, Mr. and Mrs. H. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Barlow, Major Gen. Broadwood, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Miss Carnegie, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Davis, Arthur F. Davies, Count Francois de Guingand, Miss Frances E. Deverell, George R. Fearing, Mrs. Justin Field, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel M. Felton, Capt. G. Gould, C. E. Gregory, Miss Bayard W. Hamblen, C. I. Hamerton, Mr. and Mrs. Sterling F. Hayward, Miss Marguerite Hayward, Harold A. Hayward, Mrs. P. W. Jackson, George W. Kemp, H. B. King, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Leggett, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas F. Moore, J. D'Orsay Murray, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Ripley, Mr. and Mrs. William Sanborn, Mrs. J. Henley Smith, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Ward, Mrs. J. Corley Westervelt, Mrs. Thornton Woodbury, and Albert E. Yates.

HAMBURG (Naples)—Mrs. H. G. Campbell, Jr., Mrs. J. S. Castell, Louis Calderon, John C. Champion, Mr. and Mrs. William B. Fisher, Miss Margaret H. Field, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Graham, George L. Healey, Mrs. William W. Knowles, Mrs. G. Oram King, Miss Frances R. Lay, Miss F. L. Little, Mr. and Mrs. Allan McLane, Capt. and Mrs. M. S. Welling, Miss H. Wells, Miss J. Wilson, Mrs. W. E. Weber, Miss Anna Mitchell, Miss Beatrice Mitchell.

Liners arriving yesterday from Europe and some of their passengers were:

VADERLAND (Antwerp)—Miss Dorothy H. Barnes, Miss Silvia L. Barnes, Mrs. George J. Bird, Miss Agnes Bull, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Miller, Dr. Clarence Louis Heller, Dr. Hugo Frey, S. H. Bank, Sister Magdalena, Sister Maria, Sister Jeanne, Sister Amelie, and Sister Elisa.

RYNDAM (Rotterdam)—Miss G. F. Alsop, Mrs. John Stillman Bliss, H. Caspany, Samuel Hallock, Miss Margaret K. Hayden, the Rev. van Heyster, Mrs. W. K. Jaques, Miss Betty C. Lamb, Irving Foster Morrow, Henry Moler, Mrs. J. W. Vail, Louis P. Sutter, Miss Blair Thompson, Mrs. J. W. Perkins, H. C. D. Prins, Miss Adele E. Shefear.

BREMEN, (Bremen)—Mrs. C. Atwater, H. Adler, Miss Ida Berg, H. Butt, F. Basel, Mrs. P. Conley, Miss F. Karner, Miss F. Wild, Dr. W. Sprenger, Mrs. Elvira Smith, M. Wild, and Mrs. Helen Burke.

Col. O. F. Nims.

BOSTON, May 23.—Col. O. F. Nims, Commander of the Nims Battery of Light Artillery, a Boston organization which attained considerable fame during the four years of the civil war, died to-day. He was 92 years old. Col. Nims was a native of Sullivan, N. H., and was the grandson of a soldier of the American Revolution.

Obituary Notes.

CHARLES F. CHOATE, for nearly twenty years previous to 1907 President of the Old Colony Railroad, and a prominent Boston attorney, died at his home in Southboro, Mass., yesterday. Mr. Choate was born in Salem in 1828.

EDWARD B. JEWHURST, 87 years old, once a well-known turfman, died in Auburn, N. Y., yesterday, at the home of his son, E. J. Jewhurst, Chief of the Auburn Fire Department. Mr. Jewhurst drove the famous "Sorrel Dapper" which in 1865 made the world's record for a mile.

SAMUEL G. SPENCER, 45 years old, an advertising man of Chicago, died suddenly yesterday in the Cadillac Hotel from apoplexy.

WILLIAM R. McKAY, who was Esquire of the Orange Lodge of Elks from the second year of its organization, died yesterday at his home in Orange, N. J., from dropsy. He was 60 years old.

JOHN WATTS DE PEYSTER TOLER, 39 years old, son of James B. and Estelle Elizabeth Peyster Toler and grandson of the late Gen. John Watts de Peyster, died Monday at his home, 264 Riverside Drive.

WILLIAM H. HICKEY, at one time musical director of the Musical Mutual Protective Union, died at his home, 106 East 122d Street, Saturday, at the age of 50 years.

N. W. LORD, Professor of Mineralogy and Meteorology at the Ohio State University, was found dead in bed at his home in Columbus, Ohio, yesterday. The Coroner decided that death was due to organic heart disease.

FREDERICK L. BURNHAM, Massachusetts agent for the promotion of manual art, died at his home in Cambridge yesterday after a brief illness. He was 89 years of age and is survived by a widow and two children.

Capt. EDWIN HAMMOND, commander of the steamship Colon of the Panama Railroad Steamship Line, died of erysipelas at the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital, Philadelphia, on Tuesday. He was 41 years old. Capt. Hammond entered the service of the Panama Railroad Line in 1898, and served as third officer and commander of the steamers Advance and Alliance, and since 1909 as commander of the Colon. In 1901 he distinguished himself by rescuing the crew of the schooner Edward W. Young, which was lost at sea.

CHARLES ARMITAGE, President of Hitchings & Co., greenhouse builders, died of heart disease at his home in Montclair on Monday night. He was 65 years old. He was a member of the Montclair Club and the Montclair Athletic Club. He leaves a widow, a son, and four daughters.

Major Gen. WILLIAM H. BRIGHAM, retired, of Hudson, once Adjutant General of Massachusetts, died of paralysis at the Massachusetts General Hospital in Boston on Monday night. He was 48 years old.

WILHELMINE SEEBACH, a sister of the famous actress, Marie Seebach of the German stage, and herself Court actress to Koenigsberg, is dead in Berlin, at the age of 78 years. She was born in Berlin. She began her professional life as a singer, appearing as Annechen in "Der Freischuetz" at the Stadt Theatre in Hamburg, but soon abandoned the opera for the drama, becoming a court actress. After the death of her sister, Marie Seebach, she devoted herself to the management of many charities her sister had planned or founded.

EZEKIEL McCLEARY, father of the Rev. Dr. Boyd McCleary of this city, died of apoplexy at his home in Amsterdam, N. Y., on Monday. He was 51 years old. Until recently he was foreman of the rug plants of McCleary, Wallin & Crouse. He leaves a widow, four daughters, and three sons.

Mrs. KATHARINE M. EVANS, widow of William H. Evans of Rochester and a daughter of Austin Banks Carpenter, a distinguished Canadian jurist, died of heart disease at the home of her daughter, Mme. Katherine Evans von Klenner, Marquise de Patteri, 301 West Fifty-seventh Street, yesterday. She was 78 years old. Mrs. Evans was well known as a corresponder for her letters about her travels

MISS HYDE PLAYS CLEVER GOLF; WINS

South Shore Girl Plays Scarsdale Course in 81 Strokes, Beating Mrs. Polhemus.

Better golf marked the first round of the women's metropolitan championship tournament at the Scarsdale Golf and Country Club yesterday. In winning her match Miss Lillian B. Hyde, the title holder, broke the course record at the expense of Mrs. T. H. Polhemus, the Richmond County woman, who carried the South Shore Field Club girl to an extra hole in the championship at Montclair a year ago.

In yesterday's play Miss Hyde, although going at her best, found Mrs. Polhemus on even terms at the turn. On the homeward journey, however, the champion's long driving game stood her in good stead, whereas Mrs. Polhemus got into difficulties.

The match ended on the sixteenth green, where Miss Hyde stood 3 up. Playing out the bye holes the champion had a chance to get under 80, but the long seventeenth hole which she made in 4 during the qualifying round cost her a six, due to an overapproach. A 4 for the home hole over the pond enabled Miss Hyde to retire with an 81 to her credit, easily the best ever made by a woman on that course. The card of the match was:

Miss Hyde—Out—6 3 4 5 5 4 5 4 4—40
In—4 4 4 5 5 4 5 6 4—41—81

Mrs. Polhemus—
Out—5 5 4 6 4 3 5 5 4—41
In—4 5 5 5 4 6 6 6 5—46—87

Several extra hole matches lent zest to the occasion. One of these protracted affairs had Mrs. W. Faith of Wykagyl and Mrs. C. W. Rendigs of Midland as contestants. Standing in the eighteenth tee, Mrs. Rendigs was dormie, and the match seemed as good as won when Mrs. Faith half topped her drive. The ball barely carried over the water, but it brought up to a good lie on the fairway.

Mrs. Rendigs also got over safely, but her approach up the hill went beyond the green. Mrs. Faith won in 4 to 6. To the extra hole Mrs. Rendigs topped her drive, and the stroke lost there was never regained, Mrs. Faith winning on the nineteenth green.

Twenty holes were also required to settle the Mrs. Irving-Miss Rosenheim match. In another tilt Mrs. M. D. Paterson and Mrs. N. P. Rogers played well, the first named going out in 43. Mrs. Paterson finally won by a 3 and 1 margin. They finished the bye holes, and both got 94. Mrs. Victor M. Earl of Wykagyl beat Mrs. F. T. Hayes of Midland 2 up 1 to play, the first named getting out also in 43.

In the approaching and putting competition during the afternoon Mrs. J. S. Irving won with a total of 7. Mrs. Paterson and Mrs. Donohoe tied for second place with 9, and Mrs. Edge came next with 9. The match play summary:

Championship, First Round.—Mrs. W. J. Faith, Scarsdale, beat Mrs. C. W. Rendigs, Midland, 1 up, (19 holes;) Mrs. M. D. Paterson, Baltusrol, beat Mrs. N. P. Rogers, Baltusrol, 3 up and 1 to play; Mrs. J. S. Irving, Scarsdale, beat Miss F. H. Rosenheim, Deal, 1 up, (20 holes;) Miss Lillian B. Hyde, South Shore Field Club, beat Mrs. T. H. Polhemus, Richmond County, 3 up and 2 to play; Miss L. Gould, Siwanoy, beat Mrs. C. R. Caskey, Scarsdale, 2 up; Mrs. V. M. Earl, Wykagyl, beat Mrs. F. T. Hayes, Midland, 2 up and 1 to play; Mrs. R. A. Hanford, Scarsdale, beat Miss Louise Krug, Englewood, 4 up and 3 to play; Mrs. A. S. Rossin, Century, beat Mrs. Florian Krug, 3 up and 1 to play.

Second Sixteen, First Round.—Miss Julia Bredt, Essex County, beat Miss F. Gwyer, Siwanoy, 3 up and 2 to play; Mrs. E. S. Bayer, Century, beat Mrs. W. L. Seaman, Richmond County, 1 up; Mrs. T. S. B. Neilson, Hackensack, beat Mrs. C. F. Ueblacker, Hackensack, 4 up and 3 to play; Mrs. Aaron Claflin, Wykagyl, beat Mrs. R. B. Arrington, Scarsdale, 1 up; Miss Einstein, Century, beat Mrs. J. F. Bach, Century, 1 up, (19 holes;) Mrs. W. J. Soloman, Century, beat Mrs. George Levy, Century, 2 up; Miss E. Whitney, Morris County, beat Mrs. R. B. Moriarty, Englewood, 5 up and 4 to play; Mrs. F. B. Donohue, beat Mrs. G. Mager, Essex County, 1 up, (19 holes.)

100 IN METROPOLITAN GOLF.

High-Class Field to Tee Off To-day in Qualifying Round at Garden City.

One hundred entries have been received for the qualifying round of the Metropolitan Golf Association championship, which begins to-day at the Garden City Golf Club. They include the titleholder, Frederick Herreshoff; the former champions, Jerome D. Travers and Walter J. Travis; Gilman Tiffany, last year's medalist; Gardner White, Oswald Kirkby, and a thoroughly high-class field.

The course is the same as to distances as in the recent invitation tournament, which White won from Travis on the forty-first hole, except that a new turf tee is ready for use at the first hole. It will lengthen the hole about forty yards. There are three teeing grounds now for this hole, and they will be in play according to the direction and force of the wind, so that a long driver may always use wood for the drive. The hole, according to the tee, will be of either 283, 316, or about 356 yards.

Entrants have had the use of the course since last Wednesday, and about forty played yesterday. Tiffany made his first appearance and holed a chip possible shot for 2 on the first game. He had an 80 in the morning and afternoon. The second hole record was made when playing with Travis and George E. Watson. Travis did 76, and, according to Watson, displayed a better control of all his clubs.

Herreshoff has been displaying most brilliant golf, and during the week has had a 73, 74, 75, two 78s, and a 77. He did the last yesterday afternoon, ending with a 6 and 4. It was in a four-ball match, in which he and Oswald Kirkby, who was in with 39, beat Travers and A. M. Reid by 4 up and 3 to play. Travers was out in 39, and Reid had an 80. Ward did 76 on Sunday, and Gardner White on Monday went out in 36, but had a 7 and 6 coming in, and finished with 79.

The entries follow and the pairing will be by the committee at the first tee:

G. Abbott, Dyker Meadow; S. D. Bowers, Brooklawn; B. N. Busch, Nassau; M. N. Buckner, Garden City; M. H. Behr, Morris County; H. H. Bottome, Baltusrol; U. H. Broughton, Garden City; G. W. Beckel, Dyker Meadow; Stuart D. Connelly, Rockaway Hunt; A. De Witt Cochrane, Ardsley; C. D. Cleghorn, Midland; H. M. Coxe, Englewood; Dr. M. Carpenter, Oakland; I. C. Davies, North Jersey; E. L. de Forest, Midland; H. C. Duval, Dyker Meadow; R. A. Day, Dyker Meadow; C. A. Dunning, Nassau; W. T. Ebert, Scottish-American.

G. W. Fairchild, Manhattan; A. R. Fish, Garden City; D. B. Fuller, Jr., Midland; S. H. Fish, Garden City; J. D. Foot, Apawamis; G. C. Greenway, Garden City; Howard Giffen, Baltusrol; Frederick Herreshoff, Westbrook; W. L. Hicks, Nassau; F. T. Hayes, Midland; E. F. Hunt, Dyker Meadow; A. T. Haight, Wykagyl; T. D. Hooper, Nassau; P. R. Jennings, Garden City; F. C. Jennings, Nassau; A. H. Johnson, Scarsdale; N. D. Johnson, Dyker Meadow; A. E. Jones, Nassau; E. B. Knowlton, Garden City; P. W. Kendall, Deal; Oswald Kirkby, Englewood; Grenville Kane, Tuxedo.

Louis Livingston, Westbrook; G. H. Lowden, Midland; J. H. McMurtrie, Apawamis; C. P. Macdonald, Garden City; C. E. F. McCann, Nassau; D. Mackellar, Midland; W. J. McConville, Dyker Meadow; P. S. Maclaughlin, Wykagyl; J. W. McMenamy, Dunwoodie; J. J. McMahon, Briarcliff; C. E. Maltby, Manhattan; M. Malloy, Garden City; A. G. Morrell, Hackensack; C. C. Marshall, Scarsdale.

A. P. Roth, Manhattan; W. B. Rhett, Garden City; A. M. Robbins, Garden City; E. G. B. Riley, Cranford; T. T. Rushmore, Garden City; H. A. Rogers, Montclair; A. M. Reid, St. Andrews; J. H. Othy, Nassau; P. R. Pyne, 2d, Princeton; H. L. Pratt, Nassau.

F. V. Sullivan, Ridgewood; H. A. Steiner, Inwood; A. Steckler, Inwood; J. A. Stillman, Garden City; J. F. Shanley, Jr., Deal; W. J. Simons, Garden City; F. Smare, Garden City; M. K. Smith, Morris County; W. J. Travis, Garden City; C. L. Tappin, Westbrook; W. W. Taylor, Ardsley; J. B. Taylor, Midland; C. E. Turner, Midland; R. N. Tarleton, Oakland; E. A. Thomson, Garden City.

Jerome D. Travers, Upper Montclair; J. A. Tyng, Baltusrol; R. G. Twyffort, New York; Gilman P. Tiffany, Powelton; F. H. Thomas, Morris County; J. K. Van Vranken, Midland; W. D. Vanderpool, Morris County; C. E. Van Vleck, Jr., Montclair; F. S. Wheeler, Apawamis; F. H. Webster, Westbrook; R. C. Watson, Westbrook; G. E. Watson, Garden City; John M. Ward, Garden City; H. F. Whitney, Nassau; Gardner W. White, Oakland; G. Wales, Brooklawn; T. C. Woodward, 2d, Baltusrol; O. Woodward, Montclair; G. K. B. Wade, Rockaway Hunting; William Watson, Baltusrol.

Miss Osgood Makes Low Score.

BOSTON, Mass., May 23.—Miss Fanny C. Osgood of the Country Club, Brookline, Eastern and Boston woman champion golfer, led the field of forty-four starters to-day in the qualifying round of the championship tournament of the Woman's Golf Association of Boston at the Oakley Country Club. Miss Osgood's score for the eighteen holes was 91, two better than her nearest competitor, Miss H. S. Curtis, former National woman champion. Eight qualified, and these will compete to-morrow in the first round at match play. Miss K. C. Harley, a former National champion, qualified with 89, and will play Miss H. S. Curtis to-morrow.

ON THE TENNIS COURTS.

Gustave F. Touchard made his appearance in the Bronx championship singles yesterday on the courts of the Bedford Park Club, at Mosholu Parkway. He divided the honors of the day with Theodore R. Pell, who reached the round before the semi-finals, and Lincoln Reimer, the Brooklyn boy and former interscholastic champion, who won his place in the semi-final. The summary:

Bronx Championship Men's Singles, (First Round.)—G. F. Touchard defeated A. J. Ostendorf, 6—1, 6—1; J. W. Fox defeated J. P. Paret, by default.

Second Round.—C. A. Smith defeated C. G. Plympton, by default; G. F. Touchard defeated J. W. Fox, 6—1, 6—1.

Third Round.—Dr. W. Rosenbaum defeated C. A. Smith, 7—5, 6—4; S. H. Voshell defeated G. S. Groesbeck, 6—1, 10—8; T. R. Pell defeated F. C. Baggs, 6—3, 6—1.

Fourth Round.—Lincoln Reimer defeated W. A. Hazard, 6—3, 6—1.

W. M. Washburn won his place yesterday in the semi-final round of the west side championship on the courts at 238th Street and Review Place. The boy maintained a position at close range, despite the vigorous driving and smashing of W. S. Slade, whom he defeated 6—3, 7—5. Washburn, who is only 17 years of age, has come through from the first round without the loss of a set. He has scored a total of 37 games to 13 won by his competitors. The summary:

West Side Championship Men's Singles, (Second Round.)—G. M. Bodman defeated Harold Swain, 6—1, 6—0; H. P. Smith defeated A. S. Cragin, 6—3, 6—3; G. Gordon defeated J. W. Travell, 6—4, 9—7; W. M. Hall defeated H. P. Fuller, 6—4, 6—3; E. W. Leonard defeated W. H. Connell, 6—3, 7—5.

Third Round.—F. C. Inman defeated G. M. Bodman, 3—6, 6—1, 6—2; L. E. Mahan defeated P. F. Smith, 8—6, 6—4; Ross Burchard defeated G. C. Shafer, 6—3, 6—4.

Fourth Round.—W. M. Washburn defeated W. S. Slade, 6—3, 7—5.

New England Tennis Results.

BOSTON, May 23.—Four matches in singles and three in doubles carried the New England intercollegiate tennis tournament well into the third round of the singles and the second round of the doubles at the Longwood Courts to-day. R. C. Hay of Vermont lost to F. A. Guild of Brown in a good battle in the third round, and in the same round J. C. Nelson or Dartmouth lost in three sets to R. S. Oakley of Williams. Tufts defaulted to Massachusetts Institute of Technology in the last doubles match of the day. The summary:

Championship Singles.—Second Round—C. L. Johnston, Amherst, defeated R. M. Nelson, Trinity, 6—3, 6—1.

Third Round—F. A. Guild, Brown, defeated R. C. Hay, Vermont, 4—6, 6—2, 10—8; T. D. Parker, M. I. T., defeated F. C. Black, Bowdoin, 6—3, 6—3. R. S. Oakley, Williams, defeated J. C. Nelson, Dartmouth, 4—6, 6—2, 6—3.

Championship Doubles.—First Round—Nelson and Harris, Dartmouth, defeated Black and McCormick, Bowdoin, 6—1, 6—0.

Second Round—Oakley and Conger, Williams, defeated Guild and Scholz, Brown, 6—2, 6—2. Coville and Parker, M. I. T., defeated Tufts, by default.

Yale Beats Western Tennis Cracks.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 23.—In the first tennis match ever played between the Eastern and Western college champions Yale won today from the University of Minnesota, the two leading players of each university meeting at the nets. The Yale team, which has not lost a set to Princeton, Wesleyan, Amherst, and Williams this year in the dual matches played, dropped one single to the Western cracks today, but won the other single and the doubles match, thereby taking the tournament by a score of 2 matches to 1. The summary:

Singles.—R. A. Holden, Yale, defeated J. Adams, Minnesota, 6—4, 6—0; J. Armstrong, Minnesota, defeated F. H. Gates, Yale, 6—3, 6—4.

Doubles.—Holden and Gates, Yale, defeated Adams and Armstrong, Minnesota, 6—2, 6—3, 4—6, 7—5.

Cripples Enjoy Auto Outing.

The fifth annual outing to Coney Island of the pupils from the Free Industrial School for Crippled Children was held yesterday. The afternoon was spent seeing the sights at Luna Park, through the courtesy of Frederic Thompson, while Capt. John Churchill supplied luncheon for the entire party at the Crescent Athletic Club grounds at Bay Ridge. The outing was admirably managed by Wyckoff, Church & Partridge, while the following autoists loaned their cars: S. Hornthal, A. W. Hillebrand, Edgar Gibbs Murphy, Walter Webb, A. de Mangin, O. J. Gude, G. H. Wallace, H. M. Swetland, A. W. Teele, Charles Jacobs, A. J. Underriden, Olga M. Shanley, William Horner, Walter Wells, Frank G. Carrie, Howard Willets, Paul Lacroix, and J. A. Clark.

Olympian Games Committee Meets.

BUDAPEST, May 23.—The first meeting of the International Committee of the Olympian Games was held here to-day in the Royal Hungarian Academy of Sciences. Archduke Joseph, representing the Emperor, made a speech of welcome. In the evening the Archduke gave a reception to the delegates at Koenigsburg. The chief work of the committee will be to arrange a programm for the fifth Olympian games, to be held at Stockholm in 1912, and to select a place for the sixth games four years later.

The Swedish members proposed that Winter sports be included in the 1912 programme. The American members objected to this, urging that skating was the only Winter sport internationally recognized, skiing, tobogganing, and similar sports being only of local interest. Decision was reserved.

Other Sports on Pages 8 and 9.

We're surging ahead.
Have sold more serges this Spring than ever before—and our stock was ready; was larger than usual.

Blue and black serges that won't fade.

Smooth and unfinished.

Half lined and full lined.

Hopsackings too are here—the weave just enough different from the regular serge to give it special distinction.

For the vestless man—serge suits of coat and trousers only.

Something even lighter? Tropical suits—the lightest of fabrics.

Straw hats.
Oxford shoes!
Shirts with soft cuffs.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores

at	at	at
Warren st.	13th st.	34th st

NOVICES IN RING AT IRISH-AMERICAN A. C.

Boxing and Wrestling Tyros Aspire for Honors at Several Weights.

Boxers of the novice division, and apparently of the type which made fights enjoyed by the spectators, had their innings last night under Irish-American A. C. auspices, many of the bouts resulting in practical knockouts, the referee's intervention being necessary right from the first pair staged.

As evidenced by his work, the referee failed to observe the A. A. U. rules, overlooking repeated knockdowns, which should have terminated the round on the occasion of several of the bouts.

J. Baier, Pennant A. C., draw, against J. Sheridan of the Glencoe's, was discovered to be a ringer, and when accused of being a "pro," admitted the allegation, and was chased out of the ring.

The fireworks began with the first bout of the 110-pound class. M. Olsen, New West Side A. C., put T. Manning, Pennant A. C., down four times, and practically out upon the fourth occasion, all within the first three minutes, calling for a ruling from the referee, which made Olsen the winner.

Twice during the progress of the 120-pound preliminaries the referee was compelled to step in and save two ambitious youths. These times were when P. Clark, Trinity Club, attended to the case of O. Cruga, and later when E. Reynolds of the Yonkers Y. M. C. A. admitted a genteel sufficiency at the hands of J. Foy.

One of the funniest bouts seen hereabouts for a long while developed when A. Corde, Pennant A. C., and P. Zacharzousky, East Side Y. M. C. A., showed. Corde was put down early in the first, and although he all but had his man out in the second, the lad with the unpronounceable name knocked his opponent cold in the second.

A similar fate awaited J. Sheridan, Glencoe A. C., when he faced F. Kiernan of St. Ann's. This was a corking go, and each was pretty well used up when the referee saved Sheridan, who didn't know where he was at the end of the two rounds.

Another bloody battle was seen when J. J. Kelly effaced D. Jacobs from the map in the 130-pound class.

The summaries:

110-Pound Class.—Preliminaries—First Bout—M. Olsen, New West Side A. C., defeated T. Manning, Pennant A. C., one round; referee's decision. Second Bout—F. Confrew, Union Settlement A. C., defeated J. Morwatt, Holy Cross Lyceum, three rounds; judges' decision. Third Bout—J. J. Gallagher Trinity Club, defeated M. Doyle, unattached, three rounds; judges' decision. Fourth Bout—M. Wagenbrennan National A. C., defeated A. Kaplan, Sheridan A. C., three rounds; judges' decision. J. Deegan, Ozanam Club, drew a bye.

Wrestling, 120-Pound Class.—Preliminaries—First Bout—A. Karaganas, Greek-American A. C., defeated N. Halnekman, Educational Alliance, with a half-Nelson in 1:47. Second Bout—J. Brandels, Elizabeth Y. M. C. A., defeated J. Madeo, Pennant A. C., with a crotch hold in 2:31. Third Bout—N. Strohback, Elizabeth A. C., defeated L. Tchuzzler, St. Bartholomew's A. C., with a crotch hold in 3:57. S. Delmonte, East Side Y. M. C. A., drew a bye.

120-Pound Class; Preliminaries.—First Bout—J. McGuire, unattached, defeated M. Cribben, Dominican Lyceum. Three rounds; judges' decision. Second Bout—P. Clark, Trinity Club, defeated O. Krugs, unattached. Three rounds; referee's decision. Third Bout—J. Zuckerman, unattached, defeated C. Miller, unattached. One round; referee's decision. Fourth Bout—J. Foy, unattached, defeated E. Reynolds, Yonkers Y. M. C. A. Two rounds; referee's decision. Fifth Bout—S. White, Union Settlement A. C., defeated W. Warren, McCaddin Lyceum. Four rounds; judges' decision. Seventh Bout—F. Kiernan, St. Ann's A. A., defeated J. Sheridan, Glencoe A. C. Two rounds; referee's decision.

130-Pound Class; Preliminaries.—First Bout—P. Kramer, Holy Cross Lyceum, won from P. Blume, Avon A. C., by default. Second Bout—J. J. Kelly, unattached, defeated D. Jacobs, unattached. Three rounds; referee's decision. Third Bout—A. Kennedy, Irish-American A. C., defeated J. Martins, Pennant A. C. One round; referee's decision.

130-Pound Class, Preliminaries.—Fourth Bout—R. Ebneth, Dominican Lyceum, defeated J. King, Pennant A. C. Three rounds, Referee's decision. Fifth Bout—T. Voight, East Side Y. M. C. A., defeated J. McGovern, unattached. Three rounds. Judge's decision. Sixth Bout—W. Govekid, McCadden Lyceum, defeated W. Ryan, Paulist A. C. Three rounds. Referee's decision.

Kurtz and Lewis In Poor Bout.

Young Kurtz and Billy Lewis, both welterweights of New Jersey, fought ten slow and monotonous rounds last night at Brown's gymnasium. Neither man showed any marked ability, and they slammed away at each other through the entire ten rounds. Lewis was a trifle better in defending himself and had an easy victory up until the last round, at which stage he was almost knocked out.

In the seventh, eighth, and ninth sessions Lewis pounded his rival all over the ring and had him in a bad way numerous times, but was unable to get over a deciding punch, and when the last round started Kurtz went in with a vengeance and after flooring Lewis twice for the count of nine, had all the better of the round.

In the semi-final Young Eichler outpointed Tommy O'Brien in a fast session of six rounds.

HARVARD CREWS OFF.

Crimson Oarsmen Start for Ithaca for Saturday's Races.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 23.—Both the Cornell and Harvard crews, which are to row on Cayuga Lake Saturday afternoon, will complete their training for the race at a quiet Summer resort down the lake. The Harvard oarsmen are due to arrive at the Sheldrake Springs Sanitarium tomorrow morning, and the Cornell 'Varsity crew went down to Glenwood this afternoon. "Old Man" Courtney decided that the intense heat and the excitement caused by the crowd in town for the athletic events of navy week was not good for the oarsmen, and that it was necessary for them to move out of town. They will put up at Glenwood after each night's rowing practice, and go to college by auto every day, so that they will not miss their classes.

In their time trial this afternoon the Cornell eight showed none of the slight slump manifested yesterday. The coaches stated that the men were a bit tired after the trip to Princeton, which caused yesterday's falling off. To-night the crew was in form.

The freshman crew boating has been changed, and is now going at a much better clip than before. Nulsen has been placed at stroke. He was taken from the second crew. The freshmen are now rowing as follows: Eddy, bow; Murfey, 2; Keyes, 3; Hyland, 4; Larrowe, 5; Spransye, 6; McLachlan, 7; Nulsen, stroke; Thorp, coxswain.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 23.—The Harvard oarsmen, 'Varsity and freshmen, who will row the Cornell eights at Ithaca on Saturday, started for Lake Cayuga tonight, and will arrive at quarters to-morrow morning in time to get a little practice. Then will follow two days' final preparation for the races. Harvard has been making no special preparation for the two-mile race against Cornell this Spring. The 'Varsity stroke has been considerably shortened, and Coach Wray believes that the chances for his crew to win are very good. The Harvard freshmen, stroked by Trumbull, are in fine shape, and have been doing exceptionally fine rowing on the river.

There has been a shake-up in the Crimson 'Varsity this week. On Sunday Hooper, who has been rowing No. 2, received a sunstroke, and he will be unable to do any more rowing this season. Stratton, who has been put in Hooper's place, is a good oarsman, and has done much rowing on the 'Varsity this Spring. Harvard, heretofore, has made no special plans for the Cornell race, preferring to put forth all its energies to bringing out a crew to beat Yale over the four-mile course at New London. This Spring, though, with many veterans in his boat, Wray has taken the chance, and has spent a lot of time getting the men into form for the two-mile sprint. The crews are expected to row as follows Saturday:

'Varsity—Goodale, stroke; R. C. Cutler, No. 7; Stroup, No. 6; Whittington, No. 5; Newton, No. 4; Metcalf, No. 3; Stratton, No. 2; Baleh, bow; Ahles, coxswain.

Freshmen—Trumbull, stroke; Mills, No. 7; Morgan, No. 6; Converse, No. 5; Gardiner, No. 4; Taylor, No. 3; Crombie, No. 2; Reynolds, bow; Boyd, coxswain.

Gov. Dix to Root for Cornell.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 23.—It was announced here to-day that the chief fan at the baseball game here between Cornell and Yale Saturday will be Gov. John A. Dix, Cornell, '83. After the game the Governor will cheer for Courtney's Cornell crew in the annual boat race between Cornell and Harvard, to be rowed late in the afternoon. The Governor will witness the boat race from the deck of the State yacht which Superintendent of Public Works Treman will bring to Ithaca toward the end of the week and anchor at the finish mark of the boat race. The Governor and Mrs. Dix are expected to reach here Friday. They will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Treman, who live here, and President and Mrs. Jacob G. Schurman of Cornell University. The Governor will remain until Sunday.

Middies Get Permit to Race Saturday.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., May 23.—The Navy Department has granted permission to the Naval Academy crew to enter the senior event for eights at the American Regatta on the Schuylkill River next Saturday. The second crew and the Fourth Class crew will also enter races. The Midshipmen are especially pleased with the prospect of another chance at Columbia, which gave them their only defeat this season. The Schuylkill entry may be an annual affair, as it comes just after the Academy examinations and before the beginning of the annual cruise.

Aquatic Coach for Princeton.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 23.—Frank Sullivan, who as aquatic coach of the Missouri Athletic Club developed the water polo squad which this Spring captured the A. A. U. championship, has contracted to coach the Princeton University swimmers from Oct. 15 next to March 15, 1912, it was said to-day.

Harlem Billiard Winners.

Two games were decided last night in the continuation of the Harlem Class A amateur three-cushion carrom billiard tournament at the Morningside Billiard Academy, 125th Street and Lenox Avenue, to decide the amateur three-cushion carrom billiard championship of Harlem. In the first contest L. Mayer defeated J. Jaeger by the score of 24 to 13 in 52 innings. In the second game C. Basch was defeated by E. F. Newburger by the score of 25 to 24 in 67 innings.

CONTEST OF COTTON BROKERS

Insurgents on the Exchange to Nominate an Independent Ticket.

Following the announcement of the regular ticket on the Cotton Exchange yesterday for the election to be held on June 5, the so-called insurgents who have been fighting for a more commercial contract and changes in methods which would answer some of the criticisms of the Exchange which have been made by Government investigators, practically decided to put a ticket of their own in the field.

The insurgents, among other things, had asked for at least five revisions of grade in a season, and this question, with others, was not put squarely up to a vote of the Exchange. The changes in regulations were modified by the officials, and came down to the meeting with only one revision day added to the two previously in force. Many of the insurgents purposely voted against the compromise measure on the ground that they would rather keep the fight open than accept less than what they believed necessary if the Exchange was to offset the Federal attack.

No definite action was taken by the insurgents yesterday, but it is expected that a meeting will be held some time before the end of the week, at which an independent ticket will be chosen.

This is the regular ticket announced yesterday:

George W. Neville, President; Edward K. Cone, Vice President; James F. Maury, Treasurer, and Leopold S. Bache, Robert C. Cairns, J. Temple Gwathmey, William Hustace Hubbard, Charles I. Long, Arthur R. Marsh, William Mohr, Clement Moore, N. L. Morison, George B. Post, Jr., Henry N. Royce, George M. Shutt, Edward P. Walker, Clayton F. Rich, Jr., and Adolph L. Wolff, for members of the Board of Managers.

CHICAGO ELEVATED FINANCED

$16,000,000 Stock Sold In Addition to the Notes Sold to National City Bank.

In addition to the $30,000,000 3-year 5 per cent. notes purchased by the National City Bank from the Chicago Elevated Railways contingent upon the success of the reorganization plan, the new company has sold, according to statements made in the city yesterday $16,000,000 6 per cent. cumulative preferred stock. The new company offers to the present stockholders of the Northwestern Elevated Railway Company, the Metropolitan West Side Elevated Railway Company and the South Side Elevated Railway Company cash for their stock or part cash and part securities of the new company.

The purchase of the $30,000,000 notes by the National City Bank is contingent on the deposit of the preponderating amount of the securities of the present companies. The new company will refund the $18,000,000 Northwestern Elevated first mortgage 4 per cent. bonds due in September besides liquidating the floating debt. The securities sold will also provide cash for working capital.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

HAVANA ELECTRIC—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
8d week May..	$45,111	$41,325	$3,786
Jan. 1-May 21..	908,255	807,854	100,401

SEABOARD AIR LINE—

2d week May...	420,442	392,981	27,461
July 1-May 16..	19,179,179	17,388,521	1,540,658

KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN for April—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
April gross.....	780,220	651,247	769,321
Exp. & tax.....	529,763	584,805	496,373
April net.....	200,457	286,442	272,948
10 mos. gross..	8,444,913	7,861,464	7,870,373
Exp. & tax....	5,688,439	5,405,580	4,792,537
10 mos. net....	2,756,476	2,455,884	3,377,836

MONTREAL STREET RAILWAY COMPANY for April—

April gross.....	372,309	344,765	294,374
Expenses	200,719	180,842	170,551
April net.....	171,590	155,923	123,822
Chgs. & tax...	50,338	44,584	40,623
April sur.....	121,252	109,339	83,199
7 mos. gross...	2,575,224	2,337,001	2,107,713
Expenses	1,071,191	1,407,826	1,320,135
7 mos. net.....	1,004,032	929,175	787,581
Chgs. & tax....	279,543	257,170	238,668
7 mos. surp....	724,489	672,605	548,913

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADEPHIA, May 23.—The tendency to take profits on the recent rise became more pronounced to-day, and the result was a series of small declines in most local issues. The heaviness in United States Steel aroused a good deal of comment, it being contended in certain quarters that the railroads were still unwilling to place orders for rails and supplies except on the restricted scale absolutely necessary for current needs.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15..	American Cement ...	12	12	12
10..	American Railways ..	44¼	44¼	44¼
148..	Cambria Steel	46¼	45¾	45¾
420..	Electric Storage	54½	53⅝	53⅝
152..	Gen. Asp. pf. war....	95	94	95
207..	Lehigh Nav. war....	37⅜	37¼	37¼
240..	Lehigh Nav. t.	87⅜	87½	87½
25..	Lehigh Valley	89½	89½	89½
30..	Minehill	61	61	61
155..	Phila. Rapid Tranit..	18⅝	18¼	18⅝
27..	Penn. Steel pf.....	107	106	107
297..	Pennsylvania	61⅜	61¼ 61	5-16
8,270..	Pennsylvania. war....	11⅜	11 1-16	11⅛
215..	Phila. Co.	57¼	57⅛	57⅜
120..	Phila. Co. pf.....	43½	43⅜	43⅜
12..	*Phila. Electric	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝
10..	Phila. Traction	83½	83⅜	83½
830..	Reading	80⅝	79 13-16	80¼
1,165..	Tonopah Mining	6¼	5 15-16	5 15-16
302..	United Gas Imp.....	87¼	87	87
10,335..	U. S. Steel.....	80⅜	79¼	79⅝
600..	Union Traction	46¼	46¼	46¼
125..	W. & Va. Ry.....	39	38⅞	38⅞
25..	W. & Va. Ry pf.....	69	69	69
100..	York Railways	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
160..	York Railways pf....	24½	24½	24½

*Ex dividend.

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, May 23.—Following were the transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100..	Crucible Steel	13⅝	13½	13⅝
80..	Crucible Steel pf.....	82⅝	82½	82¼
200..	Fireproof	6	6	6
60..	Fireproof. pf.....	25⅝	25¼	25¼
15..	Independent Brew. pf.	22½	22¼	22½
68..	Ohio Fuel	43	42¾	43
100..	Pittsburg Brewing....	21	21	21
700..	Pittsburg Coal pf.....	84¼	82½	84¼
15..	Pittsburg P. G.....	109½	109½	109½
200..	River Coal	2¾	2¾	2¾
70..	River Coal pf.....	24¾	24½	24¾
40..	U. S. Glass	41	41	41
45..	U. S. Steel	80¼	80¼	80¼
293..	Westinghouse A. B...	149¼	148¾	149¼
296..	Westinghouse E. 2ds..	86¾	86¾	86¾
10..	West. Penn. Ry. pf....	76	76	76

BONDS.

$1,000..	Inter-Coast Trans. 6s.	80¾	80¾	80¾

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—The general temperament of the trade is such at present as to give but momentary attention to bearish influences. An array of factors which ordinarily would have considerable influence on the list confronted operators at the start, but resulted in only initial fractional declines. Values following worked slowly upward, with considerable covering of shorts, it being claimed that a big Chicago speculator, who attained considerable prominence in the market a few years ago, was conspicuous in this respect. The strength in May continues a restrictive influence to pressing sales and consequently the encouraging crop reports both at home and abroad were practically ignored.

Liverpool advices were not of a character stimulating to the bull side. The European visible showed the huge increase of 4,396,000 bushels for the week compared with a decrease of 4,128,000 bushels last week and an increase of only 120,000 bushels last year. The total at present is 98,000,000 against 87,000,000 bushels a year ago. Further rains would be beneficial in Roumania, but otherwise the crop information from foreign countries was of an optimistic tenor. An official estimate of the India crop was 137,000,000 bushels outturn, against the large crop of 128,000,000 bushels last year. The condition of wheat in Germany was officially placed at 80, against 76 last month and 84 a year ago, the report being somewhat better than advices recently received would lead one to believe.

The Government weekly weather report was very bearish on Spring wheat, and favorable as to conditions of the Winter wheat belt, with many private advices telling of benefit from recent moisture. Scattered complaints were received from Oklahoma and from some other points at the Southwest, but these complaints were decidedly in the minority.

Accompanying the advance in the market were rumors of large export sales, but to the close only a small amount of business in Manitoba wheat could be confirmed, there being but little change in the cash situation as a whole, the limited demand continuing. Bradstreet's increased 3,000,000 bushels for the week against a decrease of nearly 6,000,000 bushels last week and a decrease of 2,478,000 bushels a year ago. World's stocks at present aggregate to 142,000,000 bushels against 127,000,000 bushels last year, and 109,000,000 bushels two years ago. Receipts at interior points so far this week amount to 1,110,000 bushels against 1,015,000 bushels last week and 970,000 bushels a year ago. Shipments are 519,000 bushels against 667,000 and 1,061,000 respectively. Cash No. 2 red quoted at 97¼c free on board. Cleat for export; No. 2 hard, $1.06¾; No. 1 Northern, Spring, $1.08¾; No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, $1.03.

CORN.—A good undertone was displayed during the entire session and it was apparent that expectations of an increased movement had been discounted, while the amount of country sales did not increase as was predicted, following the recent moisture. Short covering of a persistent character, and some new speculative buying was inspired by improvement noted in the cash situation and claims to the effect that demand from foreigners showed improvement. Crop advices are mainly favorable. Receipts at the interior, since Monday, are 1,382,000 bushels, against 904,000 last week and 122,000 in 1910. Shipments, 639,000 against 224,000 and 854,000 respectively. Bradstreet's for the week decreased 1,000,

FUNDS TO REMAKE THE MISSOURI PACIFIC

All Arrangements Concluded for $23,000,000 for Improvements and Floating Debt.

SPEYER SUPPLIES $20,000,000

Taking 5 Per Cent. Secured Gold Notes of an Authorized Issue of $25,000,000 —$3,000,000 from the Goulds.

At the close of an important meeting of the Missouri Pacific Directors yesterday afternoon, at which nearly all of the members of the board were present, it was announced that financing arrangements had been made which would provide the company with $23,000,000. This means that after paying off the company's floating debt B. F. Bush, the newly elected President, will have $15,000,000 to spend for improvements.

The Directors approved of changes in the organization of the company, which promise to have far reaching effects. James Speyer, whose company is financing the rehabilitation of the property, said on leaving the meeting that "to-day sees the start of the new Missouri Pacific."

President Bush, who has been making a tour of the company's lines, and H. I. Miller, who is drawing up a report on the capital needs of the company, were both present at yesterday's meeting. Mr. Bush said that there has been a remarkable improvement in sentiment throughout the company's territory, and that the indications are that the Missouri Pacific has seen the last of many of its troubles.

Speyer & Co. have purchased $20,000,000 of an authorized issue of $25,000,000 three-year 5 per cent. secured gold notes, to be dated June 1, which will be issued subject to the approval of the Kansas and Nebraska commissions. In addition, the Gould estate has pledged themselves to advance $3,000,000 whenever the bankers shall request it.

The notes will be secured by the pledge of $10,000,000 first and refunding mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds, series B; $8,000,000 three-year notes of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern issued to the Missouri Pacific for indebtedness incurred through the advance of money expended by the Iron Mountain since Feb. 15, 1905; 98,000 shares of Denver & Rio Grande preferred stock; 150,000 shares of Denver common, and 50,000 shares of Texas & Pacific. If the remaining $5,000,000 notes are issued, additional collateral approved by Speyer & Co, will be deposited.

The old departmental system of operating the Missouri Pacific is to be dropped and the divisional system now used on the Harriman roads is to take its place. Under this change, a superintendent will be appointed for each division, to have charge of maintenance and other matters under the direction of the President.

H. I. Miller, who was recently elected to the board, was made a Vice President and member of the Executive Committee, with an office at 165 Broadway. Mr. Miller is receiver for the Buffalo & Susquehanna, and was formerly President of the 'Frisco subsidiaries, the Evansville & Terre Haute and Chicago & Eastern Illinois. E. J. Pierson, Chief Engineer of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, was made First Vice President in charge of operation with headquarters in St. Louis. He was the choice of Mr. Bush, who holds him in high regard. John Drew, Controller of the Great Northern, was appointed General Auditor to succeed Mr. Schuyler.

As part of the new rehabilitation policy the board yesterday authorized the purchase of 40,000 tons of steel rails and twelve locomotives. The board also approved a suggestion by Mr. Bush that the St. Louis offices be moved into more economical quarters.

President Bush was jubilant over the Missouri Pacific's prospects. He said that with the funds provided the property would be brought up to meet the requirements of its business.

"We have naturally the best-laid-out roads in our territory," he said, "and the system is going to be made to realize its possibilities. Maintenance of way and equipment are to receive large sums, until they have been put in such shape that we can lower our costs of operation. The gradually large percentage of bad order cars and engines will be reduced, and to that end we are to increase the number of employes in the repair shops. The management has the support of the leading business men in the Southwest, and it anticipates more friendly relations with shippers and State authorities. There will be many changes in the operating staff. The road has not received the proper engineering attention in the past, but with Mr. Pierson in charge it is assured of better treatment in the future."

H. I. Miller, who made a thorough inspection of the Missouri Pacific and affiliated lines, expects to have his report on the needs of the property ready to submit to the board next week. He denied yesterday the accuracy of a report that he would recommend the expenditure of $150,000,000 in the next ten years, but declined to say how much money he thinks will be required.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

All of the $1,047,000 first refunding sinking fund 5 per cent. gold bonds of the San Antonio Water Supply Company recently offered by William A. Read & Co. and A. G. Edwards & Co. have been subscribed for. The bonds were offered at 91½ and run for twenty-five years.

Frank B. Kellogg, special counsel for the Government in the suit against the Standard Oil Company, was in New York yesterday, leaving for his home in St. Paul last evening. He had no comment to make on the court's decision.

The estate of George E. Moore has sold a Cotton Exchange membership to B. B. Bryan for $18,000, the same price at which the last previous sale was made. James Morgan Hutton has applied for membership in the Exchange.

POLICE AND FIRE TRANSFERS.

Police Department.

Transferred—Patrolmen H. Powell, 80th to 30th Precinct; H. W. Goodale, 100th to 30th Precinct; J. F. Apple, Traffic C to Telegraph Bureau, Manhattan, as operator.

From precincts indicated to 279th Precinct—Mounted Patrolmen: G. W. Cook, 69; R. L. Vail, 148; A. Kleinmeier, 69; M. Volkommer, 153. Patrolmen: J. H. Feeley, 14; M. F. O'Brien, 19; J. H. Ward, 165; J. I. Bathe, 18; H. F. Gibney, 39; C. A. Elias, 277.

From precincts indicated to 281st Precinct—Mounted Patrolmen: Florence McAuliffe, 65; George B. Kiersted, 153; James McGuire, 143; Thomas J. Brady, 153. Patrolmen: D. Hickey, 5; F. A. McAuley, 21; P. J. Flood, 143; Corridan, 23; W. B. Beekler, 25; J. A. Lovett, 25; J. T. Donohue, 32; J. Taggart, 43; D. J. Colleary, 74; C. J. Wandling, 152; P. J. Killelea, 13; T. A. O'Brien, 22; J. H. Delaney, 23; W. F. Short, 23; T. Donohue, 25; J. Murphy, 29; E. J. Donohue, 35; J. S. Meadows, 61; A. Vertefeuille, 147; F. X. Conway, 277.

Full pay granted while under suspension—Patrolman C. Weiss, 164th, from April 17 to May 19.

Suspended—Patrolman A. B. Wood, 29th Precinct.

Fire Department.

Designated Acting Fire Commissioner—Joseph Johnson.

Promoted—Assistant Foremen to Foremen.—Daniel J. Cavanagh, Hook and Ladder 8; Charles S. Bass, Engine 65; Frederick F. Mahoney, Engine 115.

Engineers of Steamer and Firemen to Assistant Foremen—Engineers.—W. R. Lanahan, Engine 26; T. E. Coughlin, Engine 87. Firemen—M. Corridan, Engine 38; P. Murphy, Engine 10.

Transferred—Foreman J. Flynn, Engine 130 to Engine 176; Assistant Foremen D. C. Brodie, Engine 74 to Engine 61; Frederick A. Lear, Engine 22 to Engine 73; John J. Whalan, Engine 31 to Engine 115. Firemen F. W. Fitzpatrick, Engine 14 to Engine 176; J. P. E. McWilliams, Engine 30 to Engine 146; J. B. Jorn, Engine 24 to Engine 164; W. G. Krohn, Engine 5 to Engine 164; G. F. Hanley, Engine 17 to Engine 166; W. A. O'Connell, Engine 14 to Engine 145; W. H. Fagan, Engine 12 to Engine 167; T. Florence, Hook and Ladder 22 to Engine 176; P. J. McKenzie, Engine 6 to Engine 145; P. J. Kane, Engine 31 to Engine 146; J. A. Scanlon, Engine 33 to Engine 167; G. I. Hapnold, Engine 2 to Engine 167; D. Eckert, Engine 44 to Engine 164; C. J. Williams, Engine 32 to Engine 163; A. C. Wetzel, Engine 30 to Engine 163; W. H. Price, Engine 30 to Engine 163; C. Seitz, Engine 30 to Engine 163; P. A. Egan, Engine 30 to Engine 163; W. A. Pollock, Engine 30 to Engine 14; Arthur J. F. Monsees, Engine 30 to Engine 14.

Detail Revoked.—Fireman W. E. Cavanagh, Engine 65, to Engine 66 for watch duty.

Detailed.—Fireman F. G. Rowe, Hook and Ladder 20, to Chief of Third Battalion as driver.

Assignments.—Foremen D. J. Cavanagh, to Engine 32; C. S. Bass, to Engine 65; F. F. Mahoney, to Engine 130; Assistant Foremen W. R. Lanahan, to Engine 22; T. E. Coughlin, to Hook and Ladder 8; M. Corridan, to Engine 81; P. Murphy, to Engine 74.

Reinstated After Dismissal.—Fireman J. J. Sullivan, Engine 44, sentence mitigated to a total fine of thirty days' pay; assigned to Engine 157.

Pensioned After Twenty Years' Service.—Assistant Foreman James Whalen, Hose Company 36, Queens, $1,050 per annum; Fireman Frederick J. Blummert, Engine 45, the Bronx, at $700 per annum.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT — Special Term — Part I.—Giegerich, J.—Litigated motions. 1—In re West 178th St. 2—Lintz v. Robinson. 3—Corbett v. Pucci. 4—Baird v. Baird. 5—Stein v. Stein. 6—In re Pell. 7—Robert Sales Co v. Spiegel. 8—O'Dair v. Miller. 9—Lonacre v. Kasserman. 10—In re Smyth. 11—Klipstein & Co v. Fox. 12—Schoneman v. Lausser. 13—Kaplan v. Lewis. 14—O'Rourke v. McKesson. 15—Doebler v. Doebler. 16—Wall v. Arnolde. 17—Odwolt v. Odwolt. 18—Farrell v. Williams. 19—David v. Einhorn. 20—Germania Life Ins Co v. Meyer. 21—Fay v. Childs. 22—Fiedler v. Fiedler. 23—Hertz v. Hertz. 24—Powers v. Ridder. 25—Powers v. Catholic News Pub Co. 26—Horton v. Stilger. 27—Plala v. Plala. 28—McQuilkin v. N Y C & H R R R. 29—Muldoon v. Day. 30—Winters v. N Y C & H R R R. 31—Hansen v. Schultz. 32—Kappes v. Seyd. 33—Benedict v. Benedict. 34—Dunand v. Moses. 35—Leader v. Hudson. 36—Ossusky v. Ossusky. 37—Bishop v. Knickerbocker Trust Co. 38—Gerhart v. Gerhart. 39—Crane v. Rosenstock. 40—Shumacker v. Doubleday, Page & Co. 41—In re People's Surety Co. 42—Eschwege v. La Rue. 43—Radloski v. Radloski. 44—Hermans v. Hermans. 45—Black v. Bentel. 46—Royal Bank v. Wilkinson Bros & Co. 47—Weissman v. Steinberg. 48—In re Pulner. 49—McReynolds v. Mooney. 50—Busker v. Glass. 51—McDonough v. Murry. 52—Pierce Mfg Co v. Burstein. 53—Houghton v. Goodman. 54—In re Liebman. 55—Moody v. Finch. 56—Rosenfield v. Astoria Veneer Mills. 57—In re Cunningham. 58—European-American Bank v. Stern & Co. 59—Campbell v. Fritz. 60—Schwarz v. Rosenblum. 61—Scott v. 14th St Bank. 62—Silverstone v. Hershman. 63—Stephens v. Jennings. 64—Murai v. White. 65—Greenberg v. Greenberg. 66—Cont Trust Co v. Beaty. 67—Draisin v. Brinn. 68—In re Schwartz. 69—Sheehan v. Hearn. 70—Longworth v. East River Nat Bank. 71—Dematatis v. Am Ice Co. 72—Silverson v. Wimpil. 73—Schuland v. Perelman. 74—Hachemeister v. Jetter. 75—Levy v. Levy. 76—Cohen v. Garfield Const Co. 77—Burdick v. Burdick. 79—Burdick v. Burdick. 80—Melahn v. Melahn. 81—Kinkeldey v. Board of Education. 82—Silverman v. Rosenthal. 83—Fechter v. Rosch. 84—Shlakman v. Windsor Amuse Co. 85—Merksamer v. Merksamer. 86—In re Ellingwood. 87—Benquiat v. Benquiat. 88—In re Am Surety Co. 89—Cass v. Realty Sec Co. 90—Am Woolen Co v. Klepner. 91, 92, 93—Van Norden Trust Co v. Art. 94—Bronx Safe Deposit Co v. Watts. 95—Rafel v. Equitable Trust Co. 96—Smith v. Prendergast. 97—Farrell v. Williams. 98—Hughes v. Stoutenburgh. 99—Bancroft Realty Co v. Allen. 100—In re Equitable Trust Co. 101—City of N Y v. Bruce. 102—Cloyd v. Weinstein.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Bischoff, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Gerard, J.—Motions. Demurrer. 194—Guinta v. Waci. Preferred causes. 2985—Greenwald v. Greenwald. 3176—Ensign Realty Co v. Kelly. General calendar. 3277—Fitzgibbon v. Parker. Undefended divorces. 3228—Cogswell v. Cogswell. 1114—Ehrlich v. Ehrlich. 3275—Hartwig v. Hartwig. 2408—Pratt v. Pratt. 3269—Jones v. Jones. 3083—Butcher v. Butcher. 3278—Jackson v. Jackson. 2270—Zehngebot v. Zehngebot. 3272—Adell v. Adell. 3273—Tjarandsen v. Tjarandsen. 2406—Poland v. Poland. 2429—Olwell v. Olwell. 2431—Perlbinder v. Schor. 3264—Meinell v. Meinell. 1718—Zwerman v. Zwerman. 1719—Edmunds v. Edmunds. 1979—Jenkins v. Jenkins. 2002—Wender v. Wender. 2003—McCartney v. McCartney. 2021—Collord v. Collord. 2029—Cohen v. Cohen. 2639—Zemaud v. Zemaud. 624—Stratton v. Brown. 54—Boston v. Boston. 2796—Endress v. Endress. 2781—Celenza v. Celenza. 2806—Cohen v. Cohen. 2768—Beck v. Bock. 3010—Leff v. Leff. 3068—Lasky v. Lasky. 2632—Puglisi v. Puglisi. 2785—Farrell v. Farrell. 2817—Poettl v. Poettl. 3053—Hahn v. Hahn. 2645—Meyer v. Meyer. 2616—Roffenbarger v. Roffenbarger. 2789—Gunther v. Gunther. 3034—Wald v. Wald. 3042—Patterson v. Patterson. 3077—Buckley v. Buckley. 3076—Klopman v. Klopman. 2802—Mufano v. Mufano. 2783—Gallienee v. Gallienee. 3061—Dimant v. Dimant. 1851—Quint v. Quint. 2430—Hinman v. Hinman. 3206—Tronson v. Tronson. 3213—Vassallo v. Vassallo. 2369—Rothstein v. Rothstein. 2212—MacNeil v. MacNeil. 3215—Carman v. Carman. 3229—Sorrentino v. Sorrentino. 1745—Benedict v. Benedict. 1750—Walton v. Walton. 1294—Moss v. Moss. 3232—Rounds v. Rounds. 3238—Braun v. Braun. 3236—Emmons v. Emmons. 3248—Adler v. Adler. 3248—Carta v. Carta. 3249—Benze v. Benze. 3250—Dufour v. Dufour. 3075—Blond v. Blond. 3041—Abdon v. Abdon. 3235—Ginnot v. Ginnot. 1275—Lieberman v. Lieberman. 1291—McWhirter v. McWhirter. 1320—Pilg v. Pilg. 3255—Thomas v. Thomas. 3257—Scheurlein v. Scheurlein. 3259—Brady v. Brady. 3268—Chiaichiaro v. Chiaichiaro. 3274—Crocker v. Crocker. 3276—Power v. Power. 1815—Hahn v. Hahn. 426—Curran v. Curran. 1704—Loudin v. Loudin.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—Lehman, J.—Certiorari cases. 2844—Waclark Realty Co v. Purdy. 2845—Same v. same. 2846—Same v. same. 2847—Same v. same.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—McCall, J.—(Criminal Term.) 1—John C Lumsden. 2—Alfred H Golden. 3—Glenville C Kingsley. 4—Harry Keith. 5—Richard Coffey. 6—James Lekas. 7—Frank Rosmond. 8—Harry Ferdinand. 9—Daniel Jones. 10—Ottilie Kiefer. 11—Frank Robinson. 12—Lynn Vitale. 13—Alfred Epstein.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Davis, J.—(April Term continued.) (Criminal Term.) 1—Daniel O'Reilly. 2, 3—William D Wilson. 4—Isidor Warshowsky. 5—Salvatore Borrosi. 6—Louis Buckler.

SUPREME COURT — Trial Term—Part II.—Newburger, J.—428—Kraut v. Santacroce. 4177—Westphal v. Nat Elec Welding Co. 4059—Carnegie Trust Co v. Carpenter. 4200—Sanders v. Davis. 4289 — Bates v. M G Samuel & Co. 3940—Loughrey v. Johnson. 4043—Hulberg v. Moore. 4193—Carnegie Trust Co v. Darby. 3937—Goldstein v. Eastern Fish Co. 3900—Flaum v. Miller. 3979—Freund v. Sommers. 3588—Tucker v. Glaucas.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Blanchard, J. 214—Hatridge v. Jolinc. 29—Anderson v. Nassau Elec R R. 270—Bunting v. Central Park, &c. 970—Bernstein v. M Q Co & Sub R R. 224—Kaarlun v. Joline. 235—Carroll v. Whitridge. 260—Chambers v. Interborough R T Co. 250—Sutcliffe v. same. 59—J. Isenhower v. B H R R. 46—E. Isenhower v. same. 35—Zint v. Int R T Co. 853—Wilkie v. Erie R R. 284—Alexander v. Int R T.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Platzek, J. 181—Wellhausen v. Cunard S S Co. 4928—Duffy v. City of N Y. 902—Bernstein v. Rubenstein. 2084—Scherer v. Hudson S Steel Co. 1062—Egan v. Belcher. 1920—Hubbard v. Heinze. 1041—Rafferty v. Barry. 1048—Healy v. Mahnken. 2062—Haverly's Stables v. Mt Sinai Hosp. 2109—Hurley v. Wells Fargo Co. 2020—Brennan v. City of N Y. 1930—Fund v. Spivack. 1423—Cunningham v. Rosenweig. 2123—Murphy v. Elfers. 177—Cont Asphalt Pav Co v. Hudson & Man R R. 1942—Goldner v. Drescher. 1946—Hughes v. 5th Av Coach Co. 2014—Wright v. Peerless Motor Car Co. 86—Hawthorne v. N Y Cont Co. 2118—Smyth v. Lichtenstein. 1952—Gaynor v. Church of St Anthony of Padua. 2032—Goodman v. Chein & Co. 2080—Kiely v. Anderson. 1957—Byrne v. Wells Bros Co. 1782—Diamondstein v. Epstein. 4334—Bernacki v. Schlanger. 1630—Gatzik v. Goldwater. 1617—Domatatis v. Am Ice Co. 2112—Fanning v. N Y Taxicab Co. 5146—Tiedjen v. Nat. Elev Co. 2079—Cook v. N Y Edison Co. 1806—Connors v. Galbraith. 960—Goldman v. Press Pub Co. 793—Mahoney v. N Y Cont Co. 743—Green v. N Y Cont Co. 1300—Gardella v. Waterproofing Co. 1301—Berschenko v. Franks. 1309—Noonan v. Longeran. 1311—McHugh v. Norton. 1312—Belluscl v. Williams. 1318—Oster v. S. W. Peck Co. 1340-1842—Hassett v. Remington. 1343—Farmers L and T Co v. Thompson & Starrett Co. 1353½—Chapman v. Witherbee & Wood. 1358—Lessebroth v. Taylor. 1377—Pearson v. Kassler. 1391—Smith v. Goetz. 1411—Soberman v. Wells. 1414—Ajello v. Park & Tilford.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Greenbaum, J. Inquest. 1754—Laceby v. Lubbock. 1153—Cammann, Jr, v. Mittenthal. 4106—Coulter Dry Goods Co v. Rosenbaum. 1845—Herzig v. Union Ins Co of Philadelphia. 1846—Herzig v. Delaware Ins Co of Philadelphia. 1847—Herzig v. Ins Co of Pennsylvania. 1848—Herzig v. North State Fire Ins Co. 1849—Herzig v. Imperial Fire Ins Co of Colorado. 1850—Herzig v. Am Nat Ins Co of R I. 1851—Herzig v. Washington Fire Ins Co. 1759—Johnson v. Johnson. 2097—Thompson v. Eclectic Medical College. 880—Droste v. Wabash R R. 1549—Well v. Arickson. 3916—People, &c, v. P N Roonianck Co. 1604—Renault Freres Selling v. Sewall. 1011—Dixon v. Arbert. 4078—Eppley v. Kennedy. 1196—Bondolari v. Wasserman. 1273—Witkawsky v. Rafter. 177—Wickstrom v. Peck. 141—Stemmerman v. Kelly. 539—Arnheid v. Cohen. 697—Hassam v. Platt. 1107—Northern Bank v. Hooker. 1760½—Thacher v. N Y & Westchester Ry. 1806—Miller v. Silverstein. 1890—Kerby v. Man College. 4327—Kraut v. Sommers. 3588—Tucker v. Glaucas.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Platzek, J. 181—Wellhausen v. Cunard S S Co. 4928—Duffy v. City of N Y. 902—Bernstein v. Rubenstein. 2084—Scherer v. Hudson S Steel Co. 1062—Egan v. Belcher. 1920—Hubbard v. Heinze. 1041—Rafferty v. Barry. 1048—Healy v. Mahnken. 2062—Haverly's Stables v. Mt Sinai Hosp. 2109—Hurley v. Wells Fargo Co. 2020—Brennan v. City of N Y. 1930—Fund v. Spivack. 1423—Cunningham v. Rosenweig. 2123—Murphy v. Elfers. 177—Cont Asphalt Pav Co v. Hudson & Man R R. 1942—Goldner v. Drescher. 1946—Hughes v. 5th Av Coach Co. 2014—Wright v. Peerless Motor Car Co. 86—Hawthorne v. N Y Cont Co. 2118—Smyth v. Lichtenstein. 1952—Gaynor v. Church of St Anthony of Padua. 2032—Goodman v. Chein & Co. 2080—Kiely v. Anderson. 1957—Byrne v. Wells Bros Co. 1782—Diamondstein v. Epstein. 4334—Bernacki v. Schlanger. 1630—Gatzik v. Goldwater. 1617—Domatatis v. Am Ice Co. 2112—Fanning v. N Y Taxicab Co. 5146—Tiedjen v. Nat. Elev Co. 2079—Cook v. N Y Edison Co. 1806—Connors v. Galbraith. 960—Goldman v. Press Pub Co. 793—Mahoney v. N Y Cont Co. 743—Green v. N Y Cont Co. 1300—Gardella v. Waterproofing Co. 1301—Berschenko v. Franks. 1309—Noonan v. Longeran. 1311—McHugh v. Norton. 1312—Belluscl v. Williams. 1318—Oster v. S. W. Peck Co. 1340-1842—Hassett v. Remington. 1343—Farmers L and T Co v. Thompson & Starrett Co. 1353½—Chapman v. Witherbee & Wood. 1358—Lessebroth v. Taylor. 1377—Pearson v. Kassler. 1391—Smith v. Goetz. 1411—Soberman v. Wells. 1414—Ajello v. Park & Tilford.

SURROGATES' COURT — Chambers—Cohalan, S.—Wills for probate. Frederick W Beinhauer, Lula A Mattison, Annie J Levi, Ellen T McDarsough, Rosalia Muller, John Bradley, Sarah E McCarter, Ashe T. Meyer, Jacob Koch, Gould Hayt, Mary Andrews, Margaret A Regan, Adelaide W Wing, Anton Friedrich.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fowler, S.—Contested wills. Julian Guinea, Rose Morrissy. Estates of Pilliola Francisco, Patrick J Harris.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., McAvoy, J.: Part II., Finelite, J.; Part III., Smith, J.; Part V., Green, J.; Part VI., Donnelly, J.; Part VII., Delehanty, J.; Part VIII., La Fetra, J.—Calendar called in Trial Term, Part III., Room, at 9:45 A. M. 3403—Glueck v. Whitridge. 2740—Moral v. Globe & & C Cleaning Co. 6436—Wagner v. Joline. 1700—Jencks v. Berg. 2960½—Mahne v. Browne. 3457—Wallowitz v. Robinson. 3465—Tierney v. L I R R. 3475—Wiesel v. Broidy. 3476—Abrams v. Joline. 2643—Kapner v. Marks. 1975—O'Connell v. Adolff. 3391—Cohn v. Thorman. 5571½—Scher v. N Y Taxicab Co. 3191—Gordon v. Goldstein. 2663—State Bank v. Siegel. 1757—Singer v. Sun Ins Co. 3026—Ditscheck v. G Wuerth Mfg. Co. 2503—Saxe v. Madden. 2895—Davis v. Iser. 3413—Imperial Mfg. &c, Co v. West Side Warehouse Co. 1057—Fitzsimmons v. Nat F. P. Co. 3097—Edelman v. Krohnberg. 3337—McCarthy v. Horn Co. 2537—Moore v. Bowles. 4853½—Schraeder v. Fine. 3481—Berkowitz v. Schacht. 3482—Brenzinger v. Mansuy. 3484—Beam vs. Cruikshank Co. 3485—Friedman v. Reich. 3486—Hill v. Whitridge. 3491—Davidson v. Jewell. 3493—Cahill v. Joline. 2467—Sklar v. Kraus Realty Co. 3494—Schefler v. Hirschfeld. 3495—Garvan v. Com'l Bureau Co. 3497—Bernstein v. Roossin. 3498—Bremner v. O'Day. 3501—Booras v. Stam. 3502—Hellon v. Nat Seat and Nov Co. 3503—Kushakofsky v. Greenberg. 3504—Wasserman v. Joline. 3505—Sernecker v. Copland. 3506—Metz v. Schleir.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—3124—Benjamin v. Brownstein. 3190—Smith v. Conn. 3064—McHugh v. Pach. 3144, 3145—Fanto v. Payne Bros. 3168—Sutherland v. McOwen. 3187—Haven v. Hamilton Const Co. 3137—Billechy v. Curey. 3197—Kahn v. 14th St Store. 3212—Delehanty v. Grinberg. 3215—Orlikoff v. Weinstock. 3216—Turner v. Linder. 3218—Offner v. Grampion Realty Co. 3219—Same v. Ottenberg.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J.—Levin v. Tantog Realty Co—Augustine R McMahon. Greenwich Mtge Co v. Olsson—Timothy E Cohalan.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J.—Nagel v. Weishman—Theodore F McCarthy.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Martin v. Flood—A Willis Stumpf. Boff v. Froma Realty Co—Geo E Wells. Strianese v. Barnard Realty Co—Daniel J Earley. In re Lawyers Title Ins and Trust Co—Algernon S Norton. Lippold v. D'Ambra—Chas Brandt, Jr. Wagner v. Vlau—Samuel Hoffman. Prospect Inv Co v. Wilson Const Co—Edward D. Dowling. Brown v. Morrow—Roger A Pryor.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Martin v. Flood—William P Curley. Jacob Cappal v. Samuel Neu—Max Altman. Caroline Blesse v. Wm Blesse—Daniel Hanly.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J.—Prospect Inv Co v. Mary Walpole—Albert Sanders.

CITY COURT—Schmuck, J.—Louis Dreyer v. Wm B Van Alst—Gates Hamburger.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Trials—Kelly, J. 699—Biggs v. Sea Gate Asso. 1082—Fitzgibbon v. Dingley. 566—Feldman v. Feldman. 986—Magdeburg v. Bank for Savings. 687—Sadd v. Sadd. 445—Casabona v. Casabona. 572—Lawrie v. Lindsay. 897—Riebling v. Weaver. The remaining cases marked ready on Monday, May 22, will appear on the day calendar when these cases are disposed of. Highest number reached on the regular call, 1190, which includes the whole of May calendar, 1911.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Garretson, J.; Part II., Maddox, J.; Part III., Marean, J.; Part IV., Scudder, J.; Part V., Clark, J.; Part VI., Stapleton, J.; Part VII., Laycox, J. 6790—Scholle v. Nassau Railroad & City. 3191—McAlvaney v. Wehrelovsky. 797, 7634—Aronach & Greenberg v. B H R R. 6968—Swinson v. Moore. 5951—Roseman v. B H R R. 7055—Markey v. Dannes. 2113—Carey v. Given, Jr. 6847—Barquinero v. Ferguson. 6775—Jones v. Nassau Elec R R. 3101—Flum v. Nassau R R et al. 6022—Smith v. Berse. 2845—Eglinton v. B H R R. 7058—Hamas v. Stotcken. 7070—Woods v. Shaw. 7073—Grauer v. Vernon. 6180—Wilhelm v. Wood et al. 6256—Pestraich v. Hasbrouck Piano Co. 3136—Felten v. B H R R et al. 6424, 6427—Galloway v. B H R R et al. 7075—Kostecki v. B H R R et al. 7079—Zeickner v. Katz. 7083—Naami v. Nassau R R. 7085—Goldstein v. Transit Dev Co. 7087—Siegel v. Gersenblatt. 7088—Schenkman v. B Q Co & Sub R R. 7089—Flynn v. C I & B R R. 7091—Van Puskirk v. B H R R. 7098, 8179—Sharkey v. City of N Y. 7100—Crossman v. Gumpert. 7101—Schneider v. South Bklyn R R. 7102—Jacobson v. Jenks Co. 7107—Valentino v. Bklyn El R R. 7115—Wilson v. B H R R et al. 7119—Baldwin v. Moulton Stables. 7126—Goldberg v. B H R R. 7130—Coan v. Giordano. 7132—Boyer v. Sheffield Farms Co. 7133—Clooney v. Nassau R R. 7137, 7139—Anzalone v. Nassau R R. 7140—Branca v. Nassau R R.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call. 7143—Coyne v. B H R R. 7144—Blind v. Nassau R R. 7145—Moody v. Dincin. 8880—Huemmer v. Rice Co. 6875—Yanckauckas v. McTiernan. 6834—Gulick v. Fetherstonhaugh. 3939—Cade v. B H R R. 1010—Sago v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 7152—Mulgue v. Thorburn Co. 7153—Lee v. Nassau R R. 7154—Langfelst v. B H R R. 7155—Horton v. same. 7156—Sherman v. Ducker Co et al. 7157—Putten v. Nassau R R. 7158—Porazzo v. Fuller & O'Connor Const Co. 7160—Gillespie v. Nassau R R. 7161—Samuels v. same. 7162—Woods, Jr v. Rothschild. 7165—Miller v. Nassau R R. 7166—Iorio v. Mannini. 7167—Walsh v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 7168—De Barn v. same. 7169—Morgenbasser v. B H R R. 7172—Joost v. same. 7176—Dempsey v. same. 7178—Burnside v. Robins. 7182—Lachfein v. B H R R. 7184—Ferraro v. same. 7186—Mc-Laughlin v. same. 7187—Daniels v. same. 7188—Lynch v. Smith & Sons Co. 7189—Daly v. Rothschild. 7190—Price v. Coney I & B R R. 7191—McIntyre v. Lehman. 7192—Fine v. Wood. 7194—Domenico v. B H R R. 7195—Scherer v. Diamond Dairy Co. 7196—Clancy v. Naughton Co. 7197—Swanson v. B H R R. 7200—Lahey v. Plate. Highest number reached on regular call, 7200.

COUNTY COURT—Niemann, J. 616—Weisbard v. B H R R Co. 971—Case, Jr v. Hansee. 1407—Foster v. Schneider. 517—Doscher v. B H R R Co. 1451—Black v. Paloman. 520—Zabriski v. B H R R Co. 522—Byrnes v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 523—Farber v. B H R R Co. 526—Phillips v. same. 483—Gray v. same. 451—Miller v. Harris.

The following cases, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 520—Luskie v. B H R R Co. 530—Maggio v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 531—Drau v. same. 534—Peterson v. same. 294—Corneli v. Healy. 532—McDonough v. B H R R Co. 403—Kennedy v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 536—Herschenohn v. Strommer. 537—Zanitsky v. Schick. 437—Berringer v. Nassau Elec R R Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term, Orders. A new calendar for the trial of issues shall be made up for the October term, 1911. No cause on the present calendar shall be placed on the new calendar unless a new note of issue thereof be filed before Sept. 1. Such note of issue must contain the additional statement that the cause is still pending and undetermined, and specify its number on the present calendar. It is requested that the notes of issue be typewritten and filed before the end of June, 1911.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Tompkins, J.: Part II., Morschauser, J. 879—Mulwitz v. Hamilton. 775—Dalzell v. Westinghouse Elec & Mfg Co. 983—Driscoll v. Parry. 1064—Eaton v. Halley. 385—Powers v. Mabishaw Wire Co. 826—Bartnot v. Connolly. 902—Lowerre v. Rider. 1049—Hicks v. Hearn. 1050—Hicks v. Hearn. 1053—Houghton v. Tilyou. 1082—Bullock v. New York Cen & H R R. 1084—Luna v. N Y C & H R R R. 1096—Tompkins v. DeSaussure-Trenholm. 1098—Patericka v. Horacak. 1099—Surmal v. Riverdale-on-Co. Highest number reached, 1,100.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J. People v. Frank Lantz. 93—Henning v. Town of Greenburgh. 55—Young Bros v. Boyce. 154—Healy v. City of New Rochelle. 99—Luppran v. Dodge. 141—Figluizzi v. Tierney. 164—Seltz v. Millich. 167—Feinson v. Port Chester Bottling Co. 175—Feinson v. Friedlander. 62—McIntyre v. Dalton.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Kapper, J. 1511—Harazda v. Waletzky. 1532—Martin v. Rickert-Finlay Co. 1519—Kelly v. Engios and another. 1046—Jones v. Smith. 829, 830—Baldwin v. Locomobile Co. 1535—Carey v. Fargo. 1734—Murphy v. Commonwealth Trust Co. Balance of calendar passed for the day. Highest number reached on general calendar, 1555.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—High pressure of the North Atlantic Coast has caused easterly winds and considerably lower temperature in the Atlantic States from New Jersey and Pennsylvania northward, and it is probable that these winds off the ocean will cause lower temperatures with rain.

There have been showers in the last twenty-four hours in Eastern Pennsylvania, the lake region, the Upper Mississippi and Ohio Valleys, Tennessee, and at scatetred points in the South and Southwest Atlantic region.

Fair weather prevailed in all other districts.

The weather will be unsettled Wednesday, with local rains in the Atlantic States north of Maryland, and Thursday in New England.

There are no indications of extremely warm weather in eastern districts within the next 36 to 48 hours.

Steamships departing Wednesday for European ports will have moderate east winds, becoming variable, with overcast, showery weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York and New England—Unsettled weather, probably followed by showers Wednesday; rising temperature Thursday, unsettled, moderate east, shifting to west, winds.

New Jersey—Unsettled Wednesday, Thursday probably fair, rising temperature; moderate east winds, becoming variable.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Probably showers Wednesday, warmer in southeast portion. Thursday probably fair; moderate east winds, becoming variable.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours e nded at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	56	60	4 P. M.	62	65
6 A. M.	58	67	6 P. M.	62	64
9 A. M.	59	69	9 P. M.	60	58
12 M.	61	70	12 P. M.	59	55

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 68; for the corresponding date last year it was 60; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 62.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 70; at 8 P. M. it was 60. Maximum temperature, 82 degrees at 2:30 A. M.; minimum, 55 degrees at 10:30 P. M. Humidity, 70 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 81 per cent. at 8 P. M.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Dernburg, C., & Co., Chicago, Ill.; S. M. Dernburg, plush coats, caracul, and wash goods; 142 Fifth Avenue.
Howland Dry Goods Company, Bridgeport, Conn.; W. E. Fiffney, silks; 75 Spring Street.
Sage, Allen & Co., Hartford, Conn.; G. F. Kuebler, silks; 75 Spring Street.
Ives, Upham & Rand Company, Meriden, Conn.; A. P. Conyard, silks; 75 Spring Street.
Bunce, J. H., Company, Middletown, Conn.; C. W. Cramer, silks; 75 Spring Street.
Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; W. H. Flack, silks; 75 Spring Street.

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.

115 Devonshire Street, Boston. 56 Wall Street New York.

Investment Securities
Foreign Exchange
Letters of Credit

Correspondents of
BARING BROTHERS & CO., Ltd
LONDON

Income

One of the best means by which to obtain the highest rate of income compatible with safety is to diversify your investments. For example, invest part of your money in high-grade bonds having a broad market; part in high-grade bonds of more or less limited market, and the balance in preferred stocks of high standard. The more you consider this question of diversification, the more you will appreciate its many advantages.

Write for our Circular No. 820, "Judicious Investment," which is accompanied by a diversified list of sound investments yielding an average return of about 5½ per cent.

Spencer Trask & Co.
43 Exchange Place, New York
Albany—Boston—Chicago
Members New York Stock Exchange

Yield 8%
Example No. 40
In 1895 we sold Union Pacific 6% gold notes at 85, yielding 10%. They were largely secured by non-dividend paying stocks representing control of important lines. Later the notes were paid at par.
Recurring Opportunities
We now offer, at a price to yield 8%, bonds issued by a dividend-paying railroad, secured by control of the stock of one of the most important railroads in the Middle West. The dividends on the deposited stock offset interest on the bonds.
Circular upon request.
F. J. Lisman & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
30 Broad St., New York
Philadelphia Chicago Baltimore Hartford

Knauth, Nachod & Kühne
15 William St., NEW YORK — Leipzig, GERMANY
BANKERS
Members New York Stock Exchange
High Grade Investment Bonds
Letters of Credit and Travelers' Checks
Interest on Deposit Accounts.

WE WILL BUY
Northwestern Elevated Ry.
1st 4s
Due September 1st, 1911.
Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
New York 21 Broad St. — Chicago First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

WANTED
National Silk Dyeing Pfd.
Northwestern El. (Chic.) 1st 4s, Sept., 1911
Du Pont Powder Co. Com.
Park & Tilford 6s
International Nickel Co. 5s
International Nickel Co. Common
S. H. P. PELL & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities
Tel. 7865-6-7-8-9 Hanover. 37 Wall St., N. Y.

WANTED
100 American Type Founders Com.
100 American Chicle Com. & Pfd.
200 American Piano Common
200 Buffalo & Susquehanna R. R. Pfd.
100 Butte Elec. & Power Com. & Pfd.
100 Federal Light & Traction Com.
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
New York 30 Broad St. — Boston 50 Congress St.
Private telephones between New York and Boston.

WE WILL BUY:—
HACKENSACK WATER CO. 4s.
HUDSON COUNTY GAS CO. 5s.
Listed securities carried on margin.
B. H. & F. W. PELZER
Phone 6060 Hanover. 43 Exchange Place, N. Y.

W. N. COLER & CO.,
BANKERS.
Established 1870.
43 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK CITY.
NEW YORK CITY and other high grade municipal bonds.
Special circulars on request.

HALE & KILBURN COM. & 1st PFD.
HALL SIGNAL
OTIS ELEV. CO. COM. & PFD.
WEED and GWYNNE,
1907-8 Hanover. 35 Wall St., N. Y. City.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Irregular—Bulk of Trading in a Few Issues—Call Money Rates, 2¼@2½.

STEEL PRICE CUTS RUMORED

Steel Corporation's Attitude Not Altered—Copper Merger Talk Revived.

Fewer issues were traded in on the Stock Exchange yesterday, the sales were slightly smaller and the transactions were even more concentrated than on Monday. Divergent movements in United States Steel and Amalgamated Copper, the former showing a net loss of 1 point, and the latter a net gain of 1⅛, helped to make the market more two-sided than it had been at any time since the beginning of the upward movement which followed the Standard Oil decision. Reports of price cutting by one of the principal independent steel companies received much attention on the Stock Exchange. There was a maximum decline of 1½ points in Steel, to 79⅛. At that price 33,000 shares were dealt in, suggesting either that the stock was being strongly suported at that level against a further decline or that bear operations in the stock were being conducted on an unusually large scale. It seems doubtful that any such quantity of stock as was quoted at that figure without a variation of as much as one-eighth represented actual liquidation. While those closely informed regarding United States Steel affairs were discussing yesterday the reports of impending price cuts by some of the corporation's competitors the statement was made definitely that there was no change in the corporation's own price policy. Suggestions heard for some time past that disagreement existed among the Steel Corporation's Directors in respect to that price policy were met with renewed and emphatic denials.

The most generally discussed reason alleged for the forward movement in Amalgamated Copper was that work has again been undertaken on the proposed copper merger which would include the Amalgamated Copper Company properties and other large producers. The decision in the Standard Oil case is regarded by some of those who are again interesting themselves in this copper merger proposal as having cleared the way for the consolidation of some of the principal copper producing companies. This view is not subscribed to, however, by all those who in the natural course of events would become active figures in such a merger of copper properties. This fact raises the question how far the plans underlying the copper merger which has long been talked of will be regarded as falling within the description of "reasonable" as that word is applied in the Standard Oil decision to the acts of corporations.

The technical character of the conditions underlying the price of May wheat was again illustrated by an advance of over 2½ cents in that option in Chicago, while the July and later options closed at an advance of only a fraction of a cent. At 98⅛ May wheat reached the highest price of the month and the highest price recorded for the May option since last January, when it sold as high at 102⅝. The weekly weather report summarized the record of the past week's favorable weather in the wheat growing States, but pointed to the need of more rain in the cotton belt. The cotton market was irregular, but at the close all options showed some decline for the day.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific Railway for dividend on preferred.
Manufactured Rubber Co. for dividend on preferred.
United States Realty and Improvement Co. for annual meeting.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

Pressed Steel Car Co. on preferred.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¼@2¼ per cent., with the last loan at 2¼ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¼ per cent.

Time money rates, 2½@2¾ per cent. for sixty days, 2¾@3 per cent. for ninety days, and 3@3¼ per cent. for five months, 3¼@3½ per cent. for six months, 3½@3¾ per cent. for seven months, and 3¾@4 and 4¼ per cent. for over the year.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3¼@3½ per cent. for three to five months, and at 3¼@4 per cent. for six months, according to grade.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 2 7-16 per cent., up ⅛ per cent.; Paris, 2 per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 2¾ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $839,172,302; balance, $15,907,191; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $180,890.

The local banks have gained $811,000 on Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8660@$4.8665; check, $4.8640@$4.8645.
Paris—Cable, $5.20 less 1-32; check, $5.20 less 5-64.
Berlin—Cable, 95⅛; check, 95 1-16@95 7-16 plus 1-64.
Switzerland—Cable, $5.19⅝ less 5-64; check, $5.20 less 1-64.
Holland—Cable, 40⅛; check, 40¼ less 1-16.
Belgium—Cable, $5.21¼; check, $5.31¼ less 1-16.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.8435; ninety days, $4.8325@$4.8335.
London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.84; ninety days, $4.83⅛.
Paris—Bankers', sixty days, $5.22½; ninety days, $5.23⅛ less 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, sixty days, $5.22½ less 1-32; ninety days, $5.23⅛.
Berlin—Bankers', sixty days, 94⅝; ninety days, 94 9-16.
Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94½ plus 7-32; ninety days, 94 5-16 less 7-32.

Exchanges on New York at domestic centres: Boston, 10c discount; Chicago, 30c premium; St. Louis, 35c premium; St. Paul, 80c premium; San Francisco, 30c premium; Montreal, 78⅛c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was unchanged in London at 24½d per ounce and unchanged in New York at 53⅝c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 45c.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $20,383,640; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $33,217,036.

The total balance in general fund was $80,105,507.

Ordinary receipts yesterday were $807,070, with ordinary disbursements of $1,903,321.

The deficit to date this fiscal year is $2,052,646, as against $15,847,008 at this time last year.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

The Treasury Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The Treasury statement, issued to-day, gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday as follows:

	May 22.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Rcts., c'toms.	$88,080	$16,719,125	$282,133,833
Int. revenue..	349,008	15,754,910	255,723,108
Corp. tax	15,970	537,753	7,883,595
Miscellaneous.	354,010	6,707,522	47,129,775
Tot. receipts.	807,070	39,719,311	502,870,313
Expenditures..	1,903,321	43,323,780	504,922,957
Surplus	1,096,250	*3,604,469	*2,052,644

*Deficit.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday.

Total sales May 23, 1911 544,147
From Jan. 1, 1911 40,632,302
Same date last year 70,047,212

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
8¼	8⅝	100	Allis-Chalmers	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	...
68¼	68⅝	23,800	Amalgamated Copper..	67⅝	68⅝	67¼	68¼	+1⅛
58¾	59	200	Am. Agricul. Chem. ..	58¾	59	58¾	59	...
49	49¼	1,700	Am. Beet Sugar.....	49	49¼	48¼	49¼	...
12¼	12⅝	3,100	Am. Can.....	12¼	12⅝	11⅝	12¼	+ ⅛
88¼	88½	4,100	Am. Can pf.....	88¼	88⅞	87⅞	88½	+ ⅜
56¼	56½	1,100	Am. Car & Foundry...	56½	56½	56	56¼	+ ¼
117½	120	200	Am. Car & Fdy. pf....	119⅞	120	119⅞	120	+ ¼
50⅛	50⅜	3,700	Am. Cotton Oil.....	49⅝	50⅝	49⅝	50⅝	+ ⅛
98	100	20	Am. Cotton Oil pf.....	101	101	100	100	...
240	243	30	Am. Express.....	242	242	242	242	...
22¼	22⅜	200	Am. Ice Securities.....	22¼	22½	22¼	22¼	...
42½	42¾	900	Am. Locomotive.....	42⅜	42¾	42¼	42½	— ⅛
102	100½	300	Am. Locomotive pf....	108	109	108	109	+1
80¾	80⅞	11,500	Am. Smelt. & Ref....	80⅝	81¼	79½	80⅞	+ ⅛
325	...	100	Am. Snuff.....	325	325	325	325	+25
43	44	200	Am. Steel Foundries...	43⅞	43⅞	43⅜	43⅜	— ⅝
120	120⅜	300	Am. Sugar Refining...	120½	120½	120	120	— ⅝
82	86	97	Am. Tel. & Cable.....	82	82	82	82	...
149¼	149½	1,600	Am. Tel. & Tel.....	148⅝	149¼	148⅝	149½	+ ¼
101¾	101⅞	900	Am. Tobacco pf.....	101⅝	102	101½	101½	— ⅜
93	94	400	Am. Woolen pf.....	94	94	93⅞	93⅞	+ ⅝
40½	40¾	1,200	Anaconda Copper Co...	40⅝	40¾	40¼	40½	+ ½
...	...	100	Asso. Mchts. 1st pf....	104	104	104	104	...
113¼	113½	8,500	Atch., Top. & S. F....	113	113½	112⅝	113⅝	+ ¼
103⅜	104⅛	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf..	104	104	104	104	— ⅛
128	128½	400	Atlantic Coast Line....	128	128	128	128	— ⅝
106⅜	107	400	Baltimore & Ohio.....	106⅜	106½	106¼	106⅞	+ ⅛
89	89⅜	50	Baltimore & Ohio pf...	89½	89½	89½	89½	...
...	...	6	Bank of Commerce....	215½	215½	215½	215½	...
32¼	33	1,300	Bethlehem Steel.....	32⅞	33	32⅜	32⅞	— ⅝
61½	63	300	Bethlehem Steel pf....	62	62	61¼	61¼	+ ⅛
80⅛	80½	5,400	Brooklyn Rapid Tran..	80¾	80¾	80	80⅛	— ½
234	234½	1,900	Canadian Pacific.....	233½	234	233	234	+ ¼
30½	30⅝	3,100	Central Leather Co....	30⅝	30⅝	30	30½	— ⅛
102	103	300	Cent Leather Co. pf...	102	102½	102	102½	+ ⅛
82⅜	82⅞	2,700	Chesapeake & Ohio....	82½	83	82⅜	82⅝	+ ⅛
31¾	32	100	Chicago & Alton.....	31¼	31½	31¼	31½	+ ⅛
22	22¼	40	Chicago Gt. Western....	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼	...
124⅝	124⅞	6,800	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul..	124⅞	124⅞	124¼	124⅜	— ½
24⅝	25	700	Chino. Copper.....	25	25	24⅝	24⅝	— ⅛
34	34⅞	700	Colorado Fuel & Iron..	33⅝	34	33⅝	34	...
...	...	1,400	Comstock Tunnel.....	*34	34	32	33	+1
145¼	145⅝	1,000	Consolidated Gas.....	145¼	145¼	145¼	145¼	— ¼
82⅝	83	100	Corn Products Ref. pf..	82⅜	82⅝	82⅜	82⅝	+ ¼
66⅝	66⅞	29	Den. & Rio Grande pf..	66⅝	66⅝	66⅝	66⅝	...
37	37⅜	800	Distillers' Securities..	37	37	36⅝	37	— ⅛
96	96	200	Du Pont Powder pf....	96	96	96	96	—1
33½	33⅝	6,300	Erie	33½	33½	32⅞	33¼	— ⅛
50	50⅜	368	Erie 1st pf.....	50	50⅜	50	50⅜	— ⅛
107	108	100	General Chemical pf...	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾	...
160	161	1,800	General Electric.....	160¼	160½	160	160⅝	— ⅛
...	6	1,500	Goldfield Consol.....	6	6	5⅞	5⅞	...
130⅜	130¾	6,950	Great Northern pf....	130	130⅞	129⅞	130⅜	+ ⅜
62¼	62¾	600	G. N. certs. Ore Prop..	63⅛	63⅛	62¼	62⅝	+ ⅜
19¼	19½	3,000	Interborough-Met.	19	19½	19	19⅜	+ ⅛
53⅞	53⅞	2,600	Interborough-Met. pf..	52⅝	54	52½	53½	+ ⅜
127	127½	856	Int. Harvester	126½	127½	126	127¼	+1
125¾	126	100	Int. Harvester pf.....	126	126	126	126	—1
11⅝	11¾	2,200	Int. Paper.....	11¼	12	11¼	11⅞	+ ⅝
50½	51	2,350	Int. Paper pf.....	49	51	49	50⅞	+ ⅞
32¼	32⅝	300	Iowa Central pf.....	32½	32⅝	32½	32⅝	+ ⅛
35	35½	100	Kansas City South....	35	35	35	35	— ⅛
68⅝	69	100	Kan. City South. pf...	69	69	69	69	+ ¼
40	45	200	Keokuk & Des M. pf..	41	42	41	42	+3½
106⅞	106¾	5,000	Laclede Gas.....	105⅞	106¾	103¾	106¾	...
35	40	100	Lake Erie & West. pf..	36⅜	36⅜	36⅜	36⅜	+1½
179¼	179⅝	5,100	Lehigh Valley.....	179	179⅝	178¾	179⅝	+ ⅛
59	62	100	Long Island.....	59	59	59	59	+1
147⅞	148⅜	300	Louisville & Nash	148½	148½	148¼	148¼	— ⅜
72¼	73⅜	400	May Dept. Stores.....	74	74⅛	72¼	72¼	+ ¼
20½	20⅝	725	Miami Copper.....	20⅜	20¾	20⅜	20⅝	+ ⅛
45	46½	215	Minn. & St. Louis pf..	45½	45½	45¼	45½	— ½
137½	138	550	M., St. P. & S. S. M..	138½	138½	137⅞	137⅞	— ½
133	134	100	M., St. P. & S. S.M. sub. cfs. 1st pd.....	134	134	134	134	+1½
149⅞	153	100	M., St. P. & S. S.M.pf..	152½	152½	152¼	152¼	— ⅞
34⅞	34⅞	2,300	Mo., Kansas & Texas..	34¼	35⅜	34¼	34⅝	— ⅛
67	67¼	1,700	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf...	67⅝	67⅝	66⅝	67¼	— ⅛
50¼	50½	4,500	Missouri Pacific.....	50	50½	49¼	50¼	+ ⅛
136	157½	200	Nat. Biscuit Co.....	136	137	136	137	+1
128¼	128⅝	100	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf...	128⅞	128⅞	128⅞	128⅞	— ⅛
55⅜	56⅝	800	Nat. Lead Co.....	56⅜	56¾	55¼	55⅜	—1
107	109	20	Nat. Lead Co. pf.....	109	109	109	109	...
64	65	100	Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf..	64	64	64	64	...
30	30⅜	900	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf..	31¼	31¼	30½	30¼	— ⅝
19¼	19¾	2,200	Nev. Consol. Copper...	19⅛	19⅛	19	19¼	...
72	73	100	N. Y. Air Brake.....	72	72	72	72	+ ⅛
108⅞	109¼	200	New York Central.....	108¾	109	108⅝	109	+ ⅛
142	145¼	200	N. Y., N. H. & Hart...	145	145	145	145	...
143	145	100	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. certs., 3d paid.....	144	144	144	144	+3
43	43¼	200	N. Y., Ont. & West....	43¼	43½	43⅛	43⅛	+ ⅛
108¼	108½	1,400	Norfolk & Western....	108¼	108⅝	108	108¼	...
129½	129⅝	17,700	Northern Pacific	129	129¾	128⅝	129¼	+ ⅝
26	26¾	200	Pacific Mail	26¼	26¾	26⅛	26⅛	—1⅛
50	50½	1,400	Pacific Tel. & Tel.....	50⅜	50½	50	50	...
122⅝	122⅞	4,800	Pennsylvania R. R....	123	123	122⅝	122⅝	— ⅛
...	...	36,628	Pennsylvania rights...	2¼	2 17-64	2 7-32	2¼	— 1-64
105⅝	106¼	100	People's Gas, Chi.....	105½	106¼	105⅜	106¼	+ ⅝
114⅞	116	400	Philadelphia Co.....	114	114¾	114	114¾	...
92	95	100	P., C., C. & St. Louis..	94½	94½	94½	94½	— ½
215⅝	217¼	1,300	Pittsburg Coal	215⅝	218¼	215⅝	218¼	+ ¾
84¼	84½	3,200	Pittsburg Coal pf.....	82½	84½	82	84½	+1½
35	36	200	Pressed Steel Car.....	36⅛	36⅛	35½	35½	— ⅝
100	101	100	Pressed Steel Car pf...	100	100	100	100	—1
162	162⅜	200	Pullman Company	162⅜	162⅜	162⅜	162⅜	+ ⅛
34½	35⅜	100	R'way Steel Spring....	35⅞	35⅞	35⅞	35⅞	+ ⅛
18	18¾	1,100	Ray Consol. Copper...	17⅞	18⅛	17⅞	18	...
180¾	180⅞	81,600	Reading	180⅝	180⅝	179⅝	180⅝	+ ⅛
31½	32	800	Rep. Iron & Steel.....	31¼	31¾	31	31½	— ⅛
95½	95⅝	500	Rep. Iron & Steel pf...	95½	95½	95¼	95¼	— ⅛
32⅝	32⅞	7,950	Rock Island Co.....	33¼	33½	32¼	32⅞	+ ⅛
64⅞	64⅞	200	Rock Island Co. pf....	64⅞	64⅞	64¼	64½	— ⅛
42	42⅜	200	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf..	42⅜	42⅜	42⅜	42⅜	— ⅛
140¼	140⅝	250	Sears, Roebuck & Co..	140¼	140¼	140	140	— ⅛
119	119¼	9,900	Southern Pacific	118⅞	119⅛	118¼	119	...
29⅝	29⅞	5,300	Southern R'way ext....	29⅜	29½	29	29¼	+ ⅛
67⅝	67¾	2,000	South. R'way pf., ext..	67⅞	67⅞	67	67⅝	+ ⅛
37⅝	38	700	Tennessee Copper	38	38	37⅝	38	+ ⅛
128	130	100	Texas & Co.....	129½	129½	129½	129½	+ ⅛
27½	27¾	200	Texas & Pacific.....	27⅝	27¾	27½	27½	— ⅛
12	12¼	450	Third Avenue	12¼	12½	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
7½	7⅝	100	Tol. R'way & Light....	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	— ⅛
21½	21⅝	200	Tol., St. L. & West....	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	— ⅛
50½	51¼	300	Tol. St. L. & W. pf....	51¼	51⅝	51¼	51⅝	+ ⅛
77⅞	78¼	920	Underw'd Typewriter..	77½	78⅛	77½	78⅛	+1
184¼	184⅝	45,700	Union Pacific	184¼	184¼	183½	184⅜	...
94½	95¼	700	Union Pacific pf.....	95¼	95¼	94½	95	— ⅛
40¼	42	100	United Rys. Inv.....	40¼	40¾	40¼	40¾	—1½
71½	72¼	600	United Rys. Inv. pf....	72	72	71	71½	— ¼
17½	18½	125	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe...	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	— ¼
92	94	100	U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf..	92	92	92	92	+1
41¼	42¼	2,150	U. S. Rubber	42¼	42¼	41⅝	42	— ⅛
113¼	113⅞	700	U. S. Rubber 1st pf....	114	114	113½	113⅝	— ⅜
79⅝	79⅞	176,644	U. S. Steel	80⅜	80⅝	79½	79⅝	—1
119⅞	120¼	420	U. S. Steel pf.....	119⅝	119⅞	119⅜	119⅜	— ½
47	47⅜	3,100	Utah Copper	46⅞	47¼	46⅝	47¼	+ ¼
58½	58⅝	6,620	Va.-Caro. Chemical....	57⅝	59	57⅝	58½	+ ¾
61	65	200	Va. Iron, Coal & C....	62	62	62	62	+ ¼
16⅞	17	800	Wabash	16⅞	16⅞	16½	16⅞	+ ⅛
38	38¼	400	Wabash pf.....	37⅝	38¼	37½	38⅜	+ ⅛
59	59¼	1,100	Western Maryland	59⅜	59⅜	59	59	— ⅛
81	81¼	10,250	Western Union Tel....	79½	81¼	79½	81⅛	+1½
73⅝	73⅞	1,800	Westinghouse E. & M..	73	73½	73	73½	— ⅛

*Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100½	101¼
2s, c., 1930	100½	...
3s, r., 1918	101⅜	102½
3s, c., 1918	101⅝	...
4s, r., 1925	114⅜	115
4s, c., 1925	114⅜	115
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100½	101½
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100½	101¼
Adams Exp.	240	245
Allis-Chalm. pf.	80	81
Am. Ag. C. pf.	102¾	102⅞
Am. B. S. pf.	99½	100
A. B. S. & Fdy.	93½	95½
A. B. S. & Ipcy. pf.	130	134½
Am. Coal	70	100
A. H. & L.	4¼	4½
A. H. & L. pf.	22¾	24½
Am. L. Co.	11¾	11¾
Am. L. Co. pf.	81½	82
Am. Malt.	4	5
Am. M. pf.	84	85
Am. S. pf., B	88	88¼
Am. S. & R. pf.	106	107
Am. Sn. pf.	100	...
Am. S. R. pf.	118	120
Am. Wr. P. pf.	30	30½
Ann Arbor..	20	40
Ann A. pf.	60	80
Asso. Oil	50	54
Batopilas M.	1⅞	2½
B. Un. G.	142½	144
Bruns. Ter.	9	10
B. R. & P.	110	...
B., R. & P. pf.	120	150
Butte Coal.	29	31
Canada So.	67	72¼
C. R. R. of N. J.	275	282
C. & S. A. Tel.	110	120½
Chi. & Alt. pf.	107	66½
C. & E. Ill. pf.	107	...
Chi. Gt. W. pf.	44	45
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80
C., M. & St. P. pf.	163	155
C. & N. W.	148	149
C. & N. W. pf.	201	210
Chi. St. P. M. & Om.	135	140
Chi. St. P., M. & Om. pf.	155	165
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta.	2½	3
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st.	5	6
C., C., C. & St. L.	59	64
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	95½	100
Cleve. & P.	106	...
Cleve. & P. Special	96	...
Col. F. & I. pf.	110	115
Col. & So.	55	56
Col. & So. 1st pf.	76¾	78
Col. & So. 2d pf.	72	74½
Col. & H. C. & I., full paid	12½	14
Cons. Coal.	102⅜	103½
C. R. & L.	70	...
Corn P. R.	15¾	16¾
Crex Carpet.	70	75
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	94	99
Pere Marq.	...	80
Pere M. 2d pf.	...	88
P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	108	115
P. & Ft. W. & C.	166½	...
Pitts. St. pf.	108½	...
Pub. S. C.	119	119½
Quicksilver..	2	3
Q'ksil'r pf..	2	5
Ry. St. Sp. pf.	102	103
Rdg. 1st pf.	87	89½
Rdg. 2d pf..	96	98
Rens. & S.	185½	200
R. W. & O.	19¼	...
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	64	66
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. ctfs.	135	180
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. new ctfs.	58	62
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	107	130
St. L. S. W.	31½	32
St. L. S. W. pf.	67	68
Sears-Roeb. pf.	120¼	121½
S.-S. S. & I.	51	52½
So. P. R. S.	78½	90
So. P. R. S. pf.	107½	110
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	31½	88
T. P. L. Tr.	67	95
T. P. & W.	16	...
T. C. R. T.	110⅜	110¾
T. C. R. T. pf.	184½	145
Und. Typew. pf.	107¼	109
U. B. & P.	7	7¾
U. B. & P. pf.	57	59½
Un. Cig. M. pf.	104½	105
Un. Dry G.	104½	105
Un. Dry G. pf.	105½	106⅝
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	25	26½
U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	57	58
U. S. Exp.	97	100
U. S. R. & Impt.	75½	79
U. S. R. & Ref.	4	5
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	11½	19
U. S. Rub. 2d pf.	77	78
U. S. R. & R.	165	175
Va. R. & P.	...	42½
Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	123	126
Vulcan Det.	10¾	23
Vulcan Det. pf.	51	60
W. F. Exp.	172	174
West Md. pf.	79½	81¾
Westingh'se 1st pf.	116	117
W. & L. E.	4½	5
W. & L. E. 1st pf.	15½	16
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	6½	7½
Wis. Cent.	68¾	71

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 23.—Prices were strong, but changes as a rule were small. Maryland Trust preferred moved to a higher level. Unconfirmed rumors have been circulated that the company may retire the preferred stock. About a year or more ago $500,000 of the stock was retired on voluntary surrender at par, and the talk is now of retiring the remainder at 120. Cotton Duck 5s moved up ⅝ to 76⅛. Shares, 2,270; bonds, $212,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$6,000	A. C. L. of C. 5-20s	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛
10,000	A. C. L. cv. deb. 4s	98⅝	98⅛	98⅛
6,000	Ala. Coal & Iron 5s	87	87	87
4,000	Balt. Electric 5s	95½	95½	95½
3,000	Balt. City Pas. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
5,000	Balt. City 4½s, 1961	102¼	102¼	102¼
35,000	Cotton Duck 5s	76⅝	75½	76⅛
21,000	Cons. Power 4½s	87⅝	87½	87½
2,000	Cons. Power notes	100	100	100
9,000	Chicago Ry. 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
1,000	Fairmont Coal 5s	97¼	97¼	97¼
2,000	Fair. & Clark. Tr. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Ga., Car. & N. 5s

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Brooklyn Edison 4s, 1939
Westchester Ltg. 1st 5s, 1950
New Amsterdam Gas 5s, 1948

Paterson & Company
Tel. 1985 Rector. 20 Broad St., N.Y.

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50 No. Amer. Telegraph
100 Gallatin Nat'l. Bank

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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

One Holiday Next Week.

Had the Supreme Court of the United States seen fit to announce its decision in both of the big trust cases last week, instead of holding back one for a later meeting, the Governors of the New York Stock Exchange might have been called upon to vote this afternoon on a petition from the members to have the Exchange closed from Saturday noon until Wednesday morning. Tuesday is May 30 and a legal holiday, so that in the ordinary course of events the brokers would be apt to stretch it into a three-day rest by closing down on Monday. The likelihood that the delayed tobacco decision will be handed down on May 29, which is the last decision day of the court before the Summer recess, made an extra holiday out of the question. It does not mitigate the sorrow of several thousand brokers and employes who had looked forward to an opportunity for a three-day trip to the country, to know that if the court follows the procedure of last week, when the decision was not read until 4 o'clock, it will be too late to effect trading anyway, nor to consider the other possibility, which is that the decision may not be handed down at all. Members of the Coffee Exchange petitioned the Board of Managers for the extra holiday, but in vain, so that it is not likely that any of the Exchanges will be closed on Monday. The London Stock Exchange enjoys a great many holidays which are unknown here; it will be closed June 3 and 5 for Whitsuntide and June 22 and 23 for the coronation ceremonies.

***

Expensive Railroad Operation.

Not the least sufferer by the fighting in Mexico has been the National Railways Company. April earnings of that system will show a falling off of between 18 per cent, and 20 per cent. Since the insurrection began the lines of the National Railways lying in the State of Chihuahua, ordinarily a prosperous part of the system, have been almost idle. On the other hand, the destruction of roadbeds, bridges, telephones and telegraph lines has added materially to the cost of operation. Passenger travel has lost heavily with the decline in freight earnings. Most of the losses will be made up by the Mexican Government, which has a paternal interest in this company, but that does not help the current earnings showing.

***

Tobacco Subsidiary Stock Up.

The stock of the American Snuff Company, which made a high record at 300 on May 10, again went to a new high level on the next transaction made yesterday. A sale of 100 shares put the price to 325. The upward movement of this subsidiary stock of the "trust" is in line with the strength which has been shown in the shares of the American Tobacco Company itself, in advance of the decision. After making a record on the first day of the week, American Tobacco common, on the Curb yesterday, advanced to 520. The close, after sales of 547 shares, was at 512. At the top price the stock was 15 points above the record price of 510, made in 1906, and equaled on Monday.

***

Smelters' Deal Rumor.

Although no confirmation was obtainable yesterday, the prospective purchase by the American Smelting and Refining Company of the remaining common stock of the American Smelters Securities Company held by the Guggenheim Exploration Company was recited by rumor in considerable detail. The story is a revival of one which first had currency at the time the $15,000,000 6 per cent. fifteen-year sinking fund bonds of the American Smelters Securities Company were issued early in the year. These bonds, which were offered to American Smelting and Refining Company stockholders and are convertible into the shares of that company, were put out chiefly to refund the Securities Company's floating debt of about $10,000,000, of which the greater part was owing to the Refining Company. The payment to the Refining Company put that company in funds which it was said at the time would be used to buy the Securities common stock, amounting to about $13,000,000, held by the Guggenheim Exploration Company. The Refining Company already owns $17,751,000 of the total authorized $30,000,000 common stock of the Securities Company. It was carried on the books at a valuation of $1 in the last report of the American Smelting and Refining Company.

***

Improvement in Brokerage Business.

The increase in the stock market's activity since the handing down of the Standard Oil decision means the difference between employment and idleness to a great many wage earners in Wall Street. With the falling off in business experienced by all of the houses doing a commission business, it was feared by hundreds of clerks, stenographers, and runners that unless a change came soon their places would be forfeited. Brokerage houses do not differ from other lines of business. When receipts drop away they begin to economize. It has been evident in recent weeks that unless the volume of trading soon regained some of its former size many firms would find it necessary to reduce office expenses. With the return of customers long absent from Wall Street, brokers have again found use for their employes. Last week's trading, with one very small day preceding the decision, amounted to 3,653,630 shares, as against 1,079,952 for the week previous. Supposing all of this business to have been done on the $12.50 per hundred basis, the brokers would have received a total of $458,700 last week in commissions, as compared with $184,986 for the week before. Of course, much of this business was received from other members of the Exchange, who are entitled to the two-dollar rate, but the comparison between the two weeks remains the same.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
Amal. Copper 5s, Apr. 1, 1913	100¼	100½	4.71
Am. Cig. B 4s, Mar. 15, 1912	100⅝	100¾	3.87
Ann Arbor 5s, May 1, 1913	98½	99	5.54
Balt. & Ohio 4½s, June 1, '13	100½	100¼	4.87
Beth. Steel Co. 6s, Nov. 1, '14	100⅜	101	5.67
Ches. & Ohio 4½s, June 1, '14	99½	99⅝	4.63
C., H. & D. pur. m. 4s, July 1 1913	99	99⅛	4.37
Chi. & Alton 5s, Mar. 15, '13	99½	99⅝	5.07
Erie 4s, April 1, 1914	100⅞	101	5.53
Gen. Motors 6s, Oct. 1, 1915	98⅜	98⅝	6.36
Gen. Rubber 4½s, July 1, 1915	96⅞	97¼	5.27
Hudson Co. 6s, Feb. 1, 1913	98	98⅜	7.02
Int. & G. N. 5s, May 15, '14	99	99¼	5.27
Minn. & St. L. 5s, Feb., 1913	95½	96⅜	6.70
M., K. & T. 5s, May 1, 1913	99½	99⅝	5.19
N. R. of M. 4½s, June 1, '13	99⅛	99⅜	4.82
N. Y. Central 4½s, Mar. 1, '14	100¼	100½	4.80
Pac. T. & T. 5s, Jan. 5, 1913	100⅜	100⅝	4.59
Pere Mar. 6s, July 1, 1912	98⅜	99¼	6.42
St. L. & S. F. 5s, Mar. 1, '13	99	99⅛	5.29
St. L. & S. F. 5s, June 1, '13	99	99⅛	5.26
Southern Ry. 6s, Feb. 1, '13	100¼	100⅜	4.61
Tidewater Co. 6s, June 1, '13	101⅛	101¼	5.01
Wabash 4½s, May 1, 1913	96	97	6.11
West. T. & T. 5s, Feb. 1, '12	100⅝	100¾	5.75
Westing. 6s, Aug. 1, 1913	101⅝	101¾	5.06

Accrued interest to be added.

UP-STATE BANK FIGURES.

The reports of the State banks and trust companies in New York State outside of New York City issued yesterday by the State Banking Department showed these changes for the week:

STATE BANKS.

		Increase.
Loans and discounts	$95,758,700	$127,100
Total deposits	102,670,700	133,900
Total reserve	22,354,700	*199,900

Average reserve, 22.7 per cent.; reserve required, 15 per cent.

TRUST COMPANIES.

Loans	$148,815,400	$423,800
Total deposits	158,622,900	257,500
Total reserve	24,685,400	*502,200

Average reserve, 16.2 per cent.; reserve required, 10 per cent.

*Decrease.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, May 23.—Money was in increased demand to-day for repayment to the banks, which are preparing for the settlement at the end of the month. Discount rates were firm in sympathy.

The stock market was quiet and uninteresting. Copper, diamond, rubber, and oil shares hardened and consols were steady, but the other sections sagged a fraction.

American securities opened slightly lower, but later advanced, under the lead of Erie and Missouri, Kansas & Texas. The market was steady until the afternoon, when New York selling caused a general setback and an easy closing.

Bar silver steady at 24⅝d per ounce.

Money, 1½@1¾ per cent.; rate of discount in the open market for both short and three months' bills, 2½ per cent.

Bullion amounting to £77,000 was taken into the Bank of England to-day, and £20,000 was withdrawn for shipment to South America.

Gold premium at Madrid, 7.93; at Lisbon, 10.

PARIS, May 23.—Prices opened firm on favorable news from New York and Mexico to-day. Later, the market reacted, and closed barely steady.

Three per cent. rentes, 96f 10c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 82½c for checks.

BERLIN, May 23.—Trading was very quiet and prices were steady on the Boerse to-day.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 46½ pfennigs for checks.

Money, 2¼ per cent.

Private discount rate, 2¾ per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	81 7-16	..	..	..
Consols, account	81½	..	..	..
Anaconda	40¼	40¼	..	..
Atchison	116⅞	112⅞	113⅛	— ⅛
Canadian Pacific	240	233½	233⅝	— ⅛
St. Paul	128	124½	125	— ½
Erie	34¼	33¼	33⅜	— ⅛
Erie 1st pf.	52	50⅞	51⅛	— ⅛
Illinois Central	143	139	140	— 1
Louis. & Nash.	152½	148⅝	148½	— ⅛
N. Y. Central	111⅜	108⅜	108⅞	+ ⅛
Pennsylvania	63⅝	123⅜	122⅞	— ½
Reading	82¼	160⅛	160½	— ⅛
Southern Pac.	121⅜	118⅝	119	— ⅛
Union Pacific	189	183⅞	184⅝	— ½
U. S. Steel	82	79⅞	80⅜	— ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	120½	120¼	120¼	— ⅛

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 11 6	Esperanza	1 10 3
Tomboy	0 15 0	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 4 3	Stratton's Ind.	0 2 3

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 23.—Prospect of an immediate acceptance of propositions made by the Blair interests to stockholders for a merger of the elevated companies was again influential on the local Exchange to-day. Metropolitan ran up to 71¼ for the preferred, and the common sold up fractionally. Commonwealth Edison was sympathetically strong, and in Can preferred and Diamond Match there were fair gains. Sears-Roebuck indicated the influence of the selling movement which set in at the time that the new issue of common was authorized. The shares fell back doggedly under a volume of offerings which came from holders of long standing. There were minor recessions in Swift's, Boxboard, and Can's junior issue. La Salle Street was informed that in addition to $30,000,000 notes of the Chicago Elevated Railways, organized to acquire all the elevated properties in Chicago, the company sold $16,000,000 6 per cent. cumulative preferred stock at par. The proceeds will provide for refunding $18,000,000 Northwestern Elevated first mortgage 4 per cent. bonds maturing in September, pay the floating debt of all companies, and provide ample working capital. In the financial district it is believed that the combination of elevated roads will ultimately lead to a general merger of all traction properties of Chicago.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,015	Am. Can	12¼	12	12¼
500	Am. Can pf.	88¾	88¼	88⅞
100	Chicago Telephone	122	122	122
60	Com. Edison	128⅜	128⅜	128⅜
756	Diamond Match	101	99⅞	101
180	McCrum-Howell	46¼	46	46¼
50	McCrum-Howell pf.	93⅜	93⅜	93⅜
725	Met. Elevated	25	25	25
700	Met. Elevated pf.	71¼	70¼	71¼
250	People's Gas	106⅛	105½	106⅛
500	Sears-Roebuck	140½	140½	140½
15	Sears-Roebuck pf.	120½	120½	120½
50	South Side Elevated	74¼	74¼	74¼
880	Swift & Co.	102	101⅞	101⅞
100	United Boxboard	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞

BONDS.

$15,000	Chicago Gas 5s	103	103	103
1,000	Chicago Rys. 4s, B.	87¼	87¼	87¼
15,000	Chicago Rys. 4s, B.	87	87	87
10,000	Com. Edison 5s	102	102	102
50,000	Northwest. Elev. 4s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday trading was quiet with commodities about unchanged, with the exception of tin, which showed strength at an improvement of ⅝c in the bid and about ⅝c in the asking price in sympathy with the sharp advance in the foreign markets.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Stand. Copper— Spot	11.85	12.00	11.85	12.00
May	11.85	12.00	11.85	12.00
June	11.85	12.00	11.85	12.00
July	11.85	12.00	11.85	12.00
Lead	4.40	4.50	4.40	4.50
Spelter	5.35	5.45	5.35	5.45
Tin	43.70	44.50	43.35	43.70

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday, quotations for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin are noted in the following table. These closing prices compare with Monday's final figures:

	Tuesday. £ s. d.	Monday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	55 0 0	54 17 6
Copper, futures	55 12 6	55 8 9
Pig tin, spot	208 0 0	190 0 0
Pig tin, futures	191 0 0	189 15 0

The market finished strong. Spanish pig lead was steady and unchanged at £18. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 46s 10½d. Spelter was steady at £24 10s.

Chartered 1836
Girard Trust Co.
PHILADELPHIA
Capital and Surplus $10,000,000
E. B. Morris, President

United States Mortgage & Trust Co.
New York
CAPITAL and SURPLUS $6,000,000.
Personal and Business Accounts Invited

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Co. of New York
80 BROADWAY Fifth Ave. & 28th St.
Capital & Surplus, $8,800,000
Allows Interest on Deposits

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY
113 BROADWAY

Central Trust Company of New York
54 WALL STREET
CAPITAL and SURPLUS $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
Fifth Ave. & 34th St. 66 Broadway.
Lenox Ave. & 125th St. Third Ave. & 149th St.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 23.—North Butte was again the feature on the local market in point of activity, over 5,000 shares changing hands, bringing the price up to 34¼. Calumet and Arizona was in good demand and sold up to 56½. Inspiration was also active at around 9. The market closed steady at the advance.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	92	91⅞	91⅞
16,000	Arizona Com'l 6s	91¾	91½	91½
2,000	C., G. & W. I. SS. 5s	72	72	72
5,000	C., R. & Q. joint 4s	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
2,000	Central Vt. 1st 4s	90½	90½	90½
6,000	C.J.R. & S. Y. 4s, 1940	90½	90¼	90½

RAILROADS.

54	Boston Elevated	128	127½	128
10	Boston Suburban pf.	75	75	75
262	Boston & Albany	221	220½	220½
20	Boston & Maine	105¼	105	105
11	Boston & Providence	295½	295½	295½
10	Fitchburg pf.	128	127¾	128
825	Mass. Electric	20¼	20	20¼
10	Mass. Electric pf.	89½	89	89½
19	N. Y., N. H. & H.	145	144½	144½
2	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub., 75 p. c. paid	143	143	143
6,727	Penn. rights	2⅝	2 3-16	2¼
120	Union Pacific	184¼	183¾	183¾
2	Vermont & Mass.	161	161	161
73	West End	91	90⅜	90⅜
26	West End pf.	103	103	103

TELEPHONES.

298	American	149	148¾	149
16	New England	146	146	146
75	Western	19	19	19
10	Western pf.	96	96	96

MISCELLANEOUS.

99	Am. Agri. Chem.	59	58⅝	59
20	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	103	103	103
75	A., G. & W. I. SS. pf.	22¼	22¼	22¼
44	Am. Pneu. Service	5¼	5	5¼
42	Am. Pneu. Serv. 2d pf	17	17	17
19	Am. Sugar Ref.	120½	120	120
23	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	119¾	119½	119½
62	Am. Woolen pf.	94	93½	93½
50	East Boston Land	10¼	10¼	10¼
150	Eastern SS.	91	91	91
120	Edison	287	287	287
217	General Electric	160¾	160¼	160½
186	Mass. Gas	91½	91	91½
1	Mass. Gas pf.	96	96	96
100	Pullman	162⅞	162½	162⅞
10	Reece Buttonhole	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜
2	Seattle Electric	100	100	100
232	Swift & Co.	102¼	102	102
15	Torrington, Class A	30½	30½	30½
846	United Fruit	188¾	188	188¾
527	United Shoe Machine	54	53½	53½
133	Un. Shoe Machine pf.	28½	28¼	28¼
8,060	U. S. Steel	80¾	79½	79⅝
66	U. S. Steel pf.	120	119½	119½

MINING.

110	Algomah	9	9	9
75	Allouez	31½	31½	31½
8,870	Amalgamated	68¼	67½	68¼
310	Arizona Com'l	17⅞	17⅝	17⅝
125	Atlantic	6	6	6
725	Boston Corbin	15	14¾	14⅞
505	Butte Coalition	20¼	19¾	20
20	Butte Balaklala	4 13-16	4 13-16	4 13-16
3,143	Calumet & Arizona	56½	53⅜	56½
310	Chino Copper	25	24¾	24¾
85	Copper Range	63¾	63	63¼
1,110	East Butte	13½	12¾	13
30	Franklin	10¾	10¾	10¾
145	Giroux	6 5-16	6 5-16	6 5-16
40	Granby	35	35	35
1,230	Greene-Cananea	7¼	7	7
195	Hancock	24½	24	24¼
10	Helvetia	1¾	1¾	1¾
71	Indiana	14⅝	14¼	14⅜
2,380	Inspiration Mining	9	8⅞	9
1,060	Island Creek	37	36	36
651	Island Creek pf.	89	88½	88
85	Isle Royale	16¾	16¼	16¼
820	Kerr Lake	6½	6½	6½
310	Keewenaw	2½	2¾	2¾
210	Lake	37⅝	37	37
100	Mason Valley Mines	9¼	9¼	9¼
255	Mass.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
50	Mayflower	17¼	17¼	17¼
200	Miami	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜
25	Mohawk	43	42½	42¾
185	Nevada	19¼	19¼	19¼
50	New Arcadian	4½	4½	4½
50	Nipissing	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
5,909	North Butte	34¼	33½	34¼
90	North Lake	8¼	8¼	8¼
210	Old Dominion	43½	43¼	42½
50	Parrot	13	13	13
30	Quincy	72	71½	71⅝
165	Ray Con.	18	17⅞	18
465	Santa Fe	1½	1¼	1½
45	Shannon	11½	11¼	11¼
15	Shattuck Arizona	19	19	19
10	St. Mary's Land	49½	49½	49½
1,360	Superior & Boston	6⅜	6	6
341	Superior Pittsburg	16	15	16
20	South Utah	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
25	Tamarack	37	37	37
100	Tuolumne Mining	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
220	Trinity	4½	4½	4½
72	U. S. Smelting	36	35⅞	36
98	U. S. Smelting pf.	47	46¾	46¾
50	Utah Apex	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
125	Utah Con.	16	15¾	16
45	Utah Copper	47	47	47
100	Union Copper Land	1	1	1
225	Winona	8¼	7¾	8¼
85	Wolverine	110	110	110

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 23.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.06	Justice	.10
Alpha Con.	.07	Mexican	4.80
Andes	.22	Occidental Con.	.65
Best & Belcher	.66	Ophir	2.37½
Bullion	.17	Overman	.38
Caledonia	.49	Savage	.34
Challenge Con.	.19	Sag Belcher	.17
Chollar	.23	Sierra Nevada	.51
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.37½	Union Con.	1.35
Con. Imperial	.05	Utah Con.	.13
Gould & Curry	.29	Yellow Jacket	.61
Hale & Norcross	.29		

Silver bars, 53⅝; Mexican dollars, 47½@50; drafts, sight, 1@1½ per cent. premium; telegraph, 2½@3 per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.

Belmont	6.15	C. O. D.	.08
Jim Butler	.25	Florence	1.42½
McNamara	.11	Goldfield Con.	5.02½
Midway	.20	Goldfield Kewanas	.05
Montana	.80	Goldfield Merger	.08
North Star	.14	Great Bend	.01
Tonopah Extension	1.00	Jumbo Extension	.27
West End	.50	Lone Star	.01
GOLDFIELD.		Red Hills	.01
Atlanta	.11	Sandstorm Kendal	.03
Blue Bell	.01	Silver Pick	.05
Booth	.07	BULLFROG.	
Combination Fract.	.07	Tramps Cons.	.02
		Nevada Hills	3.07½

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

MADISON TRUST COMPANY,
786 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.
To the Stockholders of Madison Trust Company:

The Board of Trustees of The Equitable Trust Company of New York and the Board of Directors of the Madison Trust Company having made and entered into an agreement under the respective corporate seals of said companies for the merger of said Madison Trust Company into The Equitable Trust Company of New York, and prescribing the terms and conditions thereof and the mode of carrying the same into effect, notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of Madison Trust Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 786 Fifth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, the 29th of May, 1911, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of considering and acting upon said agreement of merger entered into by the Directors of the Company with the Trustees of The Equitable Trust Company of New York pursuant to Section 36 of the Banking Law of the State of New York, which agreement will then be submitted to said stockholders for their consideration and approval; also to consider and act upon the proceedings of the Board of Directors of the Company taken at a meeting of the Board held on the 12th of May, 1911, concerning the agreement of merger and other matters relating thereto, and also the mode of carrying the same into effect, and also to consider and act upon any other matter or thing which may come before such stockholders for their consideration.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at the close of business on the 27th day of May, 1911.

New York, May 12th, 1911.

By order of the Board of Directors,
WATKINS CROCKETT, Vice President.
HERMAN J. COOK, Secretary.

THE NIAGARA FALLS POWER CO. Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of THE NIAGARA FALLS POWER COMPANY will be held in the offices of the company, in Power House No. 2, on Buffalo Avenue, in the city of Niagara Falls, N. Y., on Tuesday, the 6th day of June, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing thirteen Directors for the ensuing year, and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the following annual meeting, and of transacting any and all business that may come before the meeting, including considering and voting upon the approval and ratification of all contracts, acts, and proceedings by the Board of Directors and by the Executive Committee.

The polls will remain open one hour.

The stock transfer books will be closed Saturday, May 27, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, and will be reopened June 7, 1911, at 10 A. M.

All books of the company will be open to stockholders at the offices of the company until the day of election.

By order of the Board of Directors,
FREDERICK L. LOVELACE, Secretary.
Niagara Falls, N. Y., May 20, 1911.

New York, May 17, 1911.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of The American Union Telegraph Company will be held in Room No. 400, No. 195 Broadway, in the City of New York, N. Y., on Wednesday, May 31st, 1911, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

J. C. WILLEVER, Secretary.

L'ARALDO ITALIANO PUBL. CO.

The annual meeting will be held May 31st, 1 o'clock, at company's office, 243 Canal St., New York. R. ZUECCA, Sec'y.

DIVIDENDS.

NORFOLK & WESTERN RAILWAY CO.

The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of One and a Quarter Per Cent. upon the Common Stock of the Company, payable at the office of the Company, Arcade Building, Philadelphia, Pa., on and after June 19, 1911, to the Common Stockholders as registered at the close of business May 31, 1911.

E. H. ALDEN, Secretary.

PITTSBURGH STEEL COMPANY.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 15, 1911.

The Board of Directors have this date declared a quarterly dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable June 1, 1911, to stockholders of record at 3:00 o'clock P. M., May 26, 1911.

W. C. REITZ, Treasurer.

Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company,

New York, May 15th, 1911.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENTUM on the capital stock of this Company, payable July 1st, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Friday, June 9th, 1911.

J. H. BENNINGTON, Secretary.

CENTRAL LEATHER COMPANY,

17 Battery Place, New York, May 23d, 1911.

A dividend of $1.75 per share on its preferred stock has this day been declared by the Board of Directors of this Company, payable July 1st, 1911, to the stockholders of record June [illegible]

[illegible]

Travelers' Letters of Credit
PAYABLE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.
TRAVELERS' CHEQUES.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE.
CABLE TRANSFERS.
The Farmers' Loan & Trust Company,
16 to 22 William St. NEW YORK 475 Fifth Avenue.
LONDON: 15 Cockspur St. 28 Bishopsgate.
PARIS: 41 Boulevard Haussmann.

TO THE HOLDERS OF PURCHASE MONEY MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS of TILTON MILLS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Money Mortgage dated June 1, 1909, made by the undersigned to The New York Trust Company as Trustee, that the said Trustee has selected by lot for redemption at 105 per cent. and accrued interest, on June 1, 1911, at the office of The New York Trust Company, No. 26 Broad Street, in the City of New York, $2,000 face amount, of the bonds above described, being bonds numbered 83 and 97.

Interest on the said bonds will cease June 1, 1911.

TILTON MILLS.
GEORGE C. HINCKLEY, Treasurer.

NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS
Assets, $3,141,593.64
For FIFTEEN YEARS our shareholders have been receiving increasing dividends, and each year they have seen their shares increase in value. If this record interests you, write for particulars of our
CONVERTIBLE BONDS yielding 6.66%
CIRCULAR E.
METROPOLITAN DEPT.
NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS,
489 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK.

PROPOSALS.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, Washington, D. C., May 3, 1911. Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Purchasing Agent for this Department until 2 o'clock P. M., June 6, 1911, for furnishing jute or other twine suitable for tying packages of letters, paper tape, and ribbons for time recorders, plain and printed "facing slips" for use as labels on packages of letters, time cards for street letter boxes, rubber and metal stamps, dies, and type, malleable iron castings and rings, bronze metal and brass safety key chains, flat steel key rings, German silver badges for railway postal clerks, and stripe and steel cutters for issuing money orders, sides of leather, cotton canvas for repairing mail sacks, jute waste sacks, pyralin dials, paint for street letter boxes, letter carriers' tie straps and leather shoulder straps, and leather satchels for special delivery messengers, as may be required by the postal service during a term beginning July 1, 1911. Form blanks and proposals, with specifications and instructions to bidders, will be furnished upon application to the Purchasing Agent. FRANK H. HITCHCO

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Adams Express Company Buys 57 Broadway—Quick Resale to Builders of Lots in Pinkney Estate Block on Cathedral Parkway—National Cloak and Suit Company Adds to Seventh Avenue Holdings.

Three big deals involving important sales in lower Broadway, in the midtown loft zone, and in Harlem, all of which portend substantial improvements, gave a decidedly active tone to the realty market yesterday. The lower Broadway sale, the title to which was recorded yesterday, was that of the building at 57 Broadway on the northwest corner of Exchange Alley, which has been acquired by the Adams Express Company from William A. Pinkerton. As the express company owns the buildings to the north at 59 and 61 Broadway, both low structures, the general inference is that this valuable corner plot, which extends through to Trinity Place adjoining the Adams Express Company's property there, has been secured for an important building improvement in the near future.

The recorded transfers also revealed the fact that the National Cloak and Suit Company has added a large plot to its holdings on Seventh Avenue by acquiring the property from 210 to 224 West Twenty-fifth Street, one of the largest loft zone deals that has taken place in that vicinity for some time.

Of particular interest to builders and property owners in the lower Harlem section was the announcement that Lowenfeld & Prager had resold at a substantial profit a large plot fronting on Cathedral Parkway, (110th Street,) between Lenox and Fifth Avenues, which those real estate operators purchased a week ago at the sale of the Pinkney estate. The plot disposed of so advantageously has a frontage on the Parkway overlooking Central Park of 125 feet and a 100 feet deep. It is about in the middle of the block. The buyer is Adam Goodman, who will immediately erect on the site a high-grade elevator apartment house. The consideration was $125,000.

In connection with this resale of property ready for immediate improvement in one of the best situated blocks in Harlem it was learned that several other plots bought at the recent sale in the Vesey Street salesroom have already been disposed of at good advances to builders. Henry Morgenthau, jr., who bought the southeast corner of Lenox Avenue and 111th Street, has resold that plot to a building operator at an excellent profit, and it is understood that Heilner & Wolf, who bought several vacant lots on 111th Street, have resold some of their parcels. In addition to the plot sold by Lowenfeld & Prager it is understood that negotiations are under way for the purchase of other plots bought by them at the sale, including the big corner of Cathedral Parkway and Lenox Avenue.

The quick turning over of these lots indicates an energetic building movement in lower Harlem, which that section has been urgently in need of for some time. In the block to the west, overlooking the park, some good apartments were put up several years ago, but since that time there has been little high-grade building in the locality.

Adams Express Company a Buyer.

The purchase by the Adams Express Company from William A. Pinkerton of the 57 Broadway building is of interest as showing the steady demand for lower Broadway property. The property extends the entire length of Exchange Alley on the north, 203.2 feet, to Trinity Place, having a frontage there of 27.8 feet and a Broadway frontage of 27.8 feet. The consideration is said to have been in the neighborhood of $750,000. With the adjoining Broadway property the express company now has a frontage of 104.10 feet. Mr. Pinkerton acquired the plot he has just sold in 1896, and the building has been the headquarters of the Pinkerton detective agency for many years.

National Cloak Company's Purchase.

The National Cloak and Suit Company took title yesterday to a large plot on Twenty-fifth Street, just off Seventh Avenue, consisting of six old dwellings and two five-story flats at 210 to 224 West Twenty-fifth Street. The frontage of the plot is 125.3 feet, and it is 98.9 feet deep. By acquiring this plot the suit company squares its big block front holdings there, giving it a plot 250 feet on both Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Streets and 197.6 feet on Seventh Avenue, the entire block front. Title to the property just purchased has been taken in the name of the Franmor Realty Company, Solomon G. Rosenbaub, President, who is also President of the National Suit and Cloak Company. The purchase was made from William G. Karnes, George B. Everitt and the Seymore Realty Company, Seymour P. Kurzman, President. On the adjoining property at 204 to 208 West Twenty-fifth Street and the abutting property from 203 to 207 West Twenty-fourth Street two eleven-story loft buildings were erected a short time ago for the use of the suit company's business. No immediate plans have been made for the improvement of the Twenty-fifth Street parcel just acquired, but it will eventually be used for additional high-class loft structures.

Fifth Avenue Residence Sold.

Joseph P. Day has sold at private sale Mrs. Richard S. Dana's former residence at 1,045 Fifth Avenue, a four-story and basement brick and brownstone private dwelling, on lot 20 by 100, between Eighty-fifth and Eighty-sixth Streets. The property was to have been sold at auction on May 25.

Deals in "Penn Loft Zone."

M. & L. Hess have sold for the Realty Holding Company to Edward A. Quinn 214 West Thirty-seventh Street, a four-story and basement building, located 180 feet west of Seventh Avenue.

I. Haskell has sold for Hyman Shapira to a client of the office of S. A. Singerman 320 and 341 West Fortieth Street. The buyer is an investor.

Private Dwellings Sold.

Porter & Co. have sold to Hyman Schwartz, for occupancy, the three-story brownstone dwelling 121 West 131st Street, on a lot 18 by 100.

Mrs. Philip L. Crovate is reported to have sold 11 West Thirty-eighth Street, a four-story dwelling on lot 25 by 98.9. The seller also owns the ten-story loft building at 7. The price was said to be about $120,000.

The three-story dwelling at 806 West Nineteenth Street, on plot 22 by 70, has been sold by E. S. Foley of Furey & Co. for Martha Meyer to Margaret Delaney.

Buys Lenox Avenue Flats.

The three five-story apartment houses at 145, 147, and 149 Lenox Avenue, between 117th and 118th Streets, have been sold by Arnold, Byrne & Baumann for Israel Hoffman to Herman Bindseil. The houses occupy a plot 75 by 75 feet. They were purchased by Mr. Hoffman through the same brokers about two years ago. Mr. Bindseil will hold them as an investment.

Investor Buys on Park Avenue.

John Halloran has sold through Duff & Conger 887 Park Avenue, a five-story flat, on a lot 26 by 100, about 50 feet north of Seventy-eighth Street. The buyer is Marcus M. Marks, who purchased for investment.

Tenements Sold.

E. S. Foley of Furey & Co. has sold for Margaret Delaney 513 West Twenty-ninth Street, lot 25 by 98.9, a four-story and basement tenement to an investor. The property has been in the family for fifty years.

John M. Reid has sold for Frederick Vogel to William B. Tucker 322 East Thirty-third Street, a four-story double tenement with stores, on a twenty-five-foot front lot.

Bronx.

The northeast corner of Kingsbridge Road and Kingsbridge Terrace, a triangular plot 165 by 171, has been sold by Leroy Coventry to a client.

James A. Kearney has purchased from Moses Matzgar the dwelling 1,344 Bryant Avenue.

Ernst & Cahn have sold for Benjamin E. Fried to Katherine Hartung 3,143 Hull Avenue, a three-story dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100.

Susie E. Piser has sold through Julius Trattner and S. Schiff the three-story brick building 285 East 149th Street, on a lot 24.9 by 80. The buyer is an investor.

Brooklyn.

The Jerome Property Corporation has sold for Mary A. Boyd the four-story single brick and brownstone apartment house 133 Garfield Place, on a lot 22 by 116, to a client for investment.

The sale of the O'Berry estate in the Brownsville section of Williamsburg was the feature of the auction market in the Brooklyn salesroom on Montague Street yesterday. It was a partition sale, and most of the property was bought in for the heirs by H. F. Lawrence, attorney for the estate. The O'Berry homestead, a plot 72 feet on Broadway, 76 feet west of Linden Street, and 550 feet deep, running to Bushwick Avenue, containing nineteen and one-half lots, brought $160,000. For twenty lots in St. Mark's and Franklin Avenues and Prospect Place $50,000 was paid.

Another Long Island Farm Sold.

Earl C. Piper has sold to the Douglaston Realty Company two parcels, one of twenty-eight acres with a frontage of 1,237 feet, south side of Flushing and North Hempstead Turnpike, 200 feet east of Alley Road and 1,062 feet east side of Alley Road, and another of twenty-eight and one-quarter acres with a frontage of 2,176 feet west side of Alley Road, 736 feet north side of Citizens' Water Company's tract, and 760 feet south side of Flushing and North Hempstead Turnpike.

These were both formerly known as the Corry farm. The property will be cut up into building lots and developed by the buyers.

Suburban.

Katherine D. Sheehan has sold to the Co-operative Suburban Real Estate Exchange a parcel having a frontage of 50 feet on the east side of Bayside Boulevard, 300 feet north of First Place, Bayside, L. I.; four lots at Lawrence Manor, L. I., and a parcel having a frontage of 50 feet on the west side of Fourth Street, 150 feet south of Lamartine Avenue, Bayside, L. I.

Milton Mendel has bought from the American Silver Company the Plainfield Driving Park, in Plainfield, and plans to add it to his present property and develop the same. The property was formerly used for race meetings and county fairs.

H. D. Darlington has sold a tract of three acres on Whitestone Avenue, Flushing, L. I. The price is said to have been about $50,000.

Recent Buyers.

The Conservative Realty Company (Henry Rosenberg, President,) is the buyer of the plot, 81.6 by 150, at the southeast corner of Amsterdam Avenue and 120th Street, sold recently by the Charter Construction Company (Bing & Bing.)

West Side Loans.

Slawson & Hobbs have placed loans on the following properties: On Wesleyan dwellings, southwest corner of 147th Street and Broadway, $75,000; on 26 West Ninety-fifth Street, for Herman Kuhn, $20,000; on 343 West Seventy-first Street, for Alice Miller, $18,000; on 176 West Ninety-fourth Street, for John J. Campbell, $30,000; on the southwest corner of 170th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, $30,000; on 524 West 123d Street, $29,000; on 1,524 Amsterdam Avenue, for Myron S. Halff, $48,000; on 223 West Sixteenth Street, for Joseph Ansbacher, $25,500; also two loans for Andrew M. Boyd on property at 23-25 West Eighty-fourth Street.

812 Queens Buildings.

That the Queens Borough building boom is still growing is shown by the fact that plans have been filed since May 1 for 812 new buildings, to cost with plumbing $1,364,644.

Beck Estate Auction To-day.

Joseph P. Day will offer for the executors to-day in the salesroom the corner holdings of the estate of Frederick Beck. The properties include the southeast corner of Riverside Drive and Ninety-fourth Street, entire block Morningside Park East, between 119th and 120th Streets, and southeast corner Seventh Avenue and 120th Street.

Old Geographical Society for Offices.

Plans have been filed for making over the five-story office building of the American Geographical Society, at 15 and 17 West Eighty-first Street, into private offices, a private garage and dwelling for employes, at a cost of $5,750, for Archer M. Huntington, owner. Charles P. Huntington is the architect.

110th Street Summer Garden.

Plans have been filed for installing a one-story brick Summer garden on the south side of 110th Street, 100 feet west of Broadway, with a frontage of 35.11 feet and a depth of 117.2 feet, for Susan Mount, at a cost of $8,000. S. B. Eisendrath and B. Horwitz are the architects.

Notes.

William E. Baker negotiated the trade in which the Westbourne apartment and six lots on the southeast corner of Riverside Drive and 151st Street figured.

The Harlem Property Owners' Association will meet Thursday evening, May 25, at 147 East 125th Street.

The Little Sisters of the Poor are not the buyers of the northeast corner of 140th Street and Riverside Drive, as reported. The Hoguet estate, who sold the parcel, refused to name the buyer yesterday.

Samuel H. Martin has leased for William C. Orr, trustee for the Philbin estate, the four-story and basement dwelling at 141 West Ninety-seventh Street to Frederick James Cooper.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

St. Nicholas Av, 180 and 184, n e corner of 119th St, 118.5x158.2x100.11x96.3, two seven-story apartments and stores; foreclosure sale, to the defendant, E. H. Raynolds, $241,000.

Washington Av, 1,159 and 1,161, n w corner of 167th St, 50x90, five-story flat; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Bernard Rathkowsky, $46,850.

5th St, 435, n s, 125.3 ft w of Avenue A, 25.2x97, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Josephine Stein, $25,000.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Willow Av, s w corner of 137th St, 100x82.6, five two-story dwellings; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, L. B. Crane, $13,750.

By Samuel Marx.

East Broadway, 126, n s, 25.1 ft e of Pike St, 25.2x63.1x25.4x63.3, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Henry Fine, $28,805.

27th St, 454, s s, 100 ft e of 10th Av, 25x98.9, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, adjourned to May 31.

By Daniel Greenwald.

184th St, 509, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x99.11, five-story flat; Sheriff's sale; all right, title, &c., which company had on July 1, 1910, or since, adjourned to May 29.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Hudson St, 159, for an eight-story warehouse, 24.10x100; H. Getty, 359 West 26th St, owner; O. J. Pistor, architect; cost.....$30,000

100th St, s s, 100 ft w of Broadway, for a one-story Summer garden, 35.11x117.2; S. Mount, 137 East 34th St, owner; S. B. Eisendrath and B. Horwitz, architects; cost.....$8,000

Broadway, s w corner of Cathedral Parkway, for a two-story store and office building, 86.10x100; estate of Robert E. Westcott, 38 Wall St, owner; Townsend, Steinle & Haskell, architects; cost.....$55,000

96th St, s s, 117.7 ft e of Broadway, for a one-story brick store, 31.8x50; F. E. & W. F. Gillies, 220 West 83d St, owner; G. A. Fitting, architect; cost.....$4,000

Webster Av, n e corner of Wendover Av, for an open-air theatre, 47x82.6; L. N. Levy, 27 Pine St, owner; Abraham N. Harr, 524 East 135th St, lessee; L. Howard, architect; cost.....$300

Union Av, s e corner of Boston Road, for a one-story brick store, 67.8½x115.4¾; Harry Weaver, 2,817 3d Av, owner; Moore & Landseidel, architects; cost.....$25,000

Van Nest Av, s s, 26 ft e of Adams St, for two one-story frame sheds, 17.6x10 and 34.4x24.4; Mrs. C. Totaso, on premises, owner; B. Ebeling, architect; cost.....$1,000

White Plains Av, e s, 480 ft s of Gleason Point Road, for a one-story frame bowling alley, 20x60; George H. Dorr, New Rochelle, owner; Gustave Kilthau, architect; cost..$400

Barnes Av, n e corner of Bronxdale Av, for a one-story frame chicken house, 19.6x10; George L. Wagner, on premises, owner; Harry Nordheim, architect; cost.....$25

Independence Av, n w corner of 231st St, for a one-story brick garage, 11.4x19.4; Frank D. Wilson, Spuyten Duyvil, owner; Robert W. Gardner, architect; cost.....Not given

Arnow St, n s, 350.09 ft w of Eastern Boulevard, for a two-story brick dwelling, 20x55; F. A. and I. E. Stinson, 351 St. Nicholas Av, owners; Edgar K. Bourne, architect; cost.....$5,000

Bathgate Av, e s, 25 ft n of 181st St, for a four-story brick tenement, 24.10x75; Special Building Co., (Antonio Roscanio, 655 East 189th St, President,) owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, architect; cost.....$20,000

Hoffman St, w s, 235 ft s of Pelham Av, for three five-story brick tenements, 40.4x88; Pinnicle Realty Co., (Rudolph Simm, 599 West 140th St, President,) owner; Lorenz F. J. Weiher, architect; cost.....$150,000

Park Av, w s, 287.64 ft s of 187th St, for four five-story brick tenements, 67.8x88; Fremont Park Realty Co., (Frederick M. Miller, 1,692 Monroe Av, President,) owner; Charles S. Clark, architect; cost.....$120,000

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

9th St, 15 West, to a four-story dwelling; Dr. M. Frances Thornton, Greenwich, Conn., owner; J. H. Knubel, architect; cost.....$5,000

46th St, 233 West, to a three-story store and tenement; L. H. Hill, 22 West 25th St, owner; L. Leining, Jr., architect; cost.....$10,000

Madison Av, n w corner of 50th St, to a ten-story store and tenement; Regent Realty Co., 17 West 42d St, owner; Sommerfeld & Steckler, architects; cost.....$25,000

81st St, 15 and 17 West, to a five-story office building; A. M. Huntington, 1,083 Park Av, owner; C. P. Huntington, architect; cost.....$5,750

148th St, 371 and 373, to a three-story frame store and dwelling, 47x40; James O'Flaherty, 2,411 83d St, Brooklyn, owner; W. Mortensen, architect; cost.....$8,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, MAY 23.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

BROADWAY, n w corner of Exchange Alley, 28.6x203.2; William A. Pinkerton to William M. Barrett, as President of Adams Express Co., 59 Broadway, May 12; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $100

SAME PROPERTY; Anna E. Pinkerton, trustees, to same, May 12; attorney, same. $500,000

FORSYTH ST, 104, e s, 25x100; Harry Harris to Livad Company, 2,460 7th Av, May 22; attorney, J. S. Ripin, 132 Nassau St.....$1

GREEN AV, s s, 400 ft e of Maple Av, 25x100; Edward B. Tompkins to Richard W. Hill and another, 2,672 Marion Av, May 22; A. & H. Block, 150 Nassau St.....$100

HOUSTON ST, n s, 118 ft w of Avenue C, 22x63.9; 60th St, n s, 43 ft w of Lexington Av, 21x100.5; Fannie Moses to Max Moses, 150 Nassau St, 1-3 part, (mtg $12,000,) May 23.....$1

HULL AV, 3,145, n w s, 20x100; Benjamin E. Freed to Katherine Hartung, 3,078 Perry Av, May 1 (mtg $3,500); attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

JENNINGS ST, 759, n s, 40x134.5; Frances Schonfarber to Philip Krauss, 159 East 92d St, (mtg $58,300,) May 22; attorneys, Arnstein & L., 128 Broadway.....$100

JENNINGS ST, 765, n s, 40x133.4; Frances Schonfarber to J. F. Boss, 14 West 95th St, May 22, (mtg $27,000;) attorneys, A. & H. Block, 93 Nassau St.....$100

LENOX AV, s w corner 145th St, 79.10x100; William L. Katz to William T. McAvoy, 440 West 164th St, May 22; attorney, D. Neubenberger, 302 Broadway.....$10)

LOT 167, map of William F. Duncan at Williamsbridge; Pietro Cerra to Max L. Schallek, 145 West 111th St, May 9, all title, (mtg $1,000;) attorneys, Strasbourger, E. & S., 74 Broadway.....$1

LOTS 330 and 331, map of Van Nest Park; Bertha Reinschreiber and another to Charles Ringelstein, Jr., 847 East 222d St, May 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LOTS 143 and 144, map of Raymond Park; Emily Montgomery to Wellman Finance and Realty Co., 121 Westchester Square, May 22; attorney, R. H. Arnold, 120 Westchester Square.....$100

LOTS 88 and 89, map of 143 lots of Paul estate, Westchester; Sanford Simons to Theodore Prince, 140 West 70th St, May 16; address, ...$1

MADISON AV, 1,519, e s, 16.8x70; Ellis Bronine to Ida R. Bronine, 783 Beck St, March 11, (mtg $11,500;) attorney, Sidney F. Strongin, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.$100

MONROE ST, 22 and 24, s s, 49.5x104.5; Hamilton St, 27 and 29; Abraham Schwartz to Hannah Schwartz, 328 East 79th St, (mtg $48,000,) May 19; attorney, S. Vrabel, 95 7th St.....$100

MONTGOMERY ST, n e corner Cherry St, —; Montgomery St, 69, e s, 20x60; The State Bank to Fasconia Realty Company, 1,400 5th Av, (mtg $40,000,) May 19; Fasconia Realty Company, 1,400 5th Av.....$100

PROSPECT AV, w s, 50 ft s of Oakland Place, 25x100; David Blitzer to David Kraus, 246 West 129th St, April 15, (mtg $2,000;) address, 37 Liberty St.....$100

ROBBINS AV, w s, 376.11 ft s of Dater Av, 25x150.7; Royal E. T. Riggs, Referee, to Central Mortgage Co., 60 Wall St, (mtg $18,000,) May 22; attorneys, Otis & Otis, 60 Wall St.....$2,200

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 159.11 ft s of 172d St, 50x140.4; Margaret J. Beeker to the City of New York, May 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$15,000

3D AV, 255, s e s, 18x75; John Shipsey and another, executors, to Charles E. Colthup, 255 3d Av, May 23; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$14,500

13TH ST, 636, East, n s, 27x103.3; Abraham Schwartz to Hannah Schwartz, 328 East 79th St, (mtg $23,000,) May 19; attorney, S. Vrabel, 95 7th St.....$100

13TH ST, s s, 80 ft w of 1st Av, 16x63.7; Charles V. T. Foley and another, executors, to Lucille de L. Foley, 157 West 123d St, May 17, (mtg $1,575;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Charles V. T. Foley and others to George W. Acritelli, 867 87th St, Brooklyn, May 17; attorney, same.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Annie M. Raymond to same, may 17, quitclaim; attorney, same..$1

19TH ST, 306 West, 22x70; Martha Meyer to Margaret Delaney, 513 West 29th St, May 23, (mtg $14,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

25TH ST, 220 and 222 West, 31x98.9; William J. Karnes to George B. Everett, 325 East 239th St, April 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

25TH ST, 210 and 212 West, 31x98.9; Seymour Realty Co. to Franmor Realty Co., 207 West 24th St, Dec. 28, 1910; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

25TH ST, 214 to 224 West, 94.8x98.9; George B. Everitt to Franmor Realty Co., 207 West 24th St, May 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

29TH ST, 513 West, 25x98.9; Margaret Delancy to Martha Mayer, 70 Herkimer St., Brooklyn, May 23; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

54TH ST, E, 432 West, s s, 16.8x53.6; Ann Muldoon to C. N. Shuman Investing Co., 43 Exchange Place, May 16, (mtg $6,500;) attorney, Arthur O. Ernst, 170 Broadway.....$1

71ST ST, 318 West, s s, 18x100.5; Maida C. Van Buren to Lina P. Lowenstein, at Elberon, N. J., May 23, (mtg $16,000;) attorneys, Alexander, W. & P., 32 Nassau St.....$100

72D ST, n s, 20 ft w of Park Av, 20x102.2; John Wagner to Alister Greene, 65 East 72d St, May 23; attorney, Chalmers Wood, 52 William St.....$100

75TH ST, 237 to 239 East, 53.4x101.7; Giovanni Giordano, and others to Unicenzo Ferniciaro, 1,584 2d Av, May 22; attorneys, Polizzie & Co., 192 Broadway.....$705

76TH ST, 303 East, n s, 27x—; Samuel Bauer and wife to Samuel Bauer and wife, as tenants by entirety, 127 East 121st St, May 2; attorney, Morton Stein, 37 Liberty St.....$100

79TH ST, 328 East, n s, 18.9x102.2; Abraham Schwartz to Hannah Schwartz, 328 East 79th St, (mtg $12,000,) May 19; attorney, S. Vrabel, 95 7th St.....$100

111TH ST, n w corner of Park Av, 83x100.11; Michaelis H. Siegel and others to Samuel Friedman, 67 East 93d St, and another, May 12; attorneys, Arnstein, L. & P., 128 Broadway.....$1

115TH ST, 612 and 614 West, 50x100.11; Abraham Heyman to Carab Realty Co., 97 Warren St, May 18, (mtg $110,000;) attorneys, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St.....$100

127TH ST, 144 West, s s, 15.6x99.11; Henry Withington and others to Frank G. Bannister, 86 Fisher Av, White Plains, N. Y., (mtg $7,000,) May 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

145TH ST, 135 and 137 West, n s, 43.9x99.11; Adolph L. Pincoffs, referee, to Darrow Realty Company, foot of West 47th St, May 23, (mtg $54,040;) attorneys, Pressinger & N., 60 Wall St.....$1,000

150TH ST, e s, 200 ft e of Courtlandt Av, 50x100; Edgewater Realty Co. to N. Y. Telephone Co., 15 Dey St, (mtg $20,000,) May 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co.....$100

135TH ST, 307 East, n s, 25x100; Frank M. Hsler to Frederick Schad, 306 East 156th St, May 15, (mtg $5,500;) attorney, Charles A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St.....$100

159TH ST, 514 and 516 West, s s, 41.8x99.11; Irene M. Brobst to Judson Lawson, 362 Riverside Drive, (mtg $45,000,) May 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

237TH ST, s s, 45 ft e of Katonah Av, 29.1x100; Fairmount Realty Co. to James R. Hinkson, 320 East 136th St, May 22, (mtg $4,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

ACRITELLI, George W., to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; 13th St, s s, 80 ft e of 1st Av, 18.10x53.7, May 23, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$7,000

BAKER, James J., to Catharine Dunleavy, 1,504 Bryant Av; Longfellow St, w s, 125 ft s of 172d St, 25x100, May 22, prior mtg $5,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Salter & S., 140 Nassau St.....$1,000

BERGER, Louis, to Herbert S. Ogden, trustee, 250 West 88th St; White Plains Road, w s, 545 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x100, May 22, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, H. S. Ogden, 82 Beaver St.....$5,250

CAHN, Albert, to Sophie F. Senior, 10 West 126th St; 136th St, s s, 250 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 25x100, May 23, 5 years; attorneys, Arrowsmith & D., 261 Broadway.....$11,250

CLEMENTINE REALTY CO. to Germania Life Insurance Co., 50 Union Square; Claremont Av, s s, 475 ft n of 122d St, 150x—, May 22, due, &c., as per bond; attorneys, Roelker, Jr., 62 William St.....$225,000

CIROLLI, Andrea, to Union Trust Co., 80 Broadway; 1st Av, 2,229, w s, 25x—, May 23, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$14,000

CITIZEN'S INVESTING CO. to Dionisi Guardincerri, Chiavari, Italy; Mott St, 274 and 276, e s, 39.9x—, prior mtg $35,000, May 23, due, &c., as per bond; attorneys, Stoddard & Mark, 135 Broadway.....$10,500

COHN, Rosie, to Max Cohn, 215 East 115th St; 2d Av, w s, 25.6 ft n of 103d St, 25x78.10, May 22, demand; attorneys, Goldfogle, C. & L., 271 Broadway.....$3,000

COLTHUP, Charles E., to Maggie Schwalb, 379 Washington Av, Brooklyn, N. Y.; 3d Av, 255, s e s, 64 ft s w of 21st St, 18x75, May 23, 5 years; attorneys, Bailey & S., 135 Broadway.....$11,000

DOWD CONSTRUCTION CO. to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; 38th St, 262 to 266 West, 50x98.9, May 23, 5 years, 160 Broadway.....$56,000

FINELLI, Nicola, to Clausen-Flanagan Brewery, 441 West 25th St; w ½ of Lot 649, map of Wakefield, May 22, demand, 6 p. c.; 441 West 25th St.....$350

GEORGE KELLER CONSTRUCTION CO. to American Trust Co., 81 Nassau St; Prospect Av, e s, 289 ft s of 163th St, 75x182.10, May 19, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.....$120,000

GERMANO, Maria A., and Alfonso, to Frances W. Albano, 1,340 Wilkins Av; Arthur Av, w s, 89 ft s of 187th St, 25x114x25x114.8, prior mtg $9,000, May 20, 1 year; attorneys, Palmieri & W., 61 Park Row.....$5,000

GOULD, Lillie B., to Adolf Gluck, 244 Riverside Drive; 45th St, 527 West, 18.7x100.5, May 22, due Nov. 22, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. D. Levy, 290 Broadway.....$1,000

HELMS, August G., to Margaret Wheelehan, 126 West 95th St; 2d Av, 2,036 to 2,062, e s, 100.11x125, May 23, due, &c., as per bond; 126 West 95th St.....$1,000

HERBERT, Abram W., to Esther H. Eno, 1,047 Morris Av; Morris Av, w s, 100.8 ft n of 164th St, 24.6x115, prior mtg $7,000, May 23, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Charles Eno, 61 Park Row.....$3,000

HILL, Richard W., to Nellie J. Neviel, 2,777 Pond Place; Greene Av, s s, 400 ft e of Mapes Av, 25x100, May 22, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Richard W. Hill, 150 Nassau St.....$300

HINKSON, James R., to Fairmount Realty Co., Mount Vernon, N. Y.; 239th St, s s, 458.2 ft e of Katonah Av, 29.11x100, prior mtg $14,000, May 22, due June 1, 1920, 6 p. c.; attorney, L. Eickwort, Mount Vernon, N. Y.....$1,800

HOCHHEIMER, Emanuel, to Max Hirsch, 115 East 89th St; Madison Av, 1,311, e s, 20x74, prior mtg $22,000, May 22, due May 1, 1914; attorneys, Lachman & G., 35 Nassau St.$3,000

HOPPER, Isaac A., to Knickerbocker Trust Co., 60 Broadway; 107th St, s s, 225 ft w of Columbus Av, 100x100.11, May 18, 6 months, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Davies, S. & A., 32 Nassau St.....$15,000

KRAUS, David, to David Blitzer, 382 Van Sicklen Av, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Prospect Av, w s, 50 ft s of Oakland Place, 25x100, prior mtg $10,000, April 15, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, David Kraus, 37 Liberty St.....$1,000

LENAHAN, John S., to Ferdinand R. Minrath, 119 West 75th St; Amsterdam Av, 1,761, May 23, demand, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Hoadley, L. & J., 22 William St.....$60

MANGAN, James, to Theodore J. Chabot, 1,208 Washington Av; 139th St, n s, 181.6 ft e of Alexander Av, 25x100, May 23, due July 1, 1914; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$18,000

McAVOY, William T., to George Ehret, 1,197 Park Av; Lenox Av, n w corner of 145th St, 79.10x100, May 22, prior mtg $42,500, 1 year; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 120 Broadway.....$27,000

MEYER, Martha, to Margaret Delaney, 513 West 29th St; 29th St, 513 West, 20x98.9, May 23, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$13,250

M. KEMPF REALTY CO. to Abe Apt, 303 West 111th St; Cedar St, w s, 200 ft s of Chester Av, 25x100, May 22, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. G. Matthies, 475 Tremont Av.....$2,800

MULLIGAN, Catharine, to James Douglas, — West 237th St; Northern Terrace, s s, 275 ft w of Westchester Av, runs s 200 x e 128 x n e s n w —, May 19, prior mtg $6,200, 3 years; attorneys, Douglas & A., 280 Broadway.....$1,000

NELSON, Charles P., to Hugh Doon, 448 East 188th St; Hill Av, e s, 375 ft n of Randall Av, 37.8x100, May 23, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Robert B. Alling, 149 Broadway..$550

PATTERSON, Camella, to Bank for Savings, 280 4th Av; 127th St, 48 West, 25x99.11, May 23, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St.....$6,500

PECORARO, Nicola, to John Thomas, 233 East 115th St; 114th St, 306 East, 20x100.11, prior mtg $7,000, May 20, due Nov. 20, 1911, 6 p. c.; attorney, Morris Eder, 302 Broadway.....$500

RINGELSTEIN, Charles, Jr., to Rowena M. Southworth, 410 Riverside Drive; Lots 330 and 331, map of Van Nest Park, 2 mtgs, each $4,000, May 22, due as per bond; attorney, Frederick A. Southworth, 68 William St.....$8,000

SAME to Carrie Lilienstern, 70 East 86th St, and another; same property, 2 mtgs, each $750, 2 prior mtgs, $4,000, May 22, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, John B. Lilienstern, 135 Broadway.....$1,500

SCHOENHOLTZ, Morris, to Dora Davis, 185 East Houston St; Fulton Av, 1,392, e s, 50x211, May 22, due April 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; 185 East Houston St.....$4,000

SECURITY HOLDING CO. to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; 175th St, n e s, 78.4 ft s e of Crotona Parkway, 65x86.4x65x36.3, May 22, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$20,000

SECURITY HOLDING CO. to Selma Strauss, 29 West 104th St; Crotona Parkway, e s, at n e s of 178th St, 40.6x32x irregular, May 22, 5 years, 6½ p. c.; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$32,000

THOLE, Emily C., to John H. Austin, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; Spring St, 63 and 65, 48.5x77.10, prior mtg $50,000, May 22, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. C. Bragaw, 165 Broadway.....$10,000

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

CARROLL PLACE, s e s, 325 ft from the n e corner of Green Av, or Lane, being Lot 196, map of Section 23, St. Raymond Park, Dec. 24, 1901; James M. Davis to James N. Elliott, owner, 2,432 Dorsey St; Miles & Johnson, 11 Wall St.....$2,000

CHRYSTIE ST, w s, 75 ft s of Houston St, 50.2x100, April 10, 1888; Ann Maria, widow of George W. Edwards of Newton, Borough of Queens, and others, to the Bowery Savings Bank; owners, Lydia A. Carll, 469 Garfield Av, Richmond Hill, Borough of Queens; Maria A. West, Laurel Hill, Borough of Queens; Emma F. Edwards, Laurel Hill, and Ruth W. Stoothoff, Williston, L. I.; Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$20,000

CLAREMONT AV, e s, 75 ft n of 122d St, 150x100x irregular, April 18, 1911; City Holding Company to New York Investment and Improvement Co., a New Jersey corporation; owner, Clementine Realty Co., 61 Park Row; Clarence L. Westcott, 100 Broadway..$85,000

DYCKMAN ST, s s, 263.11 ft w of Boulevard Lafayette, 100x50, Sept. 28, 1901; Francis A. Thayer and Clara C. his wife, to Thomas Thacher, 11 East 45th St; owner, H. Cohen, 542 West 112th St; Reed, G. T. & B. 23 Broad St.....$6,000

HOE AV, w s, 37.8 ft s of Home St, 71.11x60x65x60, Aug. 15, 1906; Nathan Passman and Dora, his wife, owners, 1,177 Hoe Av, to Andrew [illegible]alton; Wolf & Kohn, 203 Broadway.....$8,000

LENOX AV, n w corner of 145th St, 79.10x100, May 16, 1906; William T. McAvoy, (and William L. Ratz,) owner, 440 West 164th St, to William T. McAvoy, as administrator of the estate of Mary A. McAvoy, deceased; Edward M. Burghard, 120 Broadway..$6,500

LONGFELLOW AV, 1,482, w s, 100x25, April 25, 1908; James J. Baker and Mary E. his wife, owners, on premises, to Antoinette Staab, 1,070 Jackson Av; Salter & S., 140 Nassau St.....$1,050

LONGFELLOW AV, w s, 125 ft s of 172d St, 100x25, Aug. 23, 1907; George J. Staab and Antoinette, his wife, owners, 1,489 Longfellow Av, to Simeon Nauheim, Far Rockaway; Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St.....$1,500

LOTS 26 and 27 and part of Lot 28, map of Country Club Land Association, 300x447.11x26.6x213.3x150x298, May 23, 1905; Emily A. Scott to Martha Willets, Harrison, N. Y.; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$12,000

LOTS 90 to 94, map of South Washingtonville, Sept. 16, 1907; John Novak to Lewis B. Halsey, North Patter

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"	9,250	"	"	10,150
"	10,250	"	"	11,300
"	12,000	"	"	13,250
"	12,000	"	"	13,750

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GREAT HOUSE BARGAIN

$5,950 BUYS AN $8,300 HOUSE.

A beautiful new home, built by "day's work"; gas, electricity, running water; parquet floors; beamed ceiling; large wardrobe; many special features; a large plot on an attractive avenue, in private residence park; fine surroundings; twenty-four minutes to Herald Square or Battery on the Pennsylvania Tunnel line; near depot; very easy terms and small deposit, or will rent with privilege of buying and apply rent payments on purchase. Call, write, or 'phone, T. I. McNEECE, 150 Nassau St. 'Phone 4070 BEEKMAN.

GREAT SUBURBAN BARGAIN.

$300 down and $39 per month buys fine new home, seven finished, light rooms and large attic. Parquet floors, all improvements; select restricted neighborhood Queens, on main line of L. I. R. R., within city limits; 30 minutes from Manhattan. Churches, stores, schools near by. Write at once, P. P. EDSON, 150 Nassau St., N. Y., or telephone 4071 Beekman.

BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS

and 15-room house, 3 baths, entirely furnished; parquet floors, stable, carriage, &c.; hot house, beautiful flowers; bowling alley, billiard table, &c.; 50 fruit trees, all kinds of vegetables now growing, 80 chickens; 2 docks from Islip station, 1 hour from New York; 13 acres, all cultivated. I will sacrifice $26,000. Phone or call for interview. D. J. MENDELSON, Owner, 149 Broadway. Phone 1571 Cortlandt.

BUY Suburban Homes RENT

Semi-bungalows and cottages for sale or rent at Queens, L. I.; 28 minutes from Broadway, 3 minutes from station; restricted; city improvements. Small amount cash, easy terms.

QUEENS-COURT REALTY CO., 200 Broadway, New York City.

NEAR NEW YORK CITY.

Acreage and a number of fine suburban and country places advertised for sale or to lease in TOWN & COUNTRY, the national weekly real estate medium. What sort of a place do you want? Describe it to us and we will send you a sample copy, containing a description of a place which may meet your requirements.

TOWN & COUNTRY HOMELAND BUREAU, 389 Fifth Av. Telephone 3627-'28-'29 Madison Sq.

BIGGEST BARGAIN ON NORTH SHORE for $13,500; $1,000 down, balance same as rent. New house; hollow tile, fireproof construction; on ¾-acre plot; hardwood finish; 11 large rooms, 3 baths; only 30 minutes from New York; in most attractive section, on north shore of Long Island; near station; must sell quick. Address Action, Room 10,075, Metropolitan Building. 'Phone 3267 Gramercy.

TO SEE

NEPONSIT,

"Seaside Homes in New York City,"

apply for transportation to NEPONSIT REALTY COMPANY, 1 West 34th Street, New York. Telephone 2741 Murray Hill.

Fertile farm of 200 acres, 165 acres cultivable, Colonial house, 8 rooms, enormous barns, just outside pretty village, near Norwich, Conn.; MILE RIVER FRONT. Owner incapacitated, we offer this exceptional farm for $3,500 cash. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

Delightful house (and stable) beautifully situated on Huntington Bay; fully furnished; modern improvements; electricity in house and stable; fine salt bathing; to rent from Aug. 1 for three months; $500. F. D. Halesite, P. O. Suffolk County, L. I.

$5 monthly buys quarter acre near shore and railroad depot; fifty minutes from heart of city; 12c commutation; plans ready for low-priced cottage and agreement to build immediately on small payment. A. B. 100 Times Downtown.

TO SMALL INVESTORS.

Several one-acre plots, suitable for bungalow sites; small cottages, lots, and plots; also cottage for rent; easy distance from City Hall. Hirsm, 450 Times.

NEED $500 CASH AT ONCE.

Must dispose of my beautiful 8-room improved cottage; near depot and Long Island Sound; 25 minutes from Herald Square; balance to suit. Address OWNER, B 5 Times.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

We Invite

you to visit BELLEROSE, a private park on Long Island, only 23 minutes from Broadway, electrified service. Modern seven to ten room houses, all conveniences, with large plot of well laid out ground; $6,000 to $11,000. Building plots, ideal for country home, $1,200 up. Be our guest. United Holding Co., Marbridge Bldg., N. Y.

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TO LEASE AND SELL

S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.,

542 5TH AV., TEL. 5610—BRYANT.

Can show you all the desirable properties on Long Island and Westchester.

FOR RENT—Large Colonial house, with all modern improvements; large rooms; high ceilings; beautiful grounds; near station and trolley; on the road to Far Rockaway; owners renovated house for their own use, but on account of different business arrangements which compel them to be out of town, cannot now move in; the house can be rented for $40; is easily worth $100 per month. S 4 Times.

For Sale.—Beautiful Summer cottage at Sea Cliff, L. I., completely furnished; bath, electric lights; modern in every respect. For particulars address Charles K. Beidenkopf, care of Dry Goods Economist, 239 West 39th St.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

Norwalk, Conn. on Newtown Av.—BARGAIN—

Splendid house, 9 rooms and bath.

6 ACRES—GOOD BARN

Chicken house, orchard, berries & other fruits.

Price $6,000—Easy Terms.

Bishop & Rockwell, Tel. 1091

Call or address 178 Atlantic St., **Stamford, Conn.**

DELIGHTFUL CAPE COD

Wychmere Seashore Cottages rented, completely furnished, bathrooms, all comforts, $300 up; safe beach; abundant supplies; booklet. Box 55, South Harwich, Mass.

Beautiful country place; elevation 900 feet; 90 acres; large brick house; good neighborhood; spring water; fruit; near station; city 3 hours; $3,000, $2,000 cash. Wentworth, Winsted, Conn.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

A QUICK SALE OF CITY REAL ESTATE ASSURED BY LISTING YOUR PROPERTY WITH US.

M. G. Babcock Co.

Private Sales Dept., 9 East 42d St., N. Y.

A club wants to buy for cash a country place, bordering on water, within two hours of New York City. G 203 Times Downtown.

BUNGALOW wanted within commuting distance; cheap and near bathing. G 246 Times Downtown.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Summer Cottages

Fisher's Island, N. Y.

Off New London, Ct.

Sound and ocean boating, bathing, fine roads; golf course, tennis courts; all outdoor sports; very accessible; cottages nicely furnished; modern conveniences; meals at Manalon House if desired; housekeeping and non-housekeeping.

Booklet. A most desirable place to spend the Summer. WM. F. INGOLD, MGR., Hotel Arlington, 18 West 25th St., New York.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

A modern cottage of 8 rooms with all improvements; magnificent view of Long Island Sound; in the exclusive town of Greenwich, Conn.; 3 minutes from station, 45 minutes from Grand Central; for sale or rent. Bargain. E. A. L., 1,730 Broadway, New York.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

A.—A.—Cathedral Plaza,

Cathedral Parkway, 110th-109th Sts., Columbus Av. HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS; JUST COMPLETED. ELEGANTLY FURNISHED, 2 AND 3 ROOMS, 2 AND 3 ROOMS, bath and kitchenette; maid service if desired. FURNISHED, MONTHLY, $45 up; WEEKLY, $10 up. UNFURNISHED, $30 TO $55. RESTAURANT IN BUILDING. OPEN EVENINGS. TEL. 3970—RIVERSIDE.

THE EARLE, 103 Waverley Place.—To sublet, an elegantly furnished parlor, bedroom and bath Apartment, at $25 per week, with meals for one, or $32 per week, with meals for two.

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For Sale at Hollywood Park—Hollywood Lake, West End, N. J.

New tapestry brick and concrete houses—open fireplaces—just leaving the builder's hands; also two frame cottages, parklike grounds, best of neighbors, the late John A. McCall and Guggenheim mansions in the immediate section. Land and cottages situated directly south of Hollywood Lake—Hoey, Overlook, Woodgate and Highland Avenues. Finest location on Jersey Coast. Rising ground. No mosquitos. Liberal terms. Prices of houses on application.

APPLY TO YOUR OWN BROKER OR TO JOSEPH P. DAY, 31 Nassau St., New York.

HOLLYWOOD PARK—D. W. HEATH, Agent, Brighton Ave. at R. R. Crossing, West End, N. J.

B. W. ROWE, 71 Broadway, New York.

PLAINFIELD PARK

The last accessible, restricted tract in Plainfield will be opened to the public next *Saturday afternoon, May 27th.* Handsome residences at $6,000 and upwards (under construction) and choice improved plots will be offered at very liberal prices and upon easy terms. Our special guest train of parlor coaches leaves Jersey City (Central Railroad Station), *Saturday at 2:11 P.M.;* Liberty St. Ferry, 1:30 and 2 P. M.; 23d St., 1:20 and 1:50 P. M. Call, write or phone for transportation and beautifully illustrated booklet describing Plainfield.

Plainfield Park Associates

1123 Broadway, New York. Phone 2056 Madison Square. P. S. BROWER, Sales Mgr.

FOR SALE OR RENT, FURNISHED, ON THE FAMOUS

RUMSON ROAD

The estate of the late Theodore Moss, consisting of 12 acres, having a frontage of 550 feet on the Rumson Road and extending to and having about the same frontage on the Shrewsbury River; the improvements consist of a large, fine residence, designed by Bruce Price; stables and outbuildings, extensive lawns, shade trees, &c.; the entire property is in the highest state of cultivation; the location is the choicest, being about one mile from Seabright, near the Tennis and Cricket Club, and about 2 miles from the new Rumson Country Club. For terms and further particulars apply to

D. B. KEELER, JR.,

10 Wall St., New York.

WEEQUAHIC PARK TRACT,

NEWARK, N. J.

BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED PLOTS for sale; all restricted. Title guaranteed by Fidelity Trust.

Take Pennsylvania, Central, or Lackawanna trains to Newark and Mt. Pleasant cars to property.

Maps and further particulars,

FRANK J. BOCK, General Manager, Firemen's Building, Broad and Market Sts., Newark, N. J.

BUNGALOW FARM, $99

10,000 square feet of land, $10 down, $3 monthly. Boating, bathing, fishing. Fare 14 cents. Title guaranteed. 52 minutes from Broadway. Shade trees, beautiful scenery. Four-room bungalows $205. Write, call, or 'phone 6371 Barclay. C. Nichols, 238 Broadway, Opp. City Hall.

FARM, HOUSE AND BARN.

Seven-room house, bathroom, 2 porches, big barn, chicken house, and four and one-half acres of land; 52 minutes from Broadway, N. Y., Lackawanna Railroad; fare 14 cents; stores, schools, churches near; price, $2,800; $800 cash; balance, $20 monthly; call, write. Telephone 3359 Madison Square. A. Beckley, 1,265 Broadway, near 32d St.

SEA SHORE COTTAGE, $4,000

10 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS.

New semi-bungalow being built on plot 50x150, 3 minutes from ocean bathing beach and 7 from station; 1½ hours from New York; finest location on Jersey coast; sewer, water, electric lighting, &c.; terms arranged; plans here. H. A. ROUNDS, 115 Broadway, N. Y.

BUNGALOW RIVER FRONT FARMS

$89 AN IDEAL PLACE. 8,500 Sq. Ft. Near Station. 37 Minutes to City. Fare 15c. Easy Terms. ROCK, 41 PARK ROW.

This Bungalow, $275.

FARM ONLY $95

20,000 square feet. Rich soil; 100 peach trees with each acre. Fare 15c., $9 down, $3 monthly. Address Mountain View, 75 Times Downtown.

Must sell country home in Northern N. J.; house 17 rooms; fine outhouses; 28 acres cultivated land; all kinds of fruits, fine water; one hour out; make fine country club or boarding house; property opposite beautiful lake; also fine building plots; sell reasonable; easy terms. Owner K., Box 328 Pearl River, N. Y.

BUILDING PLOTS with superb views, near station, main line Erie, 52 daily trains; New York in 50 mins.; every modern convenience; plots 75x200; fine old trees; $1,200 per plot; send for illustrated booklet. HOHOKUS REAL ESTATE COMPANY, Hohokus, N. J.

To let for the season or term of years, cottage on south bank of North Shrewsbury River, near Oceanic, N. J., containing 5 bedrooms, 2 baths, besides servants' rooms, &c.; exceptionally beautiful situation; extensive grounds, garden; good boating. Address R. Noel Hammond, 80 Broadway, New York City. Tel. 55 Rector.

WESTFIELD.—Choicest plot; 475 feet frontage, two streets; high elevation; beautiful extended view; superb for fine home; bargain at $5,500; easy terms; double money three years. Homesite, Box 306 Times Downtown.

RIVERSIDE FARM $95

Bungalow Colony, 82 minutes out. Fare 18c.; high, dry, and level. Boating, bathing, and fishing. Address Lackawanna, 63 Times Downtown.

FOR BUNGALOWS AT LEONIA

write, phone, or call LEONIA HEIGHTS LAND CO., Broadway and 34th St., Marbridge Building. Phone 380 Murray Hill.

At Long Branch.—An 18-room boarding house, also 10-room house, near Ocean, in best section; completely furnished; price moderate; near North Bath Av. D. Souzo, 278 1st Av., Long Branch, N. J.

Long Branch, N. J.—Furnished cottage, 12 rooms, three baths; garage; Ocean Av. at Sea View Av.; rent $1,000; another, 15 rooms, $800; brokers protected. T. B. Robertson, 1,123 Broadway, New York.

ACREAGE, FARMS, HOMES, ESTATES, ALL PRICES, SALE OR EXCHANGE. A. G. NELSON, Manager New Jersey Dept. GEORGE B. CORSA, 198 Broadway, N. Y.

Bargain.—40 and 68 acres; hour out, Lackawanna Road; act quickly. Brokaw, 100 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

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Rent Free to October 1st.

CLARENDON, Riverside Drive, 86th. Ninth corner apartment, 11 rooms, 4 baths. Own broker, or HUBERTH & GABEL, 147 4th Av.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

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Five and Seven Rooms and Bath

New up-to-date Apartments

Steam heated, very light and attractive. Rents low, 10 minutes from Van Cortlandt Park Subway Station.

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Sub-lease attractive large apartments, 5 & 6 rooms and bath. All-night elevator service. Electric light, telephone.

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References; leases. Superintendent on premises. WILLIAM HENRY POLLOCK, 287 Broadway. Telephone 5139 Gramercy.

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ON-HUDSON

ON THE PALISADES

Opposite Riverside Drive at 79th St.

BUILDING LOTS AND NEW HOUSES FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS

FULLY IMPROVED, with gas and electric light, good water from high service and a perfect sewerage system, sidewalks, curbs, &c.

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Or TEN MINUTES from West Shore, 42d or Franklin St. Ferry by trolley. Write for illustrated booklet, map, &c.

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213 Union St., Union Hill, N. J. Sales Manager at Office on Property, AT WOODCLIFF, NEW JERSEY.

Farm tract 5½ acres, suitable for poultry, fruit, garden; no buildings; near station; hour out on Lackawanna; commutation 14 cents; $200 per acre. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

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MORTON BUILDING

116 NASSAU STREET

Single Offices $250 Per Annum and up

Extra Fine Light Space of 1,200 Feet $2,000 Per Annum

Absolutely fireproof building. Every modern convenience, including vacuum cleaning. Surface cars. Subway and "L" Stations all within a few steps.

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New eight-story fireproof, 50x100; the strongest building in New York. Rent reasonable. Entire or separately. L. T. ALTON, 111 Broadway.

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Four-story building, cor. 19th St. and Av. B; windows both sts.; 46x107; electric elevator; also adjoining 3-story building, 46x95.6 ft.; also adjoining 4½ vacant lots. Apply JOHN U. BROOKMAN, owner, 88 Wall St.

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SMALL AND LARGE LIGHT OFFICES, $20 to $50.

Harris & Vaughan, Agts., 1,416 Broadway.

To Sublet, Furnished.—Splendid mahogany furnished office, including Remington machine, filing cabinets, &c., in the Night and Day Bank Building, corner 44th Street and Fifth Av. Will sublet furnished for one year or shorter term at sacrifice. W. B. Walker, Thermos Bldg., 243 West 17th St.

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148 EAST 57th STREET

PART OF LIGHT LOFT FOR LIGHT MANUFACTURING, OFFICES, &c.

2d Av., 823, (s. w. corner 44th St.)—Large corner store to lease; occupied by grocer 25 years; will alter to suit; rent $100. Rosenstock, 140 Nassau St.

28th St., cor. 1st Av.—Two lofts, 100x100; light on four sides; steam power; large elevator; all improvements. Apply on premises.

Office—Light and airy, in Hartford Building, 41 Union Square, to sublet, either in part or whole. Apply Room No. 717.

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287 Bowery.—Light loft, 25x90; $42.50. CYRILLE CARREAU, Agent, 796 6th Av. 45th.

Absolutely desirable studio, 21x80, to sublet; art or business. Studio, M 150 Times.

Bronx.

Left to lease in fireproof building, suitable for light manufacturing, 2,804 Third Av., Dollar Savings Bank Bldg.; 1,500 square feet to each floor; one block from 149th St. Subway and L stations. Apply E. J. BUSHER, Agent, 375 East 149th St.

Westchester County.

DOUBLE STORE 27 x 29

in the best location, suitable for any business or light manufacturing. With or without rooms. Whole building, with seven rooms, if required. Apply A. DARNER, Sherwood Park, Yonkers.

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To-day, Architectural and Engineering Students' Day. Selected Programme.

Thursday, "City Planning and Municipal Improvement." Under auspices of Municipal Art Society.

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Fire Escapes, Railings, Braces

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THE ACOUSTICON is now being successfully operated in over 400 Churches throughout the country. It enables people who are hard of hearing to distinguish every word of Sermons and Prayers, even in the rear pews of the Church. This feature has added greatly to the attractiveness of these Churches for deaf people and their friends—they are showing it in their attendance and patronage. Is also made for personal use and may be tested before it is purchased.

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THE DICTOGRAPH is the Instrument used by Detective Burns in recent famous cases to get evidence, etc. The daily papers have covered this fully in the past two weeks. It also saves a vast amount of time to the busiest man in the modern office, bank, or institution. He may dictate letters to his stenographer in the next room, or consult with a department-head four floors away, and not stand or sit within 10 feet of the instrument. Or issue orders to his entire corps of managers at once, without leaving his chair.

For particulars, booklets, etc., regarding any of the above devices, address THE GENERAL ACOUSTIC CO., K. M. Turner, President. 1265 Broadway, New York City, or Jamaica, New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of HOUSE OF DAVID, Bankrupt.

Take notice that pursuant to an order duly entered in this court on the 15th day of May, 1911, the undersigned, the receiver of the estate of the said bankrupt, offers for sale the property described below, and will receive sealed bids therefor at the office of his attorneys, Messrs. Yankauer & Davidson, No. 261 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the 24th day of May, 1911, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the said bids will be opened by the receiver and creditors may attend and pass upon the bids. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for ten per cent. of the amount thereof, the balance of the purchase price to be paid to the receiver within two days. The receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids, and the sale will be made subject to the approval of the court. The property to be sold consists of all the right, title, and interest of the receiver in and to the furniture, furnishings, and equipment of a restaurant and cafe conducted by the bankrupt and located at 135 Maiden Lane, Borough of Manhattan, including tables, chairs, mirrors, bar, back bar, ice boxes, ranges, crockery, glasswars, kitchen utensils, silverware, and all chattels therein belonging or thereto pertaining, together with the stock of supplies, consisting of meats, groceries, liquors, and cigars; also the unexpired term of the lease of said premises and the good will of the business.

Dated New York, May 15th, 1911.

JOHN L. LYTTLE, Receiver, 45 Cedar Street, New York, N. Y.

YANKAUER & DAVIDSON, Attorneys for Receiver, 261 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of CARL SOTSCHECK COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the trustee herein will sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder on Monday, the 5th day of June, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., at No. 732 Lexington Av., Borough of Manhattan, New York City, by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, assets of the bankrupt above named, consisting of stock (chairs, upholsteries, and office furniture) and fixtures. Terms of sale, cash. Right reserved to reject any or all bids.

Dated New York, May 23d, 1911.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

WILLIAM O. ROGERS, JR., Trustee; CRISP, RANDALL & CRISP, Attorneys for Trustee, 80 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LESERMAN MANUFACTURING CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, May 24, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 829-831 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of moldings, glass, framed pictures, sheet pictures, frames, advertising frames, machinery for the manufacture of frames, safe, desk, typewriter and desk, partitions, office furniture, and an up-to-date factory for the manufacture of picture frames.

HARRY OSTERMAN, Receiver. SAMUEL S. BRESLIN, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FRED A. RODGERS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, May 25, 1911, by order of the court, at 2:30 P. M., at 2,894 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of stationery, blank books, fountain pens, pencil drafting instruments, books, counters, shelving, fixtures, cash register, and furniture, &c.

ARTHUR J. COHEN, Receiver. SAMUEL C. STEINHARDT, Attorney for Receiver, 80 Church St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MARIO V. ADAMO, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, May 24, 1911, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 461 6th Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cigars, cigarettes, tobacco, fixtures, showcases, cash register, &c.

CLIFFORD G. LUDVIGH, Receiver. CARELL & HENKEL, Attorneys for Receiver, 64 William St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALBERT GREEN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, May 24, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 886 Grand St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of trimmed hats, millinery, millinery supplies, safe, fixtures, &c.

JOHN GRUENBERG, Receiver. H. & J. J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 15,078.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES E. BURNS, bankrupt.

To the creditors of Charles E. Burns of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1911, the said Charles E. Burns was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 7th day of June, A. D. 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, May 22, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FRED A. RODGERS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, May 25, 1911, by order of the court, at 2:30 P. M., at 2,894 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of stationery, blank books, fountain pens, pencil drafting instruments, books, counters, shelving, fixtures, cash register, and furniture, &c.

ARTHUR J. COHEN, Receiver. SAMUEL C. STEINHARDT, Attorney for Receiver, 80 Church St., New York.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of WILLIAM PARSONS and CHARLES H. PARSONS, copartners, &c., alleged bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 14,991.

Notice is hereby given that the sale of the assets and effects of the said alleged bankrupts, heretofore set for the 24th day of May, 1911, is adjourned to the 31st day of May, 1911, at which time Charles Shongood, auctioneer, will sell at public auction on the premises, 274 East 133d Street, Borough of Bronx, City of New York, the assets and effects of the said alleged bankrupts at 10:30 A. M.

Dated New York City, May 22, 1911.

PHILIP BRAUN, Receiver.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 14,980.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS GREENBERG and HARRY GREENBERG, trading as L. GREENBERG & SONS, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Louis Greenberg and Harry Greenberg, trading as L. Greenberg & Sons, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1911, the said Louis Greenberg and Harry Greenberg were duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Stanley W. Dexter, referee in bankruptcy, No. 71 Broadway, (Room 1,510,) City and County of New York on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated May 22d, 1911.

NO. 14,845.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NATHAN BERKOWITZ, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Nathan Berkowitz of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1911, the said Nathan Berkowitz was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, No. 50 Church St., Hudson Terminal Buildings, City and County of New York, on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1911, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated May 23, 1911.

NO. 14,818.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SIMON SCHNEIDER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Simon Schneider of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1911, the said Simon Schneider was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, No. 50 Church St., Hudson Terminal Buildings, City and County of New York, on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1911, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 23, 1911.

NO. 14,786.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of F. & H. LEVY MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of F. & H. Levy Manufacturing Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1911, the said F. & H. Levy Manufacturing Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1911, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH, Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 23, 1911.

NO. 14,847.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Lawn Mowers Are Held to be Similar to Harvesting Mowers.

The importation into this country of lawn mowers from England is likely to be given added impetus under the present tariff by a decision handed down yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers. The decision holds that lawn mowers are more aptly described as "mowers" under Paragraph 476 of the tariff act of 1909 than as "manufactured articles" of metal not specially provided for under Paragraph 199. It is held by the board that the term "mowers" is used in the act to designate the implement used by gardeners as well as the large machine used by grain harvesters.

The result of this view of the law is to grant free entry to lawn mowers imported from England. The Government's contention was for duty at the rate of 45 per cent. C. H. Langley and Patterson, Wylde & Co., the importers, alleged free entry for the machines by virtue of the proviso to Paragraph 476, which exempts from duty mowers when imported from any country imposing no tax or duty on like articles imported from the United States.

Counsel for the Government insisted at the hearing that the provisions of Paragraph 476 apply only to articles in the nature of agricultural implements, and that as the articles before the board are used by gardeners on lawns or greens and not in husbandry, they are to be excluded from Paragraph 476, not being of the character of the machines as therein provided. It was not disputed that the mowers in controversy are of English origin, and that England, the country from which they are imported, imposes no tax or duty on such mowers from this country.

General Appraiser Fischer, who writes the decision for the board, says that the only question that must be decided is whether the term "mowers" is used to designate the smallest kind of a mower used by gardeners, as well as the large machine used by grain harvesters for cutting grain or clover. The General Appraiser reaches the conclusion that both varieties are known as "mowers" and are such in common parlance. After quoting the dictionaries, the decision says:

"It would appear therefore if only such mowers as are agricultural implements are included within the meaning of the term mowers as used in Paragraph 476, the lawn mower would still be within that class, according to the lexicographical meaning of the term as quoted. But we believe that the question goes beyond this, and that the provision reading 'mowers' without words of limitation includes all kinds of mowers, whether for use on the farm, garden, or lawn. The protests are accordingly sustained."

A decision was made by the board adverse to the claims of Alexander Murphy & Co. asking for the free entry of platinum caps used at the end of a jet on spinning machines in the process of manufacturing artificial silk yarn. Duty was levied as manufactured articles of platinum at 45 per cent., whereas the importers claimed free entry as platinum apparatus for chemical uses. The caps being used for manufacturing purposes are held not to be apparatus in the sense contemplated by the law.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

FRANK J. PFISTER.—Frank J. Pfister, a bookbinder at 141 East Twenty-fifth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,512, and no assets.

MOSES KRAMER.—Moses Kramer, also known as Morris M. Kramer, 156 East 180th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $3,276 and no assets.

HYMAN MARKUM.—Hyman Markum, a manufacturer of infants' cloaks at 110 Greene Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $6,840 and assets of $2,550.

JACOBS & CO.—Jacobs & Co., manufacturers of paper boxes at 145 Mulberry Street, have filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $3,064, consisting of unsecured claims and assets of $700.

LEO, RAUL.—Leo Raul, farmerly a partner in the firm of Raul & Knauer, 1 Park Place, which firm was dissolved in April, 1910, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,185, unsecured, and no assets.

WILLIAM THODE.—William Thode, a grocer's clerk at 20 Bethune Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $3,785 and assets of $2,100, consisting of real estate, $1,000, and bills, promissory notes, &c., $1,100.

MANHATTAN OIL COMPANY.—The Manhattan Oil Company, manufacturer of lubricating oil at 51 Front Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $12,169, of which $11,825 are unsecured. Assets are $5,814.

GERMAN-AMERICAN ELECTRIC COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the German-American Electric Company, manufacturer of arc lamps at 110 West Fourteenth Street, by the following creditors: Morris R. Horowitz, $299; Hugo Raisinger, $600, and Fitzroy D'Arcy, $630.

SEIDE & YOUNG HAT MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Seide & Young Hat Manufacturing Company, manufacturer of ladies' hats at 295 Greene Street, by these creditors: Paul Marx, $600; J. Manning Winikus, on an assigned claim, $600, and Samuel S. Isaacs, also an assigned claim, $800. Judge Hough has appointed W. L. Cannon receiver, and fixed his bond at $1,000.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts for more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Ackermann, Adolph L.—C. H. Jones, $215.
Bursky, Charles—I. Bilich, $169.
Bunce, Robert—E. Oakes, $187.
Bass, Benjamin C., et al.—G. R. Sutherland, $141.
Baker, Charles H.—Sicilian Asphalt Co., costs, $109.
Bassi, Domenico, et al.—V. Casazza et al., $181.
Berliand, Max—B. Proshan, $105.
Crespo, Domingo—V. Langmann, $183.
Carroll, Adelbert E.—G. M. Moscowitz, $534.
Cuker, Bela—B. D. Dugundji, $833.
Cohen, Isidore, et al.—L. Weiss, $163.
Caprio, Louis E.—M. Corso, $113.
Cella, Antonio, et al.—V. Casazza et al., $181.
Durrant, Mary E.—H. Tautwasser, $254.
Dunwoody, Harry L.—E. R. Ballou, $2,618.
Des Garets, L. Gabriel—C. D. Green, $24,861.
Ellis, Melville M.—S. Harman, $620.
Emery, William J.—H. C. Gresh et al., $385.
Eisen, Louis—W. C. Ritter et al., $617.
Frumkin, Morris L.—M. B. Friend et al., $484.
Furlong, Richard—New Rochelle Trust Co., $1,771.
Goldstein, Hyman—I. Brauer et al., $220.
Groff, Joseph C.—D. C. McAllister, $1,624.
Georgi, Charles L.—F. W. Gahrmann, costs, $110.
Galbreth, Alfred C. H.—M. A. Jordan, $447.
Gilman, Edward R., et al.—J. R. Brown et al., $175.
Goldfarb, Aaron—A. Drimmer, $451.
Hade, Patrick H.—City of N. Y., $116.
Hasselmeyer, George—Same, $113.
Harris, Albert H.—Same, $398.
Harris, Emanuel—Same, $303.
Helm, Augustine L.—Same, $113.
Helm, Joseph R.—Same, $113.
Hinz, Albert—Same, $113.
Horowitz, Max—Same, $303.
Hogue, Harry N.—Same, $116.
Holden, William A.—Same, $113.
Humphries, Charles E.—Same, $398.
Hunt, Herbert E.—Same, $303.
Howard, Ralph S., (not summoned,) et al.—D. Lloyd, $464.
Howard, Louis C., et al.—Same, $464.
Haff, J. Harry—Gross & Gross Co., $653.
Hamilton, James W.—Z. T. Piercy, Inc., costs, $107.
Horsley, David—P. P. Craft, $1,068.
Halberstadt, Isidore, et al.—L. Weiss, $163.
Hale, Casplan—J. E. Bates et al., $142.
Jacoves, Louis J. and Jacob—J. Hanauer, $1,519.
Joswick, Leon M.—N. Mancino, $321.
Kunbel, Herman—Reporter Co., $116.
Katz, Emily, et al.—M. Florea, costs, $115.
Kramer, Harry, et al.—Same, costs, $115.
Leff, Marcus, et al.—W. W. Farley, $1,800.
Levy, Harry, et al.—O. M. Arkenburgh, $153.
Same—Same, $214.
Levy, Julius, et al.—George E. Sealy Co., $101.
Langsam, Herman, et al.—Same, $101.
Lowenthal, Jacob—Cudahy Packing Co., $120.
Meyer, Frank—E. Brunhuber, $114.
Morris, Delia—G. A. Hearn et al., costs, $107.
Miller, Caroline I.—H. P. Glode et al., $627.
McKenna, Wm. A.—J. Schanz, $684.
McCabe, Thomas, (not summoned,) et al.—J. M. McCunn et al., $116.
MacColgan, Francis, et al.—W. B. A. Jurgens, $145.
Morch, Thomas, et al.—Carnegie Trust Co., $273.
Osadez, David—United Dressed Beef Co. of N. Y., $279.
O'Day, Wm. D. C., et al.—F. Fricker, $520.
Onasch, Louis, et al.—J. M. McCunn et al., $116.
Porter, Abraham—W. Paley, $120.
Pedivelano, Rocco and Angelo—H. L. Morris, $112.
Prince, Charles, (not summoned,) et al.—O. M. Arkenburgh, $153.
Putnam, Endicott G., et al.—G. R. Sutherland, $114.
Phillip, Ellery O., et al.—Same, $141.
Quennard, Geo. H., (not summoned,) et al.—Carnegie Trust Co., $273.
Robertson, Mugo M.—W. A. Crawford, $16,726.
Rice, Warren W., et al.—D. Lloyd, $464.
Ross, Henry F., (not summoned,) et al.—G. R. Sutherland, $114.
Rendall, John—A. J. Lundgren, $429.
Russ, Herman—W. Simon, $881.
Schoonmaker, Alfred G.—William S. Haines & Co., $117.
Spitzer, George W.—S. Gerard, $214.
Sussenmilch, John W., (not summoned,) et al.—Same, $214.
Stein, Samuel, et al.—O. M. Arkenburgh, $214.
Schwarzkopf, Oscar, et al.—F. Fricker, $520.
Seaman, Elizabeth C., et al.—J. R. Brown et al., $175.
Sahlein, Rose—E. M. Smith, $1,198.
Schavrien, Isaac V.—M. Blum et al., $187.
Starr, Hugh L.—A. D. Shaw et al., $119.
Stern, Samuel, (not summoned,) et al.—O. M. Arkenburgh, $153.
Sussemilch, John W., (not summoned,) et al. Same, $153.
Simon, Sol—Michael Cohen & Co., $320.
Sariol, Arthur—James P. McDonald Co., costs, $213.
Westphal, Louis—J. Burke, $310.
Weisel, Morris and Hugo M.—B. Weil, $586.
Walsh, Orlando J.—D. H. Bush, $38,868.
Walter, Adolph W., et al.—W. B. A. Jurgens, $145.
Yawger, John F., et al.—Candee, Smith & Howland Co., $120.
Beth Hammedrash Hagodel of the Bronx—G. Unger, $133.
New York Public Library, Astor, Lenox, and Tilden Foundations—N. Baumbach, $754.
Iron Clad Manufacturing Co. et al.—J. R. Brown et al., $175.
Independent Electrical Supply Co.—Cutler-Hammer Manufacturing Co., $1,715.
Federal Union Surety Co. et al.—W. W. Farley, $1,800.
Illinois Surety Co.—Same, $1,800.
Federal Union Surety Co.—Same, $1,800.
Illinois Surety Co.—Same, $1,800.
Federal Union Surety Co.—Same, $1,800.
Branch Realty Co.—A. Dammann, $2,020.
Edward J. McCormack, Inc.—W. A. Crawford, $16,597.
Liberty Liquor Co. et al.—O. M. Arkenburgh, $214.
Albert R. Bass & Sons et al.—G. R. Sutherland, $141.
National Hardwood Co.—Franklin-Howard Co., $602.
First American Alcohol Varnish Co.—Chelsea Press, $728.
James D. Murphy Co. et al.—Candee, Smith & Howland Co., costs, $120.
Golden-Klein Iron Works—Aetna Life Insurance Co., $621.
Valencia Realty Co.—Bert G. Faulhaber & Co., $734.
Adin G. Pierce Co.—M. E. Darlington, $10,630.
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—H. Kaplan, $1,244.
Hanover Estates—G. Doheny et al., $474.
Lord & Taylor—C. L. Boyer, costs, $108.
Joseph H. Davis Building Co.—M. I. Healy, costs, $126.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed:

Lee, Katie—E. Nevins et al., May 8, 1911, $115.
Klein, Max and Carl—American Hay Co., June 2, 1910, $1,137.
Bernheim, Charles, Isaac, and Benjamin—S. Gooch, May 12, 1911, $105.
Ehret, George—M. Krimsky, May 10, 1911, $262.
Grand Lodge A. O. U. W. of the State of New York—L. Gilchrist, March 18, 1911, $2,844.
Judelsen, Julius, and Oscar M. Shannon—Thirty-fourth Street National Bank, April 27, 1906, $319.
Ryan, Thomas J.—F. Joslin et al., June 7, 1909, $702.
Same—Same, March 10, 1911, $116.
Sheehan, John C., and Joseph H. Hoadley—A. G. Fox, Feb. 21, 1911, $5,196.
Wilner, Samuel and Elias R.—G. B. Ames, May 25, 1910, $2,105.
S. & V. Motor Co.—E. R. Thomas Motor Branch Co., April 19, 1911, (vacated,) $2,364.
Thomas, Mary—A. Martinez, Nov. 17, 1908, (vacated,) $9,304.
Talley, Annie W.—New York Life Insurance and Trust Co., May 17, 1911, (canceled,) $2,230.

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Oceanic, May 24, 3:00 P.M. | Vaderland, May 27, 10:00 A.M.
St. Paul, May 27, 9:30 A.M. | Cedric, May 27, 11:00 A.M.
Minnehaha, May 27, 9:30 A.M. | New York, June 3, 9:30 A.M.
*The World's Largest and Finest Steamer, New S. S. OLYMPIC, (45,000 TONS) Sails June 28
American Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
St. Paul.....May 27; June 24; July 22
New York.....June 3; July 1; July 29
Philadelphia.....June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
St. Louis.....June 17; July 15; Aug. 13
Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnehaha.....May 27; June 24; July 22
Minnewaska.....June 3; July 1; July 29
Minneapolis.....June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
Minnetonka.....June 17; July 15; Aug. 12
Red Star Pier 59, N. R., 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Vaderland.....May 27; June 24; July 22
Finland.....June 3; July 1; July 29
Kroonland.....July 8; Aug. 5
Lapland.....June 17; July 15; Aug. 12
Our Travelers' Checks Good Everywhere.
PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY, (TEL. 2100 REC
White Star Piers 60 & 61, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
★OLYMPIC (New).....June 28; July 26
Oceanic.....May 24; June 21; July 19
Majestic.....June 7; July 5; Aug. 2
Adriatic.....June 12; July 12
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Cedric.....May 27; June 24; July 22
Baltic.....June 3; July 1; July 29
Celtic.....June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
Arabic.....June 17; July 15
Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool
Largest Steamers St. Lawrence Route.
New York & Boston to the MEDITERRANEAN
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
Romanic..June 10, 10 A. M. | Canopic..July 1
Cretic.....June 24, noon | Romanic..July 13
TOR.) AND PIER 62, N. R., (WEST 23D ST.,) N. Y.

CUNARD Piers foot West 14th St., N. R. Offices, 24 State Street; opposite Battery.
Largest Fastest Finest Ships
Wireless Telegraph. Submarine Signals.
MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE
LONDON PARIS BERLIN VIENNA
DIRECT via FISHGUARD
For the convenience of passengers wishing to proceed direct to the Continent during June, special express trains will leave Fishguard for Dover.
Fishguard and Liverpool.
MAURETANIA May 24, 9 A. M. | LUSITANIA May 31, 9 A. M.
Queenstown—Fishguard—Liverpool.
CARONIA June 3, 10 A. M. | CAMPANIA June 7, 10 A. M.
*MADEIRA GIBRALTAR †GENOA NAPLES TRIESTE FIUME
For actual calling ports see extended sailing list. Sailings noon.
Pannonia June 1 July 20 Sept. 7
†Carpathia June 15 Aug. 3 Sept. 21
*†Saxonia July 3 Aug. 24
MONTREAL QUEBEC LONDON
Regular Sailings of Steamers Carrying One Class Cabin (II.) and Third Class Passengers only.

The Land of Imagination
That strange, mysterious North Land of blue and white heretofore enjoyed only by explorers and scientists presents the most fascinating of studies and pleasures.
NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
S. S. "Grosser Kurfuerst"
Offers the opportunity to go in comfort and luxury to within less than 10° of the Pole. Leaves BREMEN July 18, returning August 16. Connects from New York July 11.
Write for illustrated booklet
OELRICHS & CO., Gen'l Agts., 5 Broadway, N.Y.

London-Paris-Bremen
EXPRESS STEAMERS SAIL TUESDAYS, 10 A. M.
Kronprinzessin Cecilie - - MAY 30
Kronprinz Wilhelm - - - JUNE 6
George Washington - - - JUNE 8
Kaiser Wilhelm II. - - - - JUNE 13
North German Lloyd
MEDITERRANEAN SAILINGS ON SATURDAYS.
OELRICHS & CO., Gen'l Agts., 5 Broadway, New York City.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
BERMUDA INCLUSIVE TOURS
CUBA WEEKLY SAILINGS
JAMAICA-PANAMA etc
FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS.
Superior accommodations for 250 first class passengers. Orchestra, excellent cuisine, wireless, and all safety appliances.
NORWAY CRUISES July-Sept. R. M. S. P. Avon
Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
PERU-CHILE Express Service to and from Panama
16 Days New York to Callao
23 " " " " Valparaiso
Services to COLOMBIA and ECUADOR.
Sanderson & Son, 22 State St.

Go to Bermuda
$20 UP ROUND TRIP FROM NEW YORK
Tours Inc. Hotels, Shore Excursions, Lowest Rates. Twin-Screw S. S. "Bermudian," 3530 tons, sails every Wednesday, 10 a. m.
Bilge keels; electric fans; wireless telegraphy. Fastest, newest and only Steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda.
MIDSUMMER TRIPS
To Quebec
via Halifax, N. S., most delightful cruise of 1500 miles. Magnificent scenery: Northumberland Strait, Gulf and River St. Lawrence and far-famed Saguenay River. S. S. "Trinidad" from New York July 8th and 22nd, August 5th and 19th, and Sept. 2nd, 16 A. M. Returning from Quebec July 14th and 28th, August 11th and 25th and Sept. 8th.
For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents, Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, 549 Madison Ave., 264 and 553 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or QUEBEC S. S. CO., Ltd., Quebec.

LLOYD BRAZILEIRO
(Brazilian Steamship Line.)
Barbados, Para, Ceara, Pernambuco, Bahia, Rio de Janeiro, and Santos, Brazilian S. S. "Rio de Janeiro," May 27th; new fast twin screw steamer, wireless and deep-sea sounding apparatus; excellent accommodation; cabins de luxe; sailing from Pier 5, Bush Docks, South Brooklyn. A. R. GRACA, General Agent, 8-10 Bridge St., New York.

EUROPE AND THE ORIENT
30 fine tours, $285 upward. Frequent sailings. 14th Annual Orient Cruise, Feb. 1, 1912, by S. S. Arabic; 11 days, all expenses, $400 and upward.
5 Round the World Tours, 1911; $1,550 and up.
Frank C. Clark 1 Times Building, New York

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Approx. weekly sailings by the newest, largest, finest & fastest French steamers in The MEDITERRANEAN Trade.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., Gen'l Agts., 17 State St., N. Y.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
Weekly Sailings to
CUBA, JAMAICA, PANAMA, HAYTI, COLOMBIA, COSTA RICA
New Prinz Steamers (5,000 Tons).
Next Sailing Prinz Eitel Friedrich, May 26 AT NOON
KINGSTON, COLON (PANAMA), CARTAGENA, PUERTO COLOMBIA.
Connecting with PERU-CHILE To and From PANAMA.
First and second class. Wireless. Spacious and well ventilated rooms; excellent cuisine; broad decks, bilge keels.
Apply to Hamburg-American Line 41-45 B'way, New York.

SEE AMERICA FIRST.
June a Delightful Month for the
12 DAY VACATION CRUISE $60.00 UP
Berth & Meals Included, (First Cabin.)
TO HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, AND ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, VIA
RED CROSS LINE
A grand and interesting cruise, as truly foreign as a trip to Europe costing four times as much. Splendid large new steamships "Stephano" and "Florizel." Every modern equipment for safety and comfort. No hotel bills. You live on the ship. 7 days at sea, 5 days in port. Splendid cuisine. Orchestra. The most novel, comfortable and delightful vacation cruise from N. Y. Send for Handsome Ill'd Booklet No. 53.
BOWRING & CO., 17 State St., N. Y.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Savoie....May 25 | *La Savoie....June 15
*La Lorraine..June 1 | *La Lorraine..June 22
*La Provence..June 8 | *La Provence..June 29
*Twin screw steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING.
One-class Cabin (II) and Third-Class Passengers Only.
*Chicago.....May 27
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

EUROPE
Tourist Travel Literature C.
SHAKESPEARE'S COUNTRY, NORTH WALES, ENGLISH LAKES, SCOTTISH LAKES, TROSSACHS, KILLARNEY, ETC., FREE ON APPLICATION TO
A. G. WAND, AGENT
London & North-Western R'y,
287 5TH AVE., NEW YORK.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Caledonia..May 27, 9 AM | California..June 10, 9 AM
Furnessia...June 3, 1 PM | Columbia...June 17, noon
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $35 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $30 AND $31.25.
New Illustrated Book of Tours mailed free.
HENDERSON BROTHERS. 17-19 Broadway.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
MEDITERRANEAN ADRIATIC
ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA direct without change. Calls at AZORES and GIBRALTAR (East), ALGIERS (West). A few berths left for sailings of S. S. ALICE, June 14; S. S. MARTHA WASHINGTON, June 17; S. S. ARGENTINA, July 5.
PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents, 17 Battery Place, New York City.

NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
URANIUM S.S.CO.
SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON AND PARIS.
1ST CABIN, ALL OUTSIDE, $50.00 & UP.
Uranium.....May 25 | Campanello...June 22
Volturno.....June 8 | Uranium.....July 6
Vesey & Co., Gen'l Agts., 13 B'way, N. Y.

Shipping and Mails

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:37|Sun sets..7:18|Moon rises..2:31

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	3:50	4:26	10:12	10:47
Governors Island	4:06	4:50	10:35	11:23
Hell Gate	5:36	6:40	12:15	1:03

Arrived—Tuesday, May 23.

SS Ryndam, Rotterdam, May 13.
SS Vaderland, Antwerp, May 13.
SS Bremen, Bremen, May 13.
SS Duca d'Aosta, Naples, May 10.
SS Harsley, Sagua, May 12.
SS Hamburg, Naples, May 11.
SS African Prince, Port Spain, May 15.
SS Chesapeake, Baltimore, May 21.
SS City of Atlanta, Savannah, May 20.
SS Tennyson, Barbados, May 17.
SS Dinnamare, Gibraltar, May 9.
SS Pentwyn, St. Vincent, May 11.
SS Indratiomare, San Domingo, May 3.
SS Olav Kyrre, Cienfuegos, May 16.
SS San Jacinto, Galveston, May 17.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville, May 20.
SS Jacob Bright, Sagua, May 14.
SS Rosario, Shields, May 9.
SS Clothilde Cuneo, Jamaica, May 19.
SS Arnfrid, Cardenas, May 18.
SS Princess Anne, Norfolk, May 22.
SS Sibiria, Inagua, May 19.
SS Orotava, Antilla,

To Employers.

¶ How to find the right bookkeeper is a question that confronts many employers.

¶ An Effective Help Wanted advertisement in The New York Times is the solution that is speedy and sure. In fifty words for one dollar you may outline the position you wish filled.

¶ The Help Wanted columns of The Times are read daily by many experienced workers in every line of human endeavor. They will come to you if invited to an interview via the Want column of The Times.

¶ Go to any advertising agency or telephone The New York Times, Bryant 1000.

Lost

20c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Amethyst pin, with setting of diamonds to represent pansy over its surface; lost on or near Broadway, between 42d St. and 50th St., night of May 22. Hotel Woodward, 55th St. and Broadway; will pay liberal reward for recovery.

LOST—Lady's leather bag, Sunday night, 10:30, on beach, 137th St., Park, Broadway, containing gold bracelet, two thimbles, two eyeglasses, and other things; reward. Lemax, 3,505 Broadway.

LOST—Liberal reward; Sunday, May 21, between Brooklyn Bridge, Avenue J, Flatbush, pocketbook containing sum of money, keys, and eyeglasses. A. E. Smythe, 49 West 57th St.

LOST.—A green enamel beetle wing watch cover between Ritz-Carlton Hotel and 8d Av. and 67th St. Reward if returned to 74 Laight St., New York City.

LOST—Broadway and 116th St. or 5th Av. between 42d and 23d Sts., small old-fashioned gold brooch with pearl in centre; reward. G 236 Times Downtown.

LOST—Mortgage and legal papers, in the vicinity of 3d Av. and 149th St.; reward of $10 will be paid to the finder. W. E. Wiles, 509 Willis Av.

LOST—Topaz breast pin, on West 118th St., Sunday afternoon; finder rewarded. Wood, 620 West 118th St.

LOST—Coney Island, Bowery, or Steeplechase Park, Sunday evening, gold and amethyst chain bracelet; reward. Durando, 133 West 83d.

LOST—Pendant earring, vicinity 81st, Broadway, or Amsterdam; reward. Please return to Mullen, 207 West 81st St.

LOST—Small gold purse; liberal reward if returned to L. Moyse, Manhattan Square Hotel.

LOST—A bar pin, sapphires and pearls; reward. Mrs. Bloodgood, 49 East 34th St.

LOST—Reward for gold, diamond-studded fob; "M. R. M." Crown Fur Co., 211 6th Av.

LOST—Monday, Elevated Railroad, brown sweater; reward. L. Wile, 62 9th Av.

LOST—Small gold watch with gold pin; reward returned. Janetschek, 351 Amsterdam Av.

LOST.—Monday, watch, silk fob, diamond set; liberal reward. Orwan, 401 East 77th St.

$200 REWARD.

8-stone diamond bar pin, Thursday, between 58th and 7th, Comedy Theatre and Knickerbocker Hotel. Jung & Klitz, 1 Maiden Lane.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

60c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Young thin fox terrier, 6th Av., 47th, black head, tail, black spot side; no name. Strike; reward. Howard, St. Margaret Hotel.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

30c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND—Sunday afternoon, lady's small silver purse with money, keys, initial handkerchief on 104th St., near Amsterdam; give full description. S 11 Times.

FOUND, May 22.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO. (Hudson Tubes.) Apply 137 Christopher St.: Kodak, purse, package, cuff button, gloves.

FOUND, May 23.—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J. West 23d St. terminal on the 20th—Paper box; West 23d St. terminal on the 21st—Cane; Trains on the 20th—Seven umbrellas, two packages; Trains on the 21st—Two umbrellas, pipe, rubbers, purse, package, dress suit case; Trains on the 22d—Grip, two umbrellas, book, glove; Ferries on the 22d—Veil.

FOUND, May 23—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station—One New Haven ticket mileage book, three packages, lady's handbag, one purse, pair of gloves, one book, one box, two rings, empty eyeglass case, one pocketbook, overcoat, handkerchief, one umbrella.

FOUND, May 23.—LONG ISLAND R R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City—three packages.

FOUND, May 23.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.—Two packages, one umbrella, one grip, one pocketbook.

FOUND, May 23.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J. On trains—Three umbrellas, two packages, neckpiece, storm coat, two iron clamps, umbrella; Desbrosses St. boat—Package garden seed.

FOUND, May 23.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City—Picture cards, three books, package of clothes, raincoat, package of grass seed, lady's black gloves.

FOUND, May 23.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.—Package of samples; Long Island train—Umbrella; Pennsylvania train—Valise, penknife, 2 packages; Smoking Room—One book; Telephone Booth—Package; Long Island train—Bundle and suitcase; Long Island train, Pullman—Spectacles, straw hat, slippers and nightshirt, eyeglasses, scarfpin, pajamas.

FOUND, May 22.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply Lost Property Room, 9 Morris St. SECOND AV.—Two umbrellas, handbag, purse, keys, cap, shoes, collars, &c., jar, &c., tool, whisky, seeds. THIRD AV.—Book, cane, umbrella, purses, fob, books, magazines, sketch, music, medals, photo, gloves, gloves, hats, cap, shoes, overalls, collars, underwear, waists, &c., shirt, coat, envelopes, medicine. SIXTH AV.—Two umbrellas, purses, candy, book, gloves, odd gloves, picture, views, trousers, samples, coat, price list, waist, corsets, neckties, coat, hats, hair dye, keys, pipe, bread, disk, preserves, boat wheel, pencil, &c.-NINTH AV.—Umbrella, hat, gloves, compass, &c., cases. SUBWAY—Hat, satchel, charm, handbag, eyeglasses, purses, card case, six books, albums, paper, blue prints, hat, clothes, waist, underwear, pail, &c., shirt, collars, &c., stockings, trousers, collars, cloth, gloves, shoes, cocoanuts, seeds, eggs, knife.

Business Opportunities

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Shirt Business For Sale.—Gross sales, $150,000 for past year; complete plant located in Brooklyn; 100 sewing machines, 15 pressing, and 3 cutting tables; capacity, 900 dozens per week; experienced help in neighborhood. Apply to Newborg & Callan, 2 Rector St., New York City.

London Agency.—Advertiser desires to represent American companies in London for any line of American goods, especially connected with engineering; first-class references can be supplied. J. Donald, 66 Chestnut St., Boston, Mass.

Good, reliable business man with $2,000 cash to invest on equal basis with few others in high-class industrial business; special rate for this investment; good salaried, permanent position, with safe contract. Address S 13 Times.

AUTHOR requires small capital to complete scientific work on trees; splendid opportunity to share in profits of a publication somewhat different from others written on same subject. Scott, 271 Pearl St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Nothing pays like a good manufacturing plant; $500 to $1,000 invested now the stock will give you a good income with safety; investigation invited. S 10 Times.

An established real estate office with collection for sale. Inquire between 9 and 12 A. M., 350 East 18th St., real estate office.

Wanted—Lady manager corporation; good salary; must invest. Gentleman, 38, 1,364 Broadway.

Partner wanted, with $2,000, for children's and infants' clothes; prefer the particulars. Write, S 2 Times.

Complete tailoring plant for sale, including lease of loft. Apply from 1 to 5, Lempit Bros., 222 Greene St.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Long Island.

THE HALL, GLEN COVE, L. I.

Within commuting distance of New York; large wing; absolutely fireproof; rooms, with bath; steam heat; private bathing beach and dock; tennis courts; opens May 27; references. Address 53 Irving Place, New York. Tel., 2123 Stuy.

REFINED, exclusive couple will be accommodated at a beautiful villa; private boating, bathing, and fishing; yacht club. 8 Riverside Drive, Beechhurst, Whitestone, Long Island; 30 minutes from Pennsylvania Depot, 2 minutes from station. Tel. 1465—Flushing.

ARVERNE, L. I.—65 Storm Av., 100 feet from the ocean, two minutes from Straiton Av. station; newly furnished private cottage; one, two, or three rooms and bath; all the comforts of home without the troubles of housekeeping.

Bensonhurst.—First-class accommodation; overlooking ocean; bathing, &c.; 45 minutes to Manhattan. Conway, 8,779 Bay Parkway.

Westchester County.

Edgehill Inn.—Spuyten Duyvil-on-Hudson; near Subway and New York Central; open all the year; rates, $12 to $18; an ideal place near New York to spend the Summer. Address Mary E. Huntington.

4TH ST., 188 WEST, (corner 10th Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.)—Large, single, or connecting rooms, all improvements, with board; handsome grounds; plenty of shade, fruit, and flowers; terms reasonable.

New York State.

Mt. View Farm.—Charming location; excellent table; $7 week. North Bundy, Kingston, N. Y., R. F. D. No. 1.

New Jersey.

SOUTH ORANGE, Scotland Road, 117.—2 exceptional rooms, with or without private bath; fine table; private family; beautiful surroundings; near trolley, Lackawanna; references.

East Orange—Unsurpassed accommodations for one or two gentlemen; fine shade and veranda; every convenience; near trains, trolleys. "Orange," 852 Columbus Av.

Summit, N. J.—In private residence, large double room for two; fine location; all conveniences; excellent table; six minutes to station. G 254 Times Downtown.

Columbia, Butler, N. J., (Erholungsheim.)—Kneippwater, massage regeneration cures, etc. Ideal spot for restseekers. (Circular.)

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

CORSETS.—Experienced hands to finish and alter corsets. Olmstead Corset Co., 44 West 22d St.

EDUCATED, good appearing woman to call upon old subscribers; good opening. The Century Co., Union Square.

PHARMACISTS.

R. H. MACY & CO. have a vacancy for a licensed pharmacist, (female.) Apply at office of General Manager.

PUPIL NURSES for a city hospital of 50 beds; immediate pay; diploma on graduation. People's Hospital, 203 2d Av.

STENOGRAPHER—Wanted; college graduate, with reading knowledge of German, and aptitude for proofreading and general office work, as secretary in a scientific institution. Address J. U. Norris, Station Y, New York City, stating training, experience, and references.

STENOGRAPHER.—Unusually good stenographer, accustomed to responsibilities of secretarial position, resident of New York City, for vacancy with large company; give telephone number. Excellent Opportunity, S 9 Times.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A SPLENDID OPENING for exceptional men; compensation, $10 to $25. Call after 9 A. M. Curtis Publishing Co., 1,002 Tribune Building, N. Y. City.

A WELL-EDUCATED MAN, now unemployed, over 25, for outside position requiring more than ordinary tact and ability, but pay accordingly. Room 909, 110 West 34th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced and understanding accounting; good opportunity; state full particulars and salary expected to be considered. H 282 Times Downtown.

BOY, 14 or 15, for office; one able to use typewriter. Answer by letter. L., 103 Park Av., Room 1,118.

CLOAK AND SUIT SALESMAN FOR PENNSYLVANIA AND OHIO; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT MAN. ONLY MEN OF EXCEPTIONAL ABILITY NEED APPLY TO WILLIAM I. BLUBERG & CO., 160 5TH AV.

FITTERS.

R. H. MACY & CO. require experienced alteration fitters on women's dresses. Apply at office of General Manager.

SALESMAN.—Real estate salesman for high-class subdivision on Staten Island; lots $175; high ground overlooking ocean; fine improvement; trolley; excellent opportunity; fine people only; liberal commission; no advances. Refined, 122 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN to handle side line of silk waists and dresses on commission basis for either territory, New England, Middle West, or Eastern States. Address E 14 Times.

SALESMEN.—Men over 25 to act as salesmen and collectors; must come well recommended; good paying, steady position. 277 Broadway, Room 601; ask for Mr. Routh.

SALESMEN (2) wanted, over 25, of good education and address, for out-of-town work; permanent employment. Ryan, 156 5th Av.

SALESMEN—Hustlers; new invention; big money to right men. Fried, 148 West 25th St.

TRUNKS AND BAGS.

R. H. MACY & CO. require the services of an experienced trunk and bag salesman; one capable of marking trunks. Apply at office of General Manager.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between the ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED—In a law office, a bright, active boy from 14 to 16 years old. Address in own handwriting, E 9 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18 to 20 years of age; quick writer; salary, $30 per month. K., P. O. Box 1,548, New York City.

Agents Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

I made $50,000 in five years with a small mail order business; began with $5. Send for free booklet. Tells how. Heacock, 702 Lockport, N. Y.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Domestic.

MISS BRINKLEY,
EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
4 East 42d St. Tel. 6892 Bryant.
Supplies housekeepers, governesses, competent household servants. Houses opened, cleaners installed. Circular sent on request.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ADVERTISEMENT WRITER—On newspaper staff, wants work for free time; skilled, original, producing copy of marked effect and taste; especially competent to handle advertising for superior and exclusive productions; individual form letters also. N 75 Times.

AN EXPERIENCED, refined North German woman would like position in refined family as housekeeper or as useful maid to young girl or lady; country preferred. Reference, Box 315, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography; moderate salary; best references. Stenographer, 61 2d Av.

CHAMBERMAID.—Lady closing house highly recommends her; will assist with waiting; free June 1, 120 East 25th St.

COOK—WAITRESS.—Lady closing house highly recommends two excellent girls; together or single; free June 1. 120 East 25th St.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

GIRL, 17 years old, (Jewish,) neat and of good appearance, desires position with family going away for the Summer; would take care of one or two children. Address (D. F.) F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

LADY leaving town desires to place excellent cook for the Summer, where there is kitchen maid. Apply May 29, 10 to 12 A. M., 60 East 79th St. Phone 1487 Lenox.

MASSEUSE and NURSE.—Graduate of Massage Institute, Stockholm, Sweden, with hospital experience, wishes position as masseuse and nurse for invalid patient; good sewer; highest reference. Djerf, 515 Lexington Av.

MIDDLE-AGED LADY wishes position as housekeeper or nurse; would like to bring growing up daughter with her; Atlantic City preferred. Mrs. E. Klevitt, 99 Linden St., Passaic, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; bright beginner moderate salary, willing worker, and read notes, and does not watch the clock. Ambitious, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660 East New York.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady desires position; six years' experience; capable, conscientious, punctual; employer's interest studied; best references; $15. Address D 308 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, business college graduate, good education, desires position where good work will bring advancement. Viola Atkins, 839 West 49th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; get up literature; circularize; accurate; college graduate; $12. Reliable, G 242 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Fluent correspondent; broad experience; have brains; highly educated; 10; H. B., 300 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Considerable experience; Christian; neat young lady; refined; college education; $7. G 243 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—18; experienced, bright, and reliable; $5; best references. Ambitious, G 249 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced mining, banking; punctual; conversant office details; $14; bright. G 241 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; technical dictation; no clock watcher; can be depended upon. G 238 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY—Student, must earn next year's tuition, seeks employment about 3 days weekly; music, German. Address, Adaptable, 90 8th Av.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED,
All branches of work.
Moderate charges.
Room 501, 320 Broadway. 'Phone Worth 1819.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. George Christie, 863 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

BARTENDER.—Young Irishman who has been in America only a short time seeks a position as bartender; intelligent, active, and can furnish the best references. S 8 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (assistant,) willing, would like connection with reliable concern where there is a chance of advancement. Rothman, 174 Ludlow St.

BOOKKEEPER—ACCOUNTANT.—Four years' excellent experience; stenographer, typewriter; high school graduate. S 1 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Speaks French, Spanish; wishes position where there is future. Mardrus, 747 Amsterdam Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert accountant; writes up, balances books regular intervals. Strickland, 80 Henry St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER and typewriter, (22,) desires position. J. L., 248 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR-mechanic wishes position private family; best references; city, country. Martin, 22 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man wishes position. P. Gunter, 220 Suydam St., Brooklyn.

COLLEGE MAN, 22, BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, wants opportunity to "make good" with firm that will recognize ability, integrity, and willingness; is of good appearance and can "handle" the English language; would make good correspondent, office man, &c.; is at present employed in position without prospects; kindly make appointment. G 250 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN OF CONSTRUCTION, mechanic, draughtsman—architects and contractors—experienced in design and construction best class suburban homes; position wanted with builder or real estate owner; excellent record and reference. G 247 Times Downtown.

JAPANESE, young, willing, obedient, competent as cook, butler, valet, houseman; also able to take entire charge of gentleman's place or small family, for small wages; 3 years last position; has reference good character and abilities. Kiyo Hayashi, 798 Lexington Av.

MANAGER, with executive ability and broad business experience, transportation, and commercial, seeks connection in responsible capacity; record and references will bear closest investigation. Address N 148 Times.

MAN.—Well educated, high business ability, perfect knowledge of two foreign languages, experienced also in literary work, desires clerical or any other suitable position; moderate compensation. N 80 Times.

MARRIED COUPLE; caretaker or entire work small family; best references. A., 352 West 20th St.

OWING TO SLACK BUSINESS

I have been laid off; I am a married man and I need a position; will employer who can use a man having had eight years' general office and bank experience please give me an interview? Unquestionable references; accept either city or country position. G 253 Times Downtown.

POSITION wanted as outside salesman; 18 years' experience; A1 references. P 2 Times.

SIDE LINE WANTED for Gulf States. Alexander, S 7 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (29,) thorough correspondent and bookkeeper, 10 years' held position of trust and responsibility, seeks opportunity to prove ability; future more important than initial salary; exceptional references. N 167 Times.

STOCK CLERK, &c.—By young man stock clerk, or anything; references. E 11 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Manufacturers' line to sell jobbers and department stores in Chicago; have room to carry stock if desired. Eckhardt, 59 East Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.

YOUNG MAN seeks future with business man desiring to place responsibilities on thoroughly experienced, capable, college graduate 24; good personality. W. T., 337 East 18th St.

YOUNG MAN, 24, with knowledge of English, being free from 12 to 5 P. M., desires position as salesman or collector; satisfactory references. Greek, N 113 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) well educated; quick and accurate at figures; good correspondent; excellent references. H. A. B., 794 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school education, four years' business experience, seeks position where ability and grit will be appreciated; references. S 6 Times.

YOUNG MAN, two years' experience in newspaper work, desires position on paper or with advertising firm; references, Kentucky, S 5 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, energetic, 4 years' business experience, desires position; reference. G 255 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wishes position at anything. Sperling, 268 West 128d St.

YOUNG MAN, 21, wishes position at anything; references. Casey, 468 East 189th St.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers
BOOKKEEPERS, Office Service Co. (Agency)
STENOGRAPHERS, 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John

Domestic.

COLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 47 Lexington Av.—First-class help; references investigated. Telephone 8875—Madison.

COMPETENT help of all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 90th. Phone 1588 Riverside.

COOKS, KITCHEN MAIDS, CHAMBERmaids, laundresses, parlor maids, waitresses, ladies' maids, furnished promptly to private families; references investigated. Osterberg's Agency, 716 Lexington Av., Plaza—1055.

COUPLES, BUTLERS, VALETS, SECOND useful men, gardeners, coachmen, chauffeurs promptly furnished, private families; references. Osterberg's Agency, 716 Lexington Av., Plaza—1055.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

A.—47 5TH AV.—Second-floor suites, with baths; single rooms; parlor dining room; small tables; transients and table guests accommodated.

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished large, small rooms; excellent board; table guests accommodated; references.

7TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Airy, well-kept, homelike rooms; substantial board; fine location; references.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large rooms, well furnished; excellent board; telephone.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Single and double rooms; reference.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Finely furnished, medium room; large closets; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 70 WEST.—Large, cool room; gentlemen preferred; fine location; excellent table; also parlor floor.

68TH ST. 67 WEST.—LARGE, SMALL ROOMS, BATHS; 'PHONE 4418—COL.

70TH ST., 80 WEST.—Rooms, large and small, suite or separately; board optional; select.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Second-floor room; private bathroom; telephone in room; references.

72D ST., 269 WEST.—Large and small rooms; nicely furnished; bath or connecting; all conveniences; ideal surroundings; superior table; especially suitable for several young men or family; references; table guests.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—Two large front rooms; also hall room; parlor dining room; references.

72D ST., 242 WEST.—Handsome large and single rooms; private bath; well appointed house; reference.

73D ST., 102 WEST.—Attractive rooms; fine meals; table guests; Summer rates; Jewish.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath; board; table guests accommodated; references.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—Sixteenth year; Summer rates; rooms; parlor dining; references.

76TH, 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated, large room; private bath; hot water; parlor dining; excellent table; table guests; telephone; Gentiles.

76TH ST., 129 WEST.—Large, small rooms; running water; home cooking; 'phone; reasonable.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Desirable double and single rooms; parlor dining; table board; references.

79TH, 135 WEST.—Desirable rooms, large and small; Summer rates; excellent cooking.

79TH ST., 137 WEST.—Large and small well-furnished rooms, with board; satisfaction.

81ST ST., 116 WEST.—Desirable room for gentleman; strictly high-class board; satisfactory references necessary.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—In refined Jewish home, first-class room, board; table guests accommodated.

81ST, 118 WEST.—Double, single rooms; one and two flights; L, Subway; references required.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms; private bath; parquet floors; electric lights; Summer rates.

83D ST., 23 WEST.—Splendid accommodation at Summer rates in high-grade Jewish house.

91ST, 48 WEST.—Large single rooms; homelike; near Park, Subway, elevated; parlor dining.

91ST ST., 29 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; near Park; parlor dining; meals optional; telephone.

92D ST., 60 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite of two rooms; with or without private bath; also large single room; all outside rooms; hot and cold running water; excellent cuisine; every convenience; special Summer rates. Telephone 9550 River.

93D ST., 122 WEST, near "L" station, Park, and Drive.—Desirable room; good board; references.

94TH ST., 144 WEST.—Large room, excellent table; convenient Subway and L; moderate.

102D ST., 243 WEST, (Riverside.)—Handsome front rooms; southern exposure; coolest section in city; boarding house atmosphere eliminated; excellent table; Summer rates.

104TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms; superior board; refined surroundings; table guests; 'phone.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms in newly decorated apartment; southern cooking daintily served.

131ST ST., 264 WEST.—Laarge front room, three windows; cool; conveniences; American family; gentleman; telephone.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Desirable rooms; lavatory, all conveniences, telephone; references; Summer rates; table guests.

140TH ST., 544 WEST, (The Audubon.)—A beautiful, healthy location, near Broadway, famous Riverside Drive; first-class rooms, board; extremely low rates.

A gentleman and daughter owning their own home on West 86th St., will rent, with board, a large front room to gentlemen. 'Phone 2022—Riverside.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

Accommodations for one or two congenial men in large apartment with two bachelors; best of meals; competent housekeeper. Bachelors, N 98 Times.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.—600 West 160th St.; can accommodate couple appreciating high-class home, with large, sunny room; two closets; private bath. Field.

WEST END AV., 879, (corner 108d St.)—Block from Riverside Park; Subway express station and surface cars; beautiful vine-covered house; finest location N. Y.; handsomely furnished rooms; superior table.

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; exceptionally good board; telephone.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Desirable rooms; excellent table; transients accommodated; park privilege; references.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST, (The Naylor.)—Desirable large and small rooms; telephone; table board.

49TH ST., 9 EAST.—Rooms with board; references; table guests.

60TH ST., 40 EAST.—Rooms; excellent board optional; elevator; Summer engagements at reduced rates.

MADISON AV., 859, (70th St.)—Large and small rooms, with or without board, in handsome private house; breakfast in rooms; references.

MADISON AV., 604-606; 28 East 63d.—Rooms, suites, separate; private baths; board optional.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

8TH ST., 8 WEST.—Comfortably furnished single and double rooms; modern improvements; telephone; Summer rates.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Light, pleasant rooms; modern conveniences; telephone.

15TH ST., 121 WEST.—Large and small neat rooms; porcelain bath on floor; reasonable; reference.

39TH ST., 10 WEST.—Room in very desirable house for gentleman only; breakfast optional.

42D, 300 WEST.—Large and medium outside; running water; two flights; reasonable; Rowland's bell.

46TH ST., 313 WEST.—Large rooms, centrally located, one block from Broadway.

50TH ST., 333, west of Broadway.—Newly furnished rooms, with bath; Summer rates.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom; bath; $30-$50 month; meals; Subway; hotel service.

67TH ST., 123 WEST.—Cultured Western family; large rooms; reasonable; convenient 66th Subway, L; references.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 63 WEST.—Large, cool parlor floor; private bath; kitchenette; moderate rates.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Private house, best room, well furnished, $25 month; reference.

73D ST., 164 WEST.—COOL, PLEASANT ROOM FOR GENTLEMAN WITH REFERENCES; SUMMER RATES.

73D ST., 102 WEST.—Attractive rooms; fine meals; table guests; Subway, "L"; Summer rates.

74TH ST., 104 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms; all conveniences; bath, 'phone; references required.

74TH ST., 106 WEST.—Large rooms; single or en suite; also medium sized; telephone; reasonable.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Large front room; attractive neighborhood; all conveniences. 'Phone 8124—Schuyler.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Second story, en suite or single; also medium room; private house; references.

78TH ST., 135 WEST.—Handsome suite, or singly, bath, electricity, telephone; Summer rates; references; private.

80TH ST., 225 WEST.—Corner; outside room; bath; elevator; bargaining housekeeping privileges. Mooney, 9298 Schulyer.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large, newly furnished front room, with bath; private family; reasonable rates.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; private bath; Summer rates; parlor dining room; references.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Large, well furnished front room; running water; first-class house; 'phone.

82D, 112 WEST.—Large front room; Summer rates.

82D ST., 138 WEST.—Attractively furnished suite; would rent single; reasonable.

83D ST., 311 WEST.—Large room, beautifully furnished; private bath; electric light; private residence.

83D, 11 WEST.—Cool, large, airy rooms; special rates; Summer transients. 1,344 Riverside.

84TH ST., 207 WEST.—Beautiful front and back parlor, all improvements; independence. Fusenhim.

84TH ST., 256 WEST.—Corner rooms; large and small; Summer rates; business men. Janitor.

84TH ST., 52 WEST.—Furnished room; private house; will rent at reduced rate for Summer.

86TH ST., 126 WEST.—Room with private bath, electric lights and fan, telephone; best references required; private family.

87TH ST., 127 WEST.—Pleasant room with all modern conveniences; reasonable; gentleman; references; private house.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private bath; select house; all conveniences; Park; "L"; telephone.

91ST ST., 31 WEST.—Medium and single rooms on bath room floor; terms reasonable.

92D ST., 76 WEST.—Spacious well-furnished front parlor suite; private entrance; references; reasonable. Scholes.

92D ST., 74 WEST.—Medium-sized front room, with large closet. Denison.

93D ST., 85 WEST.—Large, small rooms; running water; first, second floor; "L" block; telephone; moderate.

95TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large, light, pleasant room; private bath; private house.

98TH ST., 7 WEST.—Lady, Christian, can have pleasant room with lady. Reuter; second floor.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Private house; large, comfortable furnished room, with bath; suitable for bachelors or married couple; select neighborhood; near Riverside Drive.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Large front room; beautifully furnished; also smaller room; elevator; references. Gurnee.

118TH ST., 416 WEST.—Columbia University neighborhood: clean, bright rooms; elevator; references exchanged. Shirley.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Large front room; southerly room; small room; kitchen; transients accommodated. Smith.

118TH ST., 421 WEST.—Large, light room, private; all conveniences; Subway; Summer rate. Apartment 54.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Cool corner; newly furnished; conveniences; telephone; Summer rates, $3-$5. Hungerford.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Attractive outside rooms with or without kitchen; elevator; references. Apartment 61.

123D, 526 WEST.—Desirable cool rooms, running water; $2 and $3. Shannon.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 843, Corner of 127th.—Elegantly furnished suites; four, five, six rooms; elevator apartment; lowest Summer rates; $8 weekly upward; beautifully furnished; room, bath, kitchen, $4-$6.

LA PORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—First-class apartment hotel; elegant rooms, single, en suite; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; beautiful dining room; home cooking.

BEAUTIFUL ROOM, near Riverside; refined, small family. Call Phone 848—River.

CHARLES ST., 10.—Neatly furnished, large, small rooms; running water.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 562, at 127th St., The Madrid.—Large, cool room for Summer, $5. 'Phone 7028 Morningside, Apartment 2B.

East Side.

11TH ST., 25 EAST.—Large, well furnished, adjoining bath; running water; closets; small room.

17TH, 118 EAST, Near Union Square.—Large, light front room, 1 flight; large closets.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Well furnished small rooms for gentlemen.

21ST ST., 149 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Large, handsomely furnished room, one flight; park privilege; $7.

29TH ST., 112 EAST.—Large, newly furnished suites, parlor, bedroom, newly renovated private house, suitable for two persons; also small room, $2.75, and medium-sized room; heat, telephone, hot, cold running water; references.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Charming large room, first floor; other rooms; private house; references.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome room, private bath; single room; select house; references; breakfast optional.

60TH ST., 134 EAST.—Large rooms, newly furnished; running water; reasonable.

69TH ST., 20 EAST.—Swell furnished room; private bath, electric light; Summer rates; references.

IRVING PLACE, 71.
Large and small rooms, private bath; $8.50 up.

LEXINGTON AV., 441.—Two rooms, comfortably furnished, all conveniences, $8 to $5; opposite Grand Central Terminal.

LEXINGTON AV., 536, (63d.)—Homelike rooms; also back parlor; bath; breakfast; telephone; references; select.

Brooklyn.

PUTNAM AV. 234, (near Nostrand.)—One or two attractive large furnished rooms; private family.

Furnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

GENTLEMAN desires room with private family below 100th St.; state terms, G 205 Times Downtown.

LADY (Jewish) desires room with or without board below 96th St.; terms. G 204 Times Downtown.

Business Notices

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Multigraph typewritten letters, 500, $1.20; 1,000, $1.50; 10,000, $8, delivered promptly; samples submitted; telephone 6564 Morningside. William Gray, 120 West 116th.

Start a mail order business and prosper; valuable pointers free; plans furnished. Advertising Company, P. O. Box 1,615, New York.

Have your office alteration and cabinet work attended to by Ericsson, 60 West 68th St.

HOUSECLEANING, whitewashing, Hull, 210 East 74th St. 'Phone 1678 Lenox.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

A Wonderful Opportunity.—An elegantly furnished apartment, 5 outside sunny rooms, 2 bathrooms, kitchenette; all rooms facing Hudson River. Argenbright, 225 West 80th St. 'Phone 3715 River.

FROM JUNE 15 TO SEPTEMBER 15 or longer; 7 light rooms; elevator, electric light; fully furnished; reduced rental. Apply mornings, COOKE, 201 West 87th St.

Will sacrifice beautiful 8-room apartment, June to October; attractively furnished; cool and spacious. Burnley, 422 West End Av., (corner 80th St.)

164th St, 601 West.—Four-room elevator apartment; all conveniences; piano; every window Hudson view; $50 per month; responsible adults. Bosse.

112th, 601 West, (Claremont Hall.)—Six outside rooms and bath, completely furnished. Apartment 5E.

The Wilkinsia, (3 West 65th St.)—Six light rooms; furnished; housekeeping; owner building; $45,

SAID HE LOST $10,000 BILL.

Jury, Not Believing the Messenger, Convicts Him of Grand Larceny.

Benson Lang, an eighteen-year-old messenger, who reported a year ago that he had lost a $10,000 bill intrusted to him by his employers, Hornblower & Weeks, was found guilty of grand larceny yesterday in the criminal branch of the Supreme Court by a jury reporting to Justice McCall. He will be sentenced on Friday.

Lang said on the witness stand that he was suffering from diabetes and suffered a stroke, with loss of his faculties, on the day the bill was intrusted to him. Jonas Wolfsohn, a private detective, who associated with young Lang after the disappearance of the bill, told a story of lavish expenditure and suspicious behavior by Lang, which was largely instrumental in his conviction.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS.

WINTER GARDEN Evgs. at 8. Matinees Tues., Thurs. & Sat. 2. 50th St. & B'way. Telephone 411 Columbus.
"THE MUSICAL REVUE OF 1911"
MATINEE TO-MORROW 50c. to $1.50. Ballet, Variete & 30 STARS. Spectacle, Comedy 250 NEAR STARS. Musical, Features. Special Sunday Night Concerts.

CASINO B'way & 39th. 4 Weeks Beg. MON., MAY 29
Mail orders now. Box Office Opens To-morrow.
Phenomenally Brilliant Star Revival of Gilbert & Sullivan's Comic Opera, PINAFORE
With
MARIE CAHILL * DE WOLF HOPPER
LOUISE GUNNING * HENRY E. DIXEY
CHRISTINE NIELSEN * EUGENE COWLES
ARTHUR ALDRIDGE * G. J. MACFARLANE
ALICE BRADY *
Prices 50c. to $2.00. FOR OPENING NIGHT ONLY Seats on the lower floor will be $5.00 and $3.00.

LYRIC 42nd, W. of B'way. Evs. 8. Last Week. All-Star Cast in THE LIGHTS O' LONDON
Beginning Mon., May 29. EVERYWOMAN
WILL MOVE FROM HERALD SQUARE TO LYRIC THEATRE AND CONTINUE THROUGHOUT THE SUMMER. EXTRA MATINEE DECORATION DAY.

BROADWAY Thea., B'way & 41st St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Sat. and Decoration Day.
LAST 2 WEEKS REOPENS EARLY IN AUGUST
LEW FIELDS IN THE HEN-PECKS

39TH STREET THEA., 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mt. To-day. Extra Mat. Dec. Day
JOHN MASON In Augustus Thomas' best play, AS A MAN THINKS.

Lew Fields HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th St. Evgs. 8:20. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:20.
HENRY W. SAVAGE Offers
EVERYWOMAN
(Her Pilgrimage in Quest of Love.)
LAST WEEK HERE. WILL MOVE TO THE LYRIC THEATRE FOR THE SUMMER BEGINNING NEXT MONDAY, MAY 29TH.

Beginning MON., MAY 29 Seats To-morrow
Brilliant Revival of
A COUNTRY GIRL
The Great Daly's Theatre Success, with a superb cast, including JOHN SLAVIN.
Extra Matinee Decoration Day.

WEST END Mat. To-day 15c to 50c. Robt. T. Haines Stock Co., "Paid in Full"

LYCEUM 45 St., n'r B'way. Evs. 8:30. | LAST WEEK
Mat. To-morrow & Sat. 2:30.
MRS. FISKE in MRS. BUMPSTEAD-LEIGH.

FOLIES BERGERE 46th St., B'way. | RESTAURANT THEATRE MUSIC HALL 8400 Bryant.
6 to 11 P. M., Dinner—8:15, Revues & Ballet.
ETHEL LEVEY and 200 ARTISTS.
11:15 to 1 A. M. FIRST MIDNIGHT SHOW IN AMERICA
10 SENSATIONAL NOVELTIES in CABARET SHOW
Including 3 FRENCH STARS.
MARTHE LENCLUD.....Venus Apache
SIMONE DE BERVIL.....Posing Parisienne
JANETTE DENARBER.....French Era Tanguay
And ADELAIDE and HUGHES.

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Evgs. 8:15. Mat. To-day 50c-$1.50.
Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe.
THE PINK LADY
EXTRA MATINEE DECORATION DAY.

LIBERTY West 42d St. Overture 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
Last three weeks of the year's operatic triumph CHRISTIE MACDONALD in THE SPRING MAID

HENRY W. SAVAGE offers
"EXCUSE ME"
AT THE GAIETY 46th St. & B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:30.
EXTRA MATINEE DECORATION DAY.

GEO. M. COHAN'S GET RICH QUICK WALLINGFORD THEATRE, B'way, 43 St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. Phone 392 Bryant. EXTRA DECORATION DAY MAT. TUES., MAY 30th.

INTERNATIONAL
POLO MATCH
AMERICA vs. ENGLAND
At Meadow Brook Club Polo Field
Westbury, Long Island
MAY 31st, JUNE 3rd and 7th
Seats and Boxes on public sale at the offices of Tyson & Co., Tyson's Theatre Ticket Office, Ruilman, McBride, Miller, and Theatre Ticket Library.
GENERAL ADMISSION, 50 CENTS
Special Long Island Railroad Trains direct to the field each afternoon.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. | Montgomery & Moore, "The Hold Up." McKay & Cantwell, Avon Comedy 4, others
ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. | GUS EDWARDS' Song Revue, Valerie Bergere & Co., Howard, Julius Tannen, others.
BRONX 149th St. & 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. | Paul Armstrong's Romance of the Underworld, Jack Wilson & Co.

PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK
NOW OPEN. W. 130th St. Ferry. Fireworks Thursday.

BELASCO 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20.
205th TIME Last 2 Weeks. "THE CONCERT"

GRAND OPERA HOUSE, 23 St. & 8 Ave. MAT. DAILY 10, 20, 30c.
CORSE PAYTON'S STOCK CO. in THE STILL ALARM

Keith & Proctor's 5TH AVE. 28th St. Daily Mat. 25 & 50c. | ENORMOUS SUCCESS "OLDTIMERS," 2d Week. JIM THORNTON, MRS. YEAMANS, 10 others.

Hammerstein's | Victoria, 42d St. Daily Mat. Jack Johnson, Ryan & Richfield, 4 Fords, Harry Cooper, Juliet? others.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Mat. Daily. 10, 20 & 30c. THE CITY

EDEN MUSEE | WORLD IN WAX. President Diaz. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Orchestral Concerts Afternoon and Eve.

COLUMBIA. B'way & 47th. BURLESQUE. Pop. Mat. To-day, 15, 25, 50c. Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25-$1. Smoking.

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Evgs. 8:15. Burlesque—HARRY HASTINGS' BIG SHOW.

BROOKLYN.

BRIGHTON BEACH NEW—Daily Mat. 25c. "Cooled by Ocean Breezes." Carter De Haven, EMMA CARUS, Carlton Macy & Maude Hall, Jolly-Wilde Co., Flanagan & Edwards, others.

ORPHEUM BROOKLYN. Mat. Daily, 25c. | Four Mortons, Maggie Cline, Rigoletto Bros., Bell Family, Wilfred Clarke & Co., Howard & Howard.

STEEPLECHASE
Coney's Only Funny Place.
A Tremendous Whirlwind of Merriment.

DREAMLAND
NOW OPEN

Hammocks,
Hammock Beds
(For Sleeping Outdoors)
Lawn Umbrellas and Tables
LEWIS & CONGER
130 and 132 West 42d St., New York

BANK HELD LIABLE FOR BAD LADING BILL

Court Decides Against Guaranty Trust in First Suit of English Claimants to Recover Losses.

THIS WAS A TEST CASE

All the Claims Aggregate $4,000,000, but if Banks Have to Pay It Is Supposed They Can Hold Railroads.

Judge Noyes, in the Circuit Court of the United States, handed down a decision yesterday afternoon in the first of the cases brought by foreign buyers of American cotton drafts to recover for fraudulent bills of lading made out by Knight, Yancey & Co., the failed Alabama cotton brokerage firm. Judge Noyes finds that under the law of New York State, the New York bank which accepted the false bill of lading from Knight, Yancey & Co. and delivered it to the Liverpool bankers is responsible for the amount of the note.

The test case was brought by Anthony S. Hannay of Liverpool against the Guaranty Trust Company of New York. He was represented by Harrington, Bigham & Englar, while Stetson, Jennings & Russell appeared for the Guaranty Trust Company.

The amount involved in the Guaranty case is $7,320, but there is a total of $4,000,000 in similar claims against other institutions which have been held up to await a decision. Of this sum approximately $2,500,000 is claimed by English bankers, while the remaining $1,500,000 is represented by French and other claimants. Judge Noyes gave the defendants the privilege of answering his findings upon payment of costs and the case will undoubtedly be appealed. In that event it will go either to the Circuit Court of Appeals or possibly direct to the Supreme Court of the United States.

If Judge Noyes's decision is upheld, little if any of the loss will actually fall upon the New York banks, as most of them have practically the same claim upon railroads which certified the false bills of lading.

On Feb. 1, 1910, Knight, Yancey & Co. agreed to sell 100 bales of cotton to Hannay, and on Feb. 10 they drew upon the Bank of Liverpool, agents for Hannay, for the purchase price of the cotton by draft. The letters "R S M I" were put upon the draft to identify the cotton alleged to have been sold. The cotton firm attached to the draft what purported to be a bill of lading, and indorsed the draft and accompanying papers to the Guaranty Trust Company. The latter collected the draft from the Bank of Liverpool.

Judge Noyes says that both the Bank of Liverpool and the Guaranty Trust Company believed the bill of lading to be valid, and that the cotton described had been shipped. Neither institution relied upon the general credit of Knight, Yancey & Co. The bill of lading was in fact spurious, and no such cotton as described was ever in existence. When Hannay discovered this he called upon the Guaranty Trust Company for the amount paid them by the Bank of Liverpool.

The court said that the question turned upon which of the two innocent parties should stand the loss. Judge Noyes said that if the draft in question had contained no reference to the cotton which the spurious bill of lading purported to represent, the Bank of Liverpool could not recover. He finds, however, that the draft was conditional, and was drawn against the cotton, and that the Liverpool bank's acceptance was likewise conditional in law.

Since the discovery of the Knight-Yancey frauds safeguards have been thrown around the issuance of cotton bills of lading for the purpose of preventing a recurrence of the losses which were incurred in the Knight, Yancey & Co., and Steele, Miller & Co. cases. Besides the validization of cotton bills of lading by the railroads, plans are now being completed for the establishment of a central checking office to insure the regularity of all cotton bills of lading.

ERIE DENIES CUTTING RATES.

Explains New Tariff as Justified by Differential on Lake Business.

The filing of a new westbound rate to Chicago and Western points by the Erie and Delaware & Hudson has brought threats of a rate war from other systems competing for that business. It was pointed out by an Erie official yesterday that his company had not lowered rates in its new tariff, but had only taken advantage of a recognized differential.

The standard all-rail rate on first-class freight is 75 cents per 100 pounds. Business moving by rail to Buffalo and lake to Chicago is entitled to a differential of 13 cents, while that going by water to Albany, rail to Buffalo, and lake to Chicago is allowed a differential of 23 cents. It is this rate which the Erie, by making arrangements with the Hudson Navigation Company for carrying freight to Albany, and with the Delaware & Hudson for carrying it from Albany to Binghamton, where it would be taken over by the Erie, decided to avail itself of. The rate on Chicago business which is carried to Southern ports by the Old Dominion Line and thence by rail is 65 cents. The new fifty-two-cent. rate was filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission on May 13, and will go into effect on June 15.

President McCrea of the Pennsylvania came to New York Monday to discuss the new arrangement with other railroad Presidents and traffic men, and another meeting will be held here Friday. The Pennsylvania and Lackawanna threaten to cut the all-rail rate to 62 cents, while the New York Central has prepared to meet the Erie on equal terms by inaugurating the fifty-two-cent rate by means of an arrangement with the Manhattan Navigation Company to Albany. The steamship lines are also talking of reducing rates to Norfolk.

As thirty days' notice is required before a rate once filed with the commission can be withdrawn, it is certain the new Erie-Delaware & Hudson differential will go into effect. Railroad men believe that an understanding can be reached, however, by which a rate-cutting contest can be averted. It was estimated by a traffic officer that 40 per cent. of the Chicago business moves by the water and rail route now.

T. ATHERTON BLACK BAILED.

Knickerbocker Savings Treasurer Gets a Week to Plead to Indictment.

T. Atherton Black, Treasurer of the Knickerbocker Savings and Loan Company of 32 Park Row, who was arrested Monday night, was arraigned before Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions yesterday and released on $5,000 bail. He got until May 31 to plead to the grand larceny indictment.

The Knickerbocker Savings and Loan Company was closed by the State Banking Department last Friday. In all, Black's alleged defalcations are put at more than $15,000, though the indictment covers only $1,750. Assistant District Attorney Du Vivier said that Black had made restitution to the exent of $13,000.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
12:20—156 Chrystie St.; A. Doboll	$10
7:30—729 Prospect Av.; B. Harowitz	$15
8:40—301 West 126th St.; Joseph Ansell	Slight
9:15—649 Morris Av.; Aranto Cicono	None
9:50—864 Van Nest Av.; James Johnson	$50
11:15—402 East Houston St.; C. Steinchruher	$5
11:50—711 East 12th St.; Mrs. Pearlstein	$5
11:55—294 Monroe St.; Fannie Dubore	$25
P. M.	
12:50—518 East 139th St.; G. Gutteman	Slight
2:00—499 West 125th St.; Mrs. Morterdro	Trifling
4:40—490 8th Av.; Samuel Canter	$100
5:25—604 West 52d St.; Moore & Munger	Trifling
5:25—108th St. and 2d Av.; unknown	Trifling
6:00—188 Duane St.; S. Goldstein	Trifling
6:30—5,595 Broadway; unknown	None
6:40—397 8th Av.; Recardo Renollo	$20
7:00—452 West 47th St.; Edison Company	Trifling
8:00—33d St. and 11th Av.; New York Central	Trifling
8:05—861 Southern Boulevard; unknown	Trifling
8:15—227 West Broadway; Charles Brill	$20
8:35—170 East 87th St.; Mary McGrail	Trifling
8:40—123 West 90th St.; Eri Rich	Trifling
9:10—200 West 35th St.; D. Dederic	Trifling
9:45—1,928 Amsterdam Av.; Edith De Sreast	Trifling
10:40—1,895 1st Av.; S. Lieberman	$200
11:45—208 East 17th St.; Mary Edwards	Trifling

O'REILLY EVIDENCE ALL IN.

Case Will Go to the Jury To-day After Justice Davis's Charge.

Daniel O'Reilly, the lawyer, who is on trial before Justice Vernon M. Davis in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, charged with unlawfully receiving the $87,000 worth of securities stolen from Aaron Brancroft, went on the stand again yesterday, and was put through a long cross-examination by Assistant District Attorney Buckner.

Mr. O'Reilly stuck very closely to his direct testimony of Monday, insisting that Frank J. Plass, the informer, had conducted all the negotiations in the taxicab when the stolen securities were returned to Lawyer William M. Sullivan. He denied that he had ever touched any of the securities. He said he didn't even know what securities had been stolen from Mr. Brancroft, and therefore could see no reason why he should handle them, as he had only been engaged by Mr. Sullivan to see that the bonds were returned.

Mr. Buckner then called Plass to the stand. He denied that he had told O'Reilly he had a gun and was ready to shoot if either Sullivan or O'Reilly made a false move. He denied that he had ever carried a gun in his life.

Mr. Sullivan was then called, and Mr. Buckner asked him:

"Is it true that you agreed to pay the defendant $50 as a retainer, as he claims?"

"That is absolutely untrue," replied the witness.

Mr. Sullivan also denied that he had called O'Reilly up on the telephone on March 24 and told him that he would not give immunity to the thieves or that he had ever proposed to O'Reilly that he attempt to make it look as if the Pinkertons were incompetent to handle the case.

Justice Davis then adjourned the case until to-day, when it will be submitted to the jury.

FALLING WALL BURIES THREE.

Firemen Aid Rescue While a Fifth Avenue Crowd Watches.

Hundreds of persons in the crowd on Fifth Avenue late yesterday afternoon saw the one-story wall of a half-demolished building at 3 West Thirty-seventh Street collapse and bury three of a gang of wreckers. When the first among the crowd reached the place the ground floor of the building was smoking with dust. Some one turned in an alarm of fire, and a few minutes later Hook and Ladder Company 24 arrived.

The firemen found the remaining laborers digging away at the ruins for the last of the three men, and the two others lying bruised and dazed on the sidewalk.

Policeman Cohen sent in a call for the reserves of the West Thirtieth Street Station, and for an ambulance from the New York Hospital. The ambulance surgeon arrived just as the laborers and the firemen were dragging the third man out of the débris. He was Denis O'Neil, living at 116th Street and Third Avenue. He was badly bruised about the head and body, and was taken to the hospital. The other laborers, Murtha Shea of 363 Madison Avenue, and Giuseppe Sombuta of 330 Delancey Street, escaped with minor bruises and shock.

AMMONIA FUMES FILL DELMONICO'S

Rise from a Leak in Sub-cellar and Empty the Restaurant at the Breakfast Hour.

MAID FALLS UNCONSCIOUS

Fireman Also Overcome—Others, Protected by Oxygen Helmets, Close the Leak.

A leaky joint in the pipe connecting the ammonia tank with the refrigerating plant of Delmonico's, Fifth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street, let stifling fumes escape at 8 o'clock yesterday morning, just as the patrons of the restaurant were gathering for breakfast. So quickly did the fumes spread that Gussie Nichols, one of the maids, was overcome while running up to the third floor to warn some of the night employes who were sleeping there. Half a dozen of the night workers who had been aroused by the fumes carried the unconscious girl across the street, where she was revived by Dr. Baer of Flower Hospital.

Meantime Thomas Maloney, the assistant engineer of the restaurant, had tried to go down to the sub-cellar to repair the leak, and had been driven back by the fumes.

"Get the firemen," he shouted to Manager Taupier of the restaurant. Mr. Taupier telephoned to Fire Headquarters and the members of Truck 2, at Lexington Avenue and Fiftieth Street, responded. The elevator boys, by covering their faces with wet napkins, managed to keep their cars running till all the guests and servants were safely out on the street.

The ammonia fumes by this time were rising from the sub-cellar in a cloud and were pervading the whole neighborhood. The early morning Fifth Avenue crowd stopped at a safe distance to see how the firemen would handle the situation.

They saw the firemen strap an oxygen helmet over the head of Fireman Klausman. Then Lieut. Rau and Fireman Hoffman took Klausman by the hand, and all three darted down the stairs into the restaurant cellar. The hiss of the escaping ammonia was so loud by this time that it could be heard plainly out in the street. The fumes were so strong that Lieut. Rau fell at the bottom of the first flight of stairs and Hoffman had to carry him out again. Klausman, being protected by the hood, went down into the sub-cellar, but being unfamiliar with the piping, couldn't find the leak. He returned to the street and waited until another helmet could be brought from Truck 4. When this arrived Fireman Lennon put it on, and with Hoffman went down into the sub-cellar, taking sawdust bags which they had found in the restaurant and which they had saturated with water. They placed these wet bags over the leak and checked the escape of the fumes. Other firemen, with sponges over their faces, joined them, but were unable to stop the leak and had to summon the engineer of the Harriman Bank across the street. He succeeded in tightening up the connection between the pipe and the tank so that the fumes ceased to escape. The restaurant then resumed operations. The battle with the ammonia had lasted two hours and a half.

The ammonia fumes had struck Lieut. Rau's lungs with such a shock that he was taken home in a serious condition.

WIRELESS DEFENSE ATTACKED

Government Forces Admissions from One of the Defendants.

Further setbacks came to the defense in the trial of Col. C. C. Wilson and four other officers of the United Wireless Telegraph Company before Judge Martin in the United States Circuit Court yesterday, on a charge of using the mails in a scheme to defraud. The cross-examination of Floyd Marshall, Secretary of the United Wireless Company, who was called as a witness for the defense, brought out that the United Wireless Company's station at Washington was in "interference" with the Government's Navy Yard station in Washington during the blizzard that accompanied the inauguration of President Taft, when an attempt was made to send from the Government's apparatus some reports of the ceremonies.

"Was not the interference by the United Wireless station designed to interfere with the Navy Yard wireless station, which was engaged in sending reports of President Taft's inauguration out of courtesy to the Washington correspondents?" asked the Assistant United States Attorney.

"No," the witness replied.

"But it had that effect?"

"I don't know" said Marshall.

William W. Tompkins, one of the defendants, testified that the profits of the United Wireless selling agency were not so large as had been supposed. The Assistant United States Attorney asked him, among other things:

"Didn't you write a letter to Abe White, the former President of the company, saying that the defendant, Parker, would be run out of Seattle, and that the defendant, Wilson's agent, would be run out of town because of their misrepresentations in selling stock?"

The witness hesitated for a time, and then said he thought he might have written such a letter.

The case will continue to-day.

BOY OF 6 STABS PLAYMATE.

Wouldn't Stand for Being Tormented by a Big Lad of 9.

Frank La Cacian, 6 years old, of 284 Elizabeth Street and Frank Manazzaro, 9, of 70 East Houston Street were playing on Mulberry Street last night when they quarreled over a wagon the younger Frank was dragging behind him in the gutter. When the bigger Frank got too bothersome the little one drew a knife and stabbed his tormenter in the back.

When he had plunged the knife as deep as it would go, little Frank ran away, and the detectives of the Mulberry Street Station found him at his home and took him to Police Headquarters. Later he was taken to the Children's Society. He told the detectives that big Frank had no business annoying him. The wounded boy is seriously hurt.

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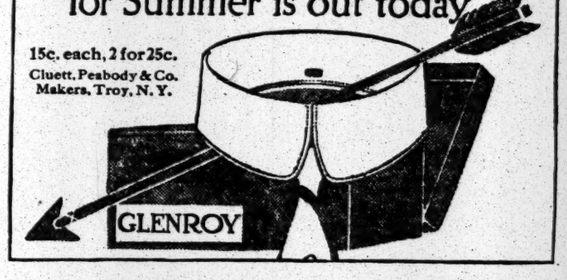

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Next Sunday's Times

Twenty Years in the Enemy's Camp
A Russian revolutionist served in the Secret Police for two decades so as to learn its secrets—learned them, became a high official, and now reveals them.

Richard Wagner's Autobiography
His secret life of himself, which he was so anxious to keep from the world that he permitted only twelve copies of it to be made and bound the recipients to leave them by will to the survivors.

Garibaldi, Picturesque Soldier of Fortune
Grandson of the Italian Liberator, one of the vigorous heroes of the Mexican uprising tells of his life.

John Hays Hammond Talks of Success
Opportunities for young men as good as twenty-five years ago, but men themselves must be more able.

German Crusade Against Foreign Legion
Rush of Kaiser's soldiers into the famous French corps frightens the Fatherland into a vigorous campaign against them.

Pictorial Section:

The Capture of Juarez.
Women baseball players—members of the Society Country Club at Belfield.
Spring Festival of the Ethical Culture School.
State opening of the Festival of Empire by the English King and Queen.
Spring Exhibition of the Royal Academy.
The first May Day Parties in Central Park.
An Indian Princess in Paris.
Princess Juliana, the heir to the Dutch throne.

Be Sure to Order Early Next Sunday's Times